

### Wick 3

We want to show that

$$\begin{aligned} & : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : = \\ & : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + \sum_{a,b} : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \underbrace{\phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : , \end{aligned} \quad (1)$$

where the sum runs over all the contractions (meaning also multiple contractions) between some  $\phi_a$ 's and some  $\phi_b$ 's (note that no contractions between  $\phi_a$ 's and  $\phi_a$ 's or  $\phi_b$ 's and  $\phi_b$ 's appear).

Let's show this by induction.

We consider as the step 0 the one in which  $n = m = 1$  (for either  $n = 0$  or  $m = 0$  the statement is trivially true):

$$: \phi_a :: \phi_b : = \phi_a^+ \phi_b^+ + \phi_a^+ \phi_b^- + \phi_a^- \phi_b^+ + \phi_a^- \phi_b^- = : \phi_a \phi_b : + : \underbrace{\phi_a \phi_b} : .$$

We recall the following properties

$$\begin{aligned} \phi_a^+ \phi_b &= 0, \\ \phi_a^- \phi_b &= \phi_a \phi_b. \end{aligned}$$

To complete the proof, we now suppose the theorem to hold for  $n-1+m$  fields, and want to induce its validity for  $n+m$ . So we take as true

$$\begin{aligned} & : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : = \\ & : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + \sum_{a>1,b} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \underbrace{\phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : . \end{aligned}$$

Now

$$\begin{aligned} : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : &= \phi_{a_1}^+ : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} : \phi_{a_1}^- : \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \\ &= \phi_{a_1}^+ : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \phi_{a_1}^- + \\ &\quad \sum_{a_1, b_i} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \underbrace{\phi_{a_1} \phi_{b_i}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : . \end{aligned}$$

Using the relation for  $n+m$  fields one rewrites this as

$$\begin{aligned} : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : &= \phi_{a_1}^+ : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + \sum_{a>1,b} \phi_{a_1}^+ : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \underbrace{\phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + \\ & : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \phi_{a_1}^- + \sum_{a>1,b} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \underbrace{\phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \phi_{a_1}^- + \\ & \sum_{a_1, b_i} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \underbrace{\phi_{a_1} \phi_{b_i}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \end{aligned}$$

The fifth term can be split in two contributions:

$$\sum_{a_1, b_i} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_1}_{b_i}} \phi_{b_i} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : =$$

$$\sum_{a_1, b_i} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_1}_{b_i}} \phi_{b_i} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + \sum_{a_1, b_i} \sum_{a > 1, b} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_1}_{b_i}} \phi_{b_i} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : ,$$

so that the overall expression is

$$: \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{a_n} :: \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : = \phi_{a_1}^+ : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : + \sum_{a > 1, b} \phi_{a_1}^+ : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : +$$

$$: \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \phi_{a_1}^- + \sum_{a > 1, b} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : \phi_{a_1}^- +$$

$$\sum_{a_1, b_i} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{a_n} \phi_{b_1} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_1}_{b_i}} \phi_{b_i} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : +$$

$$\sum_{a_1, b_i} \sum_{a > 1, b} : \phi_{a_2} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_1}_{b_i}} \phi_{b_i} \cdots \phi_{b_m} : .$$

The sum of the first and the third term is  $: \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{b_n} :$ . The sum of the second and fourth term is  $\sum_{a, b} : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} :$ , where  $a_1$  is not involved. The sum of the last two terms is  $\sum_{a, b} : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} :$ , where  $a_1$  is involved. Thus the sum of the second, fourth, fifth and sixth term is  $\sum_{a, b} : \phi_{a_1} \cdots \phi_{\underbrace{a_n}_{b_1}} \cdots \phi_{b_m} :$  as defined in equation (1).

Since step 0 is true and step  $n - 1 + m$  implies step  $n + m$ , then the induction is complete, and the theorem (1) is proved.