

# Plan d'études

# Master en Cybersécurité

# 2023-2024

arrêté par la vice-présidence académique de l'EPFL le 15 juin 2023

Directeur de section	Prof. K. Aberer
Adjointe du directeur de section	Mme E. Hazboun
Coordinatrice des stages en entreprise	Mme P. Genet
Spécialiste administrative	Mme J. Locatelli

Aux cycles bachelor et master, selon les besoins pédagogiques, les heures d'exercices mentionnées dans le plan d'études pourront être intégrées dans les heures de cours ; les scolarités indiquées représentent les nombres moyens d'heures de cours et d'exercices hebdomadaires sur le semestre

# 2023-2024 INFORMATIQUE - CYBERSÉCURITÉ - Obligatoire

Code	Matières	Enseignants	Sections	depth	Semestres						Crédits	Période	Туре
		sous réserve		requiremen		MA	1		MA	2		des	examen *
		de modification		t**	c	e	р	c	e	р		épreuves *	
	Groupe "breadth requirement et depth requireme	ent and ontions"									72		
	Groupe breaden requirement et depen requirement												
	Groupe 1 "breadth requirement"										min. 32		
CS-450	Algorithms II	Svensson	IN		4	2					8	Н	écrit
CS-470	Advanced computer architecture	Ienne	IN					3		2	8	Е	écrit
CS-523	Advanced topics on privacy enhancing technologies	Troncoso	IN	х				3	1	2	8	Е	écrit
COM-401	Cryptography and security	Vaudenay	SC	х	4	2					8	Н	écrit
CS-438	Decentralized systems engineering	Borso	IN		2	2	2				8	Н	oral
CS-451	Distributed algorithms	Guerraoui	SC		2	1	3				8	Н	écrit
COM-402	Information security and privacy	Payer	IN	x	3	1	2				8	Н	écrit
CS-433	Machine learning	Jaggi/Flammarion	IN		4	2					8	Н	écrit
CS-460	Systems for data management and data science	Ailamaki/Kermarrec	IN					2	2	2	8	Е	écrit
COM-407	TCP/IP networking	Nikolopoulos	SC		2	2	2				8	Н	écrit
ETHZ	ETHZ courses counting as breadth requirement												
	Groupe 2 "depth requirement and options"	(la somme des crédits des de 72 crédits :	01										
	Bloc "Projet et SHS" :										18		
CS-496	Research project in Cyber security	Divers enseignants	IN		←	r	1	12	r	<b>→</b>	12	sem A ou P	
HUM-nnn	SHS : introduction au projet	Divers enseignants	SHS		2		1				3	sem A	
HUM-nnn	SHS : projet	Divers enseignants	SHS							3	3	sem P	
	Total des crédits du cycle master :						-				90		

