## Quantum field theory Exercises 10. 2006-03-27

• Exercise 10.1.

Show that under charge conjugation  $\bar{\Psi}\gamma^{\mu}\Psi$  changes sign ( $\Psi$  is the fermionic field operator). • Exercise 10.2.

1. Consider a massive vector field in n + 1 dimensions with the action

$$S = \int d^{n+1}x \left( -\frac{1}{4} F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu} + \frac{m^2}{2} A_{\mu} A^{\mu} \right) , \qquad (\mu, \nu = 0, \dots, n) .$$

Find the equations of motion and give the general solution for n = 1, 2, 3. How many degrees of freedom has this model?

2. Construct the polarization fourvectors  $\varepsilon_{\mu}^{l}(k)$ , l = 1, 2, 3 for the massive vector field in 3+1 dimensions

$$A_{\mu}(x) = \int \frac{d^{3}\mathbf{k}}{(2\pi)^{3}2k_{0}} \sum_{l=1}^{3} \varepsilon_{\mu}^{l}(k) \left[ a_{\mathbf{k},l} \mathrm{e}^{ikx} + a_{\mathbf{k},l}^{\dagger} \mathrm{e}^{-ikx} \right]$$

so that

$$k^{\mu} \varepsilon^{l}_{\mu}(k) = 0$$

and they satisfy the orthonormality relation

$$\varepsilon^l_{\mu}(k\varepsilon)^{n\mu}(k) = -\delta^{ln}$$

and completeness relation

$$-\sum_{l=1}^{3}\varepsilon_{\mu}^{l}(k)\varepsilon_{\nu}^{l}(k)=g_{\mu\nu}-\frac{k_{\mu}k_{\nu}}{m^{2}}.$$

## • Exercise 10.3.

Check the following relations

- 1. [AB,C] = [A,C]B + A[B,C] (for some operators A, B, C)
- 2.  $[a^{\dagger}a, a] = -a$
- 3.  $[a^{\dagger}a, a^{\dagger}] = a^{\dagger}$

## • Exercise 10.4.

One defines a function of an operator using the Taylor series expansion:

$$f(\hat{a}) = f(0) + f'(0)\hat{a} + \frac{1}{2}f''(0)\hat{a}^2 + \dots$$

Find the following commutators:

- 1.  $[\hat{a}^{\dagger}, f(\hat{a})]$
- 2.  $[\hat{a}, f(\hat{a}^{\dagger})]$