

## Quantum field theory

### Exercises 15.

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- **Exercise 15.1.**

Analogously to the  $\pi^+ \rightarrow l^+ \nu_l$  decay calculate the width of the  $K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e$  and  $K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu$  decay width. Explain the different factors. Compare the ratio  $\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow \mu^+ \nu_\mu)/\Gamma(K^+ \rightarrow e^+ \nu_e)$  with the experimental data from the Particle Data Group.

- **Exercise 15.2.**

Calculate the decay rate for  $K^0 \rightarrow \pi^- l^+ \nu_l$ . To do this first express the separate matrix element into the electroweak and hadron part. The hadron part has the form

$$\langle \pi^- | \bar{s} \gamma^\mu (1 - \gamma^5) u | K^0 \rangle = f_1(q^2) p^\mu + f_2(q^2) q^\mu ,$$

where  $p^\mu = p_K^\mu + p_\pi^\mu$  and  $q^\mu = p_K^\mu - p_\pi^\mu$ . In the first approximation you may try to set  $f_0 = 0$ ,  $f_1 = 1$ . Calculate the decay width in this approximation.