#### Remarque :

\* Cf. l'art. 3 de l'Ordonnance sur le contrôle des études à l'EPFL

\*\* Cf. à l'art. 7 al. 1 du règlement d'application

# Stage d'ingénieur :

Voir les modalités dans le règlement d'application

# 2023-2024 INFORMATIQUE - CYBERSÉCURITÉ - Options

# **Cycle Master**

CS-500         AI produ           CS-500         AI produ           CS-420         Advance           CS-440         Advance           CS-410         Advance           CS-411         Advance           CS-411         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-412         Applied           CS-401         Applied           CS-456         Artificia           EE-554         Automat           MGT-416         Causal in           MATH-352         Causal in           MATH-352         Causal in           NX-465         Compute           CS-524         Compute           CS-413         Compute           CS-442         Compute           CS-443         Data visi           EE-559         Deep lea           CS-476         Embedd           DH-415         Ethics ar           CS-450         Formal v           CS-450         Forudat	appe 2 "depth requirement and options"         roduct management         need compiler construction         need computer graphics         need computer graphics         need ryptography         need multiprocessor architecture         need probability and applications         ied biomedical signal processing         ied biomedical signal processing         ied biostatistics         ied data analysis         ficial neural networks/reinforcement learning         matic speech processing         speech processing         sp of mobile robotics         al inference         putational complexity         putational neuroscience : neural dynamics         putational neuroscience : neural dynamics         putational photography         puter vision         surrent computing         visualization         o learning         gn technologies for integrated systems         al education         ibuted information systems         ibuted intelligent systems         ibuted intelligent systems         ibuted intelligent systems         ibuted systems design         es and law of AI         rinence design         al verification	sous réserve de modification Kaboli/Zamir Schinz Jakob Vaudenay Falsafi Shkel Lemay Goldstein West Gerstner Magimai Doss Mondada Kiyavash Stensrud Zufferey Sokolov Gerstner Süsstrunk Fua Guerraoui Vuillon Cavallaro De Micheli Dillenbourg/Jermann Aberer Martinoli Thiran P. Kluter Rochel Huang Kuncak	IN IN SC IN SC EL MA IN EL MT EL MT EL MT SV SV SC IN SV SV SC IN SV SC IN SC SC IN SC IN SC IN SC IN SC IN SC IN SC IN SC IN SC IN IN SC IN IN SC IN IN SC SC IN SC SC IN SC SC SC IN SC SC IN SC SC IN SC SC SC SC SC SC SC SC SC SC SC SC SC	depth requirement**	c           c           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           2           3           2           3           2           3           2           3           2	e       e       2       1       2       1       2       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1       1	P 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	c 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	6 6 6 8 4 5 8 6 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 4 6 5 6 6 6		des           épreuves           épreuves           sem A           sem P           des MA           E           sem A           des MA           des MA <th>Type examen*</th> <th>biennaux donnés en</th>	Type examen*	biennaux donnés en
CS-500         AI produ           CS-500         AI produ           CS-420         Advance           CS-440         Advance           CS-410         Advance           CS-411         Advance           CS-411         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-412         Applied           MATH-493         Applied           CS-401         Applied           CS-456         Artificia           EE-554         Automat           MICRO-452         Basics on           MGT-416         Causal in           MATH-352         Causal in           MATH-352         Causal in           NX-465         Compute           CS-413         Compute           CS-442         Compute           CS-413         Compute           CS-411         Digital e           CS-423         Distribut           CM-466         Distribut           CS-450         Formal v           CS-451         Foundati           CS-452         <	roduct management inced compiler construction inced computer graphics inced cryptography inced multiprocessor architecture inced probability and applications ied biomedical signal processing ied data analysis ied ata analysis ieial neural networks/reinforcement learning matic speech processing is of mobile robotics al inference (pas donné en 2023-2024) al thinking ular biology and biochemistry for engineers putational complexity putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational photography puter vision turrent computing visualization learning in technologies for integrated systems al education ibuted information systems ibuted intelligent system heory for engineers (pas donné en 2023-2024) edded systems design is and law of AI rience design al verification	Kaboli/Zamir         Schinz         Jakob         Vaudenay         Falsafi         Shkel         Lemay         Goldstein         West         Gerstner         Magimai Doss         Mondada         Kiyavash         Stensrud         Zufferey         Sokolov         Gerstner         Süsstrunk         Fua         Guerraoui         Vuillon         Cavallaro         De Micheli         Dillenbourg/Jermann         Aberer         Martinoli         Thiran P.         Kluter         Rochel         Huang         Kuncak	IN SC SC EL MA IN EL MT MTE MT MTE MA SV SV SV SC IN SC SC EL IN IN SC SC IN SC SC EL IN		2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	6           6           6           8           4           5           8           6           3           4           4           5           6           5           6           5           6           5           6           5           6		sem A sem P E Sem A E H Sem P H H Sem P H H H H H Sem P	écrit     écrit	
CS-500         AI produ           CS-500         AI produ           CS-420         Advance           CS-440         Advance           CS-410         Advance           CS-411         Advance           CS-411         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-471         Advance           CS-412         Applied           MATH-493         Applied           CS-401         Applied           CS-456         Artificia           EE-554         Automat           MICRO-452         Basics on           MGT-416         Causal in           MATH-352         Causal in           MATH-352         Causal in           NX-465         Compute           CS-413         Compute           CS-442         Compute           CS-413         Compute           CS-411         Digital e           CS-423         Distribut           CM-466         Distribut           CS-450         Formal v           CS-451         Foundati           CS-452         <	roduct management inced compiler construction inced computer graphics inced cryptography inced multiprocessor architecture inced probability and applications ied biomedical signal processing ied data analysis ied ata analysis ieial neural networks/reinforcement learning matic speech processing is of mobile robotics al inference (pas donné en 2023-2024) al thinking ular biology and biochemistry for engineers putational complexity putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational photography puter vision turrent computing visualization learning in technologies for integrated systems al education ibuted information systems ibuted intelligent system heory for engineers (pas donné en 2023-2024) edded systems design is and law of AI rience design al verification	Schinz Jakob Vaudenay Falsafi Shkel Lemay Goldstein West Gerstner Magimai Doss Mondada Kiyavash Stensrud Zufferey Sokolov Gerstner Süsstrunk Fua Guerraoui Vuilon Cavallaro De Micheli Dillenbourg/Jermann Aberer Martinoli Thiran P. Kluter Rochel Huang Kuncak	IN SC SC EL MA IN EL MT MTE MT MTE MA SV SV SV SC IN SC SC EL IN IN SC SC IN SC SC EL IN	X	4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 2		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		6           6           6           8           4           5           8           6           3           4           4           5           6           5           6           5           6           5           6           5           6		sem P sem A E H H E H H Sem P H H H H H H H H E E Sem P	écrit     écrit	2024-2025
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CS-401AppliedCS-456ArtificiaEE-554AutomatMICRO-452Basics orMGT-416Causal itBIO-105CellularCS-524ComputaNX-465ComputaCS-413ComputaCS-414ComputaCS-415ComputaCS-417ComputaCS-418ComputaCS-419Data visaEE-559Deep leaCS-411Digital eCS-412DynamicCS-413ComputaCS-411Digital eCS-412DynamicCS-450Formal vCS-451Ethics arCS-452FoundatiCS-452FoundatiCS-452FoundatiCS-451Image prMICRO-512Image prMICRO-511InformatCS-486IntreducCS-430IntelligerCS-431IntroducCS-526LearningCS-421MachineMGT-427MangerCOM-516Markov	ied data analysis icial neural networks/reinforcement learning matic speech processing ss of mobile robotics al inference (pas donné en 2023-2024) al thinking illar biology and biochemistry for engineers putational complexity putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational photography puter vision surrent computing visualization learning gn technologies for integrated systems al education ibuted information systems ibuted information systems ibuted information systems ibuted intelligent systems (pas donné en 2023-2024) micial system theory for engineers (pas donné en 2023-2024) edded systems design es and law of AI rience design al verification	West Gerstner Magimai Doss Mondada Kiyavash Stensrud Zufferey Sokolov Gerstner Süsstrunk Fua Guerraoui Vuillon Cavallaro De Micheli Dillenbourg/Jermann Aberer Martinoli Thiran P. Kluter Rochel Huang Kuncak	IN IN EL MT MTE MA SV IN SV SC IN SC EL IN IN SC SIE SC IN CDH		2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 2		2	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2	2	8 6 3 4 4 5 4 6 5 6		H E H H Sem P H H H E Sem P	écrit écrit écrit écrit écrit écrit	2024-2025
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MICRO-452Basics of MGT-416MGT-416Causal itMATH-352Causal itBIO-105CellularCS-524ComputeCS-525ComputeCS-413ComputeCS-445ComputeCS-445ComputeCS-447Design toCS-472Design toCS-474DistributCS-476EmbeddeDH-415Ethics arCS-459FoundatiCS-450Formal vCS-451Image prCS-452FoundatiCS-451InformatCS-452FoundatiCS-451InductriaCS-452FoundatiCS-451InductriaCS-452FoundatiCS-453IntroducCS-464InformatCS-476EnbeddeDH-415Ethics arCS-450Formal vCS-451Image prMICRO-512Image prCS-430IntelligerCS-431IntroducCS-526LearningCS-421MachineMGT-427ManagerCOM-516Markov	es of mobile robotics al inference (pas donné en 2023-2024) al thinking ular biology and biochemistry for engineers putational complexity putational neuroscience : neural dynamics putational photography puter vision current computing visualization b learning gn technologies for integrated systems al education ibuted information systems ibuted information systems ibuted infelligent systems (pas donné en 2023-2024) edded systems design es and law of AI rience design al verification	Mondada Kiyavash Stensrud Zufferey Sokolov Gerstner Süsstrunk Fua Guerraoui Vuillon Cavallaro De Micheli Dillenbourg/Jermann Aberer Martinoli Thiran P. Kluter Rochel Huang Kuncak	MT MTE MA SV IN SV SC IN SC EL IN IN SC SIE SC IN CDH		2 2 2 3 3 2 2 3 2 2		2	2 2 2 2 2	2	2	4 4 5 4 6 5 6		H sem P H H H E sem P	écrit écrit écrit écrit	2024-2025
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CS-423     Distribut       ENG-466     Distribut       COM-502     Dynamic       CS-476     Embedded       DH-415     Ethics ar       CS-476     Embedded       DH-415     Ethics ar       CS-476     Formal N       CS-489     Experient       CS-550     Formal N       CS-459     Foundati       CS-459     Foundati       CS-451     Image pr       MICRO-512     Image pr       CS-487     Industria       COM-404     Informat       CS-491     Introduc       CS-430     Intelliger       CS-431     Introduc       CS-526     Learning       CS-421     Machine       MGT-427     Maager       COM-516     Markov	ibuted information systems ibuted intelligent systems (pas donné en 2023-2024) unical system theory for engineers (pas donné en 2023-2024) edded systems design es and law of AI rrience design al verification	Aberer Martinoli Thiran P. Kluter Rochel Huang Kuncak	SC SIE SC IN CDH		_	1			1		6		sem A	sans retrait	
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MICRO-511         Image pr           MICRO-512         Image pr           CS-487         Industria           COM-404         Informat           CS-491         Introduc           COM-406         Foundati           CS-491         Introduc           CS-430         Intelliger           CS-486         Interaction           CS-526         Learning           CS-421         Machine           MGT-427         Manager           COM-516         Markov	dations of software	Doeraene	IN		2	2			_		6		Н	écrit	
MICRO-512         Image pr           CS-487         Industria           COM-404         Informat           CS-491         Introduc           COM-406         Foundati           CS-430         Intelliger           CS-431         Introduc           CS-526         Learning           CS-421         Machine           MGT-427         Manager           COM-516         Markov	el and recursivity	Duparc	MA		2	2			_	_	5		Н	écrit	
CS-487         Industria           COM-404         Informat           CS-491         Introduc           CS-491         Introduc           COM-406         Foundati           CS-430         Intellige           CS-430         Intellige           CS-431         Introduc           CS-526         Learning           CS-421         Machine           MGT-427         Manager           COM-516         Markov	e processing I	Unser/Van De Ville	MT		3			2	_	_	3		Н	écrit	
COM-404         Informat           CS-491         Introduc           COM-406         Foundati           CS-430         Intelliger           CS-430         Intelliger           CS-431         Introduc           CS-526         Learning           CS-421         Machine           MGT-427         Manager           COM-516         Markov	e processing II	Unser/Van de Ville/Liebling/S	MT SC		_			3	-+	1	3		E	écrit	
CS-491     Introduc       COM-406     Foundati       CS-430     Intelliger       CS-486     Interaction       CS-431     Introduc       CS-526     Learning       CS-421     Machine       MGT-427     Manager       COM-516     Markov	strial automation mation theory and coding	Tournier/Sommer Telatar	SC		4	2		2	+	1	8		Н	oral écrit	
COM-406FoundatiCS-430IntelligerCS-486InteractionCS-431IntroduceCS-526LearningCS-421MachineMGT-427ManagerCOM-516Markov	duction to IT consulting	Regev	SC		6	2			+		6		Н	oral	
CS-430         Intelliger           CS-486         Interaction           CS-481         Introduct           CS-526         Learning           CS-421         Machine           MGT-427         Manager           COM-516         Markov	dations of Data Science	Gastpar/Urbanke	SC		4	2			+		8		Н	écrit	
CS-486 Interaction CS-431 Introduce CS-526 Learning CS-421 Machine MGT-427 Manager COM-516 Markov	ligent agents	Faltings	IN		3				-		6		sem A		
CS-431IntroducCS-526LearningCS-421MachineMGT-427ManagerCOM-516Markov	action design	Pu	IN					2	1	1	6		sem P		
CS-421 Machine MGT-427 Manager COM-516 Markov	duction to natural language processing	Rajman/Chappelier/Bosselut	IN		2	2					6		Н	écrit	
MGT-427 Manager COM-516 Markov	ning theory	Macris	SC					2	2		6		Е	écrit	
COM-516 Markov	hine learning for behavioral data (pas donné en 2023-2024)	Käser	IN					2		2	6		Е	écrit	2024-2025
	agement de projet et analyse du risque	Wieser	MTE		2	1			+		4		sem A	sans retrait	
COM-514 Mathema	tov chains and algorithmic applications	Lévêque/Macris	SC		2	1	1				6		Н	écrit	2025-2026
	nematical foundations of signal processing (pas donné en 2023-2024)	Fageot	SC		3	2					6		Н	écrit	
COM-405 Mobile r	ile networks (pas donné en 2023-2024)	Al Hassanieh	SC	х				3	2		8		Е	écrit	
COM-430 Modern	ern digital communications: a hands-on approach	Chiurtu	SC		2		2				8		sem A		
COM-512 Network	vorks out of control	Thiran P./ Grossglauser	SC					2	1		6		Е	écrit	2023-2024
MATH-489 Number	ber theory II.c - Cryptography	Jetchev	MA	x					2		5		Е	écrit	
	mization for machine learning	Jaggi/Flammarion	IN		1			2	2	1	8		Е	écrit	
-	onal research project in computer science II	Divers enseignants	IN		2				$\downarrow$		8		sem A ou P		
	tiples of computer systems	Argyraki/Candea	SC/IN		4	$\left  \right $			+	_	8		sem A	écrit	
EE-593 Social m		Gillet/Cardia	EL		-		-	1		1	2	60	sem P	sans retrait	
-	vare security	Payer	IN	x			-	3	2	1	6		sem P		
-		Krzakal/Zdeborovà	PH		2	2	-	-	_	-	4		Н	écrit	
	stical physics of computation	Ridolfi Vaudenav	SC	~	+			3	2	+	8		E sem P	écrit	
	stical signal and data processing through applications	Vaudenay Kapralov	SC IN	x	2	1	-	2	+	+			sem P		2025 2026
	stical signal and data processing through applications ent seminar: security protocols and applications***	UN ADDIVION	IN IN		2	1	2	+	+	+	6		sem P		2025-2026
	stical signal and data processing through applications ent seminar: security protocols and applications*** inear algorithms for big data analysis (pas donné en 2023-2024)	-	LIN .	1	12	1	2	_	+				sem A		
	stical signal and data processing through applications ent seminar: security protocols and applications*** inear algorithms for big data analysis (pas donné en 2023-2024) em programming for Systems-on-Chip	Kluter			1	1		- I.		I	- 2		sem A		2024-2025
	stical signal and data processing through applications ent seminar: security protocols and applications*** inear algorithms for big data analysis (pas donné en 2023-2024) em programming for Systems-on-Chip es in software security***	Kluter Payer	IN	x	1	1	+		+		3		sem A		
	stical signal and data processing through applications ent seminar: security protocols and applications*** inear algorithms for big data analysis (pas donné en 2023-2024) em programming for Systems-on-Chip es in software security*** es in theoretical computer science (pas donné en 2023-2024)	Kluter Payer Kapralov	IN IN	x	1			2			6		sem D		2024-2025
ETHZ ETHZ CO	stical signal and data processing through applications ent seminar: security protocols and applications*** inear algorithms for big data analysis (pas donné en 2023-2024) em programming for Systems-on-Chip es in software security***	Kluter Payer	IN	X	_			2	1				sem P		2024-2025

#### Remarque :

\* Cf. l'art. 3 de l'Ordonnance sur le contrôle des études à l'EPFL \*\* sans retrait = pas de retrait possible après le délai d'inscription \*\*\* Cf. à l'art. 7 al. 4 du règlement d'application

# **RÈGLEMENT D'APPLICATION DU CONTRÔLE DES ÉTUDES DE LA SECTION D'INFORMATIQUE POUR LE MASTER EN INFORMATIQUE – CYBERSÉCURITÉ**

#### Année académique 2023-2024

#### du 15 juin 2023

La Vice-présidence académique,

vu l'ordonnance sur la formation menant au bachelor et au master de l'EPFL du 14 juin 2004,

vu l'ordonnance sur le contrôle des études menant au bachelor et au master à l'EPFL du 30 juin 2015,

vu le plan d'études de la section d'informatique pour le master en Informatique – Cybersécurité,

arrête:

#### Art. 1 - Champ d'application

Le présent règlement fixe les règles d'application du contrôle des études de master en Informatique - Cybersécurité pour l'année académique 2023-2024.

# Art. 2 – Étapes de formation

Le master en Informatique - Cybersécurité est composé de deux étapes successives de formation :

- le cycle master d'une durée de 3 semestres dont la réussite implique l'acquisition de 90 crédits, condition pour effectuer le projet de master.

- le projet de master, d'une durée de 17 ou 25 semaines, dont la réussite se traduit par l'acquisition de 30 crédits.

# Art. 3 – Sessions d'examen

1 Les branches d'examen sont examinées pendant les sessions d'hiver ou d'été (mention H ou E dans le plan d'études).

2 Les branches de semestre sont examinées pendant le semestre d'automne ou le semestre de printemps (mention sem A ou sem P).

3 Pour les branches de session, l'examen indiqué pour la session peut être complété par des contrôles de connaissances durant le semestre, selon indications de la personne enseignante.

## Art. 4 – Prérequis

Certains enseignements peuvent exiger des prérequis qui sont mentionnés dans la fiche de cours concerné. Le cours prérequis est validé si les crédits correspondants ont été acquis pour le cours ou par moyenne du bloc.

## Art. 5 - Conditions d'admission

1 Les titulaires du Bachelor EPFL en Informatique ou en Systèmes de communication, et les titulaires du Bachelor ETHZ en Informatique, sont admis automatiquement.

2 Pour les autres titulaires, l'admission s'effectue sur dossier.

3 Une candidate ou un candidat refusé à l'ETHZ ne peut pas être admis à l'EPFL.

#### Art. 6 - Organisation du programme

1 Les étudiantes et les étudiants ayant débuté leur cycle master avant l'automne 2023 restent soumis aux plan et règlement d'études initiaux.

2 Les enseignements sont dispensés par l'EPFL et l'ETHZ. Le premier semestre du cycle master se déroule à l'EPFL et un des autres semestres se déroule à l'ETHZ. Durant le semestre passé à l'ETHZ, l'étudiante ou l'étudiant doit obtenir entre 20 et 35 ECTS parmi une liste de cours ETHZ établie par la section d'Informatique. Les crédits acquis sont validés par la section d'informatique.

3 L'étudiante ou l'étudiant n'ayant pas acquis au moins 20 crédits selon l'alinéa 2, devra se réinscrire à des cours ETHZ et valider les crédits manquant avant la fin de son cycle master.

4 L'étudiante ou l'étudiant ayant acquis son bachelor à l'EPFL peut se réinscrire au programme de master du domaine du bachelor, en cas d'échec dans l'acquisition des crédits à l'ETHZ.

#### Art. 7 – Organisation du cycle mster

1 Les enseignements du cycle master sont répartis en deux groupes et un bloc :

- le groupe 1 « breadth requirement » est composé des cours de la liste du groupe 1 du plan d'études ;

- le groupe 2 « depth requirement and options » est composé :

- des cours de la liste du groupe 2 du plan d'études ;
- des crédits surnuméraires acquis dans le groupe 1 ;
- d'un projet de recherche optionnel de 8 crédits ;
- de cours hors plan d'études suivant l'alinéa 5.

2 Le bloc « Projets et SHS » est composé d'un projet de 12 crédits et de l'enseignement SHS (art. 8).

3 Le projet de recherche du bloc « Projets et SHS » et le projet de recherche optionnel du groupe 2 ne peuvent pas être effectués durant le même semestre.

4 Sur l'ensemble des cours pris à l'EPFL et à l'ETHZ, seuls un cours séminaire et un laboratoire peuvent être comptabilisés comme « depth requirement » 5 Des cours, comptant pour un maximum de 15 crédits au total, peuvent être choisis en dehors de la liste des cours du plan d'études. Le choix de ces cours doit être accepté préalablement par la direction de la section qui peut augmenter le maximum de 15 crédits si la demande est justifiée.

#### Art. 8 - Enseignement SHS

1 L'enseignement SHS du semestre d'automne constitue l'introduction à la réalisation du projet SHS du semestre de printemps.

2 Pour autant qu'il considère que le cursus d'un cas individuel le justifie, le Collège des Humanités peut, d'entente avec l'équipe enseignante, déroger à cette organisation en autorisant que le projet soit réalisé au même semestre que le cours d'introduction ou soit réalisé à un semestre ultérieur.

# Art. 9 - Examen du cycle master

1 Le groupe 1 « breadth requirement » est réussi lorsque **32 crédits** sont acquis.

2 La condition « depth requirement » est remplie lorsque 30 crédits sont acquis dans la liste des cours avalisés « depth requirement ».

3 Le groupe « breadth requirement et depth requirement and options », composé du groupe 1 et du groupe 2 est réussi lorsque **72 crédits** sont acquis.

4 Le bloc « Projets et SHS » est réussi lorsque **18** crédits sont acquis.

#### Art. 10 – Stage d'ingénierie

1 Un stage d'ingénierie doit être effectué dès la fin du 2e semestre et avant le projet de master. Sur demande, la section peut autoriser les titulaires d'un bachelor EPFL en Informatique ou Systèmes de communication, à réaliser le stage plus tôt.

2 Le stage prend l'une des formes suivantes :

- soit un stage d'été de minimum 8 semaines
- soit un stage de minimum 6 mois en entreprise (en statut stage durant un semestre).
- soit un projet de master de 25 semaines en entreprise (art. 11).

3 Effectuer des cours/projet en parallèle au stage n'est pas autorisé.

4 La personne responsable des stages de la section évalue le stage, par l'appréciation « réussi » ou « échoué ». Sa réussite est une condition pour l'admission au projet de master. En cas d'échec, il peut être répété une fois, en règle générale dans une autre entreprise.

5 Il est validé avec les 30 crédits du projet de master.

6 Les modalités d'organisation et les critères de validation du stage font l'objet d'instructions internes à la section.

#### Art. 11 – Projet de master

1 Le projet de master doit être réalisé dans le domaine de la Cybersécurité.

2 Il est placé sous la supervision d'une professeure, ou d'un professeur ou MER, affilié à la section d'Informatique ou de Systèmes de communication.

3 Le projet de master s'étend sur une durée de 17 semaines s'il est effectué à l'EPFL ou de 25 semaines s'il est effectué hors EPFL.

Au nom de l'EPFL

Le vice-président académique, J. S. Hesthaven

Lausanne, 15 juin 2023

# 2023-2024 INFORMATIQUE ET COMMUNICATION

#### **Passerelle HES**

Code	Matière	Enseignant•es sous réserve	Section		01	rien	tatior				mest AUT		1	PRI		Crédits	Période des	Type examen
		de modification		А	В	(	с		Е	c	e e	1	c		р		des épreuves	examen
									_									
	Branches de bases :															26		
CS-250	Algorithms I	Svensson	IN										4	2		8	Е	écrit
MATH-203(c)	Analyse III	Basterrechea	МА							2	2					4	Н	écrit
CS-202	Computer systems	Argyraki/Bugnion/ Chappelier	IN										4	4		8	Е	écrit
MATH-232	Probability and statistics	Berthier	MA							4	2					6	Н	écrit
	Branches spécifiques (une orientation A, B, C, D ou E doit être choisie) :															31 à 35		
MATH-310	Algebra	Lachowska	МА	А			Б			2	2					4	Н	écrit
MATH-207(d)	Analyse IV	Basterrechea	МА		В		E		E				2	2		4	Е	écrit
CS-200	Computer architecture	Khunjush	IN	А		C	2			4	4					8	Н	écrit
COM-301	Computer security and privacy	Troncoso	IN	А	В	C	2			2	2					4	Н	écrit
CS-300	Data-Intensive systems	Ailamaki/Kashyap	IN	А	В	C	2						2	1	2	6	Е	écrit
PHYS-114	General physics : electromagnetism	Shchutska	РН			C	СЕ		E	2	2					4	Н	écrit
COM-308	Internet analytics	Grossglauser	SC		В								2	1	2	6	Е	écrit
CS-233	Introduction to machine learning	Fua/Salzmann	IN		В			]	E				2	2	2	6	Е	écrit
COM-300	Modèles stochastiques pour les communications	Thiran P.	SC				Γ		Е	4	2					6	Н	écrit
COM-302	Principles of digital communications	Telatar	SC				Е		Е				4	2		6	Е	écrit
COM-202	Signal processing	Prandoni/Shkel	SC		В		Е		Е	4	2	2				8	Н	écrit
CS-214	Software construction	Kuncak/Odersky/Pit- Claudel	IN	А		C	2			2	2	2				8	Н	écrit
CS-251	Theory of computation	Göös	IN	А		C	2						2	2		4	Е	écrit
	Totaux														1	entre 57 et (	50	

#### Orientations :

A : Cybersecurité

B : Data science

C : Informatique

D : Systèmes de communication

E: Neuro-X

Le choix de l'orientation se fait en concertation avec le directeur de section ou son adjointe en tenant compte du Master visé

Légende :

c : cours e : exercices p : branches pratiques colonnes c/e/p : nb d'heures par semaine l semestre comprend 14 semaines. type examination : voir règlement d'application / : enseignement partagé

#### RÈGLEMENT D'APPLICATION DU CONTRÔLE DES ÉTUDES CONCERNANT LA PASSERELLE HES-EPFL

#### Année académique 2023-2024 du 15 juin 2023

La Vice-présidence académique,

vu l'art. 9 de l'ordonnance du Conseil des hautes écoles sur la coordination de l'enseignement du 29 novembre 2019,

vu l'art. 11 de l'ordonnance concernant l'admission à l'EPFL du 8 mai 1995,

vu l'art. 8 de la directive sur les programmes de master et les mineurs, du 17 octobre 2005,

vu l'ordonnance sur la formation menant au bachelor et au master de l'EPFL du 14 juin 2004,

vu l'ordonnance sur le contrôle des études menant au bachelor et au master à l'EPFL du 30 juin 2015,

arrête :

#### Art. 1 - Passerelle HES-EPFL

1 Le présent règlement fixe les règles spécifiques à l'admission à la formation de master de l'EPFL sur la base d'un titre de bachelor HES (passerelle HES-EPFL ; ci-après la passerelle), pour l'année académique 2023-2024.

Il fixe également les règles d'études de la passerelle.

2 Le titre de bachelor HES avec une moyenne minimale correspondant à la notation de 5.00 de l'EPFL permet l'admission au programme de master EPFL dans la discipline correspondante, avec la condition de réussir la passerelle.

3 La passerelle complète la formation HES par l'acquisition à l'EPFL de 57 à 60 crédits en sciences de base, en ingénierie ou en architecture, suivant le master suivi, suivant le plan d'études de passerelle correspondant à la discipline.

4 Les branches composant la passerelle sont divisées en un bloc de branches de base et un bloc de branches d'approfondissement. Chacun des deux blocs comprend entre 25 et 35 crédits.

5 Aux branches permettant d'acquérir les crédits de la passerelle, peuvent s'ajouter les éventuelles branches prérequises pour les branches du master suivi, conformément à la fiche de cours correspondante.

6 La réussite de la passerelle permet l'admission définitive au programme de master. Elle ne donne lieu à aucun titre.

#### Art. 2 - Inscription anticipée au master

Pour s'inscrire aux branches du programme de master, au moins 30 crédits doivent être acquis dans les branches de la passerelle (branches comptées individuellement).

#### Art. 3 - Conditions de réussite de la passerelle

1 La passerelle est réussie lorsque l'ensemble de ses crédits sont acquis dans un délai de deux ans au maximum. Ces crédits sont acquis par l'obtention d'une moyenne des branches égale ou supérieure à 4,00 pour chacun des deux blocs de la passerelle.

2 L'acquisition de moins de 30 crédits dans les branches de la passerelle (branches prises individuellement) au terme des examens de la première année entraîne un échec définitif.

#### Art. 4 - Règles applicables en deuxième année

1 La personne qui doit acquérir des crédits manquants sur une deuxième année demeure soumise au règlement et au plan d'études de passerelle qui se rapporte à sa première année (année d'admission à la passerelle).

2 La répétition d'une branche se déroule conformément aux règles de la branche pour l'année de la répétition.

#### Art. 5 - Période des cours et épreuves

- 1 Les cours de la passerelle débutent avec le semestre d'automne. L'entrée en cours d'année est exclue.
- 2 Conformément aux règles de l'EPFL,
- les branches de session sont examinées aux sessions d'examens d'hiver ou d'été correspondantes avec d'éventuelles épreuves de semestre (mention H ou E dans le plan d'études),
- les branches de semestre sont examinées pendant le semestre correspondant (mention sem A ou sem P dans le plan d'études).

Au nom de l'EPFL

Le Vice-président académique, J. S. Hesthaven

Lausanne, le 15 juin 2023

CS-500	Al product managem	ent				
	Kaboli Amin, Zamir Amir					
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	C	Contact	English
Computer science		MA1, MA3	Opt.		anguage	Linglish
Cybersecurity		MA1, MA3	Opt.		Credits	6
Data Science		MA1, MA3	Opt.		Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL		MA1, MA3	Opt.	E	Exam	During the semester
					Vorkload	180h
				V	Veeks	14
				ŀ	lours	7 weekly
					Lecture	2 weekly
					Exercises	2 weekly
					Practical	3 weekly
					work	
				N	lumber of	
				p	ositions	

# Summary

The course focuses on the development of real-word AI/ML products. It is intended for students who have acquired a theoretical background in AI/ML and are interested in applying that toward developing AI/ML-oriented products.

# Content

Al is set to transform several industry sectors, and there is high demand for Al product managers. Al product management is a complex role that requires an understanding of both Al and product management. This course will enable students to identify opportunities for developing new Al products, understand when they should use Al in an existing product/process, manage the development of Al products, and launch Al products successfully. The lectures will introduce general product management to the students, and the guest lectures, by leading figures in Al industries, explain how the general product management skills are applied to the development of Al products.

# Module 1: Introduction to AI product management

- Why is this needed?
- Product strategy
- · Setting product objectives & identifying opportunities
- Understanding customers and problems

#### Module 2: Product research and scoping

- · Creating and testing hypothesis
- Defining product requirements
- Defining the product roadmap

#### Module 3: Product design and development

- Designing the product
- Developing the product
- Marketing the product
- · Managing teams and team dynamics

#### Module 4: Launch and commercialization of the product

- Managing teams and stakeholders
- Effective communication with stakeholders



- Product launch
- Product performance metrics

Keywords Artificial Intelligence (AI), AI product managers, Innovation

# Learning Prerequisites

# **Required courses**

CS-233 Introduction to machine learning or CS-433 Machinie learning or equivalent course on the basics of machine learning and deep learning

Important concepts to start the course

- Python programming
- Bascis of deep learning and machine learning
- · Basics of probability and statistics

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- and understand opportunities for an AI product or using AI within an existing product
- the development of AI features
- · Launch AI products successfully

# **Transversal skills**

- Demonstrate the capacity for critical thinking
- Evaluate one's own performance in the team, receive and respond appropriately to feedback.
- Communicate effectively, being understood, including across different languages and cultures.
- Set objectives and design an action plan to reach those objectives.
- Chair a meeting to achieve a particular agenda, maximising participation.
- Resolve conflicts in ways that are productive for the task and the people concerned.
- Make an oral presentation.
- Take account of the social and human dimensions of the engineering profession.

# **Teaching methods**

- Formal lectures
- Group activities
- Class discussions
- Simulation games
- Hands-on exercises
- Project-based learning
- Real-world case studies
- Guest lectures by leading academic and industry figuers

# **Expected student activities**

- Individual : Case evaluations, self-study, class discussions
- In-group : In-class exercises, projects, simulations games
- Presentation : Weekly presentations of assignments in coaching sessions

# **Assessment methods**

Continuous evaluation of case reports, proejcts, individual and group presentations, class discussions, during the semester. More precisely :

25% Weekly in-class work and engagement

45% Class assignments, presentations, projects, and case reports

30% Final (final report and presentation and understanding of the case)

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

**Bibliography** 

- Cagan, M. (2017). How to Create Tech Products Customers Love. Wiley
- Kahneman, D., Sibony, O., & Sunstein, C. R. (2021). Noise: A flaw in human judgment. Little, Brown.

• Iansiti, M., & Lakhani, K. R. (2020). Competing in the age of AI: strategy and leadership when algorithms and networks run the world. Harvard Business Press.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- How to Create Tech Products Customers Love / Cagan
- Competing in the age of AI / lansiti
- Noise / Kahneman

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-500

2 weekly

Project

Number of positions

CS-420	Advanced compile	r constructio	n		
	Schinz Michel				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
SC master EPFL		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
				Workload Weeks <b>Hours</b>	180h 14 <b>4 weekly</b>
				Lecture	2 weekly

# Summary

Students learn several implementation techniques for modern functional and object-oriented programming languages. They put some of them into practice by developing key parts of a compiler and run time system for a simple functional programming language.

# Content

Part 1: implementation of high-level concepts

- functional languages: closures, continuations, tail call elimination,
- object-oriented languages: object layout, method dispatch, membership test.

#### Part 2: optimizations

- compiler intermediate representations (RTL, SSA, CPS),
- · inlining and simple optimizations,
- register allocation.

#### Part 3: run time support

- interpreters and virtual machines,
- memory management (including garbage collection).

# **Keywords**

compilation, programming languages, functional programming languages, object-oriented programming languages, code optimization, register allocation, garbage collection, virtual machines, interpreters, Scala.

# **Learning Prerequisites**

Recommended courses CS-320 Computer language processing

Important concepts to start the course Excellent knowledge of Scala and C programming languages

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Assess / Evaluate the quality of a compiler intermediate representation
- Design compilers and run time systems for object-oriented and functional programming languages
- Implement rewriting-based compiler optimizations
- Implement efficient virtual machines and interpreters
- Implement mark and sweep or copying garbage collectors

# **Teaching methods**

Ex Cathedra, mini-project

# **Assessment methods**

Continuous control (mini-project 80%, final exam 20%)

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

## Websites

• https://cs420.epfl.ch/

# CS-470 Advanced computer architecture



Number of positions

lenne	Paolo

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	E	Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Credits Session	8 Summer
Cyber security minor	E	Opt.	Semester	Spring
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Exam	Written
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours	5 weekly
			Lecture	3 weekly
			Project	2 weekly

# Summary

The course studies techniques to exploit Instruction-Level Parallelism (ILP) statically and dynamically. It also addresses some aspects of the design of domain-specific accelerators. Finally, it explores security challenges based on microarchitectural features and hardware isolation techniques.

# Content

Pushing processor performance to its limits:

- Principles of Instruction Level Parallelism (ILP)
- Register renaming techniques
- Prediction and speculation
- Simultaneous multithreading
- VLIW and compiler techniques for ILP
- Dynamic binary translation

Domain specific architectures and accelerators:

- Specificities of embedded vs. general computing processors
- Overview of DSPs and related compilation challenges
- High-Level Synthesis and accelerators

#### Hardware security:

- Information leakage through the microarchitecture
- Trusted Execution Environments
- Physical side-channel attacks

#### **Keywords**

Processors, Instruction Level Parallelism, Systems-on-Chip, Embedded Systems, High-Level Synthesis, Hardware Security.

# Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** 

• CS-208 Computer Architecture I

# **Recommended courses**

• CS-209 Computer Architecture II

# Important concepts to start the course Undergraduate knowledge of digital circuit design and of computer architecture

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design strategies to exploit instruction level parallelism in processors.
- Contrast static and dynamic techniques for instruction level parallelism.
- Design effective processor (micro-)architectures for which efficient compilers can be written.
- Develop hardware accelerators competitive to best commercial processors
- Defend against security threats based on microarchitectural processor features

# **Teaching methods**

Courses, labs, and compulsory homeworks.

# Assessment methods

Homeworks (30%) Final exam (70%)

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

# **Bibliography**

• John L. Hennessy and David A. Patterson, Computer Architecture: A Quantitative Approach, Morgan Kaufman, 6th edition, 2017.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

Computer Architecture / Hennessy

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-470

# **Prerequisite for**

• CS-471 Advanced Multiprocessor Architecture

# CS-440 Advanced computer graphics

EPFL

Jakob	Wenzel
ounob	VVONZOI

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Е	Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer science minor	E	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Summer
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Summer Spring
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
Neuro-X minor	E	Opt.	Weeks	14
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours Lecture	4 weekly 2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exercises	2 weekiy 2 weekiy
			Number of positions	

# Summary

This course covers advanced 3D graphics techniques for realistic image synthesis. Students will learn how light interacts with objects in our world, and how to recreate these phenomena in a computer simulation to create synthetic images that are indistinguishable from photographs.

# Content

This is a project-based course: students will initially receive a basic software package that lacks most rendering-related functionality.

Over the course of the semester, we will discuss a variety of concepts and tools including the basic physical quantities, how light interacts with surfaces, and how to solve the resulting mathematical problem numerically to create realistic images. Advanced topics include participating media, material models for sub-surface light transport, and Markov Chain Monte Carlo Methods.

Each major topic is accompanied by an assignment so that students can implement solution algorithms and obtain practical experience with these techniques within their own software framework.

Towards the end of the course, students will realize a self-directed final project that extends their rendering software with additional features of their own choosing. The objective of the final project is to create a single image of both technical and artistic merit that is entered into a rendering competition and judged by an independent panel of computer graphics experts.

# **Learning Prerequisites**

Required courses Nothing

Recommended courses Introduction to Computer Graphics

# Important concepts to start the course

We will rely on calculus, linear algebra and use basic concepts of algorithms and data structures. Students are expected to be familiar with the C++ programming language that is used in the programming assignments.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

• Recognize and understand the physical quantities of light transport and be able to perform basic computations using



pencil+paper

- Explain a range of surface and subsurface material models
- Explain the rendering and radiative transfer equation and show how to construct Monte Carlo methods to solve them
- Design and implement an advanced rendering system based on Monte Carlo integration
- Assess / Evaluate the performance and conceptual limits of the implemented simulation code

# **Teaching methods**

Lectures, interactive demos, theory and programming exercises, programming project, project tutoring

# **Expected student activities**

The student are expected to study the provided reading material and actively participate in class. They should prepare and resolve the exercises, prepare and carry out the programming project.

# **Assessment methods**

Intermediate assignments (40%), final project (60%)

# Resources

**Bibliography** A list of books will be provided at the beginning of the class

Notes/Handbook Slides and online resources will be provided in class

# Websites

https://rgl.epfl.ch/courses/ACG22

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-440



Vaudenay Serge

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	Englion
Cyber security minor	Е	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Summer
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Spring
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Written
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises	2 weekly

Summary

This course reviews some failure cases in public-key cryptography. It introduces some cryptanalysis techniques. It also presents fundamentals in cryptography such as interactive proofs. Finally, it presents some techniques to validate the security of cryptographic primitives.

# Content

- 1. The cryptograhic zoo: definitions, cryptographic primitives, math, algorithms, complexity
- 2. **Cryptographic security models:** security notions for encryption and authentication, game reduction techniques, RSA and Diffie-Hellman security notions
- 3. Public-key cryptanalysis: side channels, low RSA exponents, discrete logarithm, ElGamal signature
- 4. Interactive proofs: NP-completeness, interactive systems, zero-knowledge
- 5. Symmetric-key cryptanalysis: differential and linear cryptanalysis, hypothesis testing, decorrelation
- 6. Proof techniques: random oracles, leftover-hash lemma, Fujisaki-Okamoto transform

#### **Keywords**

cryptography, cryptanalysis, interactive proof, security proof

# Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** 

• Cryptography and security (COM-401)

Important concepts to start the course

- Cryptography
- Mathematical reasoning
- Number theory and probability theory
- Algorithmics
- Complexity

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:



Number of positions

- Assess / Evaluate the security deployed by cryptographic schemes
- Prove or disprove security
- Justify the elements of cryptographic schemes
- Analyze cryptographic schemes
- Implement attack methods
- Model security notions

# **Teaching methods**

ex-cathedra

# **Expected student activities**

- active participation during the course
- take notes during the course
- do the exercises during the exercise sessions
- complete the regular tests and homework
- read the material from the course
- self-train using the provided material
- do the midterm exam and final exam

# **Assessment methods**

Mandatory continuous evaluation:

- homework (30%)
- regular graded tests (30%)
- midterm exam (40%)

Final exam averaged (same weight) with the continuous evaluation, but with final grade between final\_exam-1 and final\_exam+1.

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes
Others	Lecturers and assistants are available upon appointment.

# Resources

Bibliography

• Communication security: an introduction to cryptography. Serge Vaudenay. Springer 2004.

• A computational introduction to number theory and algebra. Victor Shoup. Cambridge University Press 2005.

• Algorithmic cryptanalysis. Antoine Joux. CRC 2009.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Algorithmic cryptanalysis / Joux
- A computational introduction to number theory and algebra / Shoup
- Communication security / Vaudenay

# Websites

https://lasec.epfl.ch/teaching.php

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-501

# Videos

• https://mediaspace.epfl.ch/channel/COM-501+Advanced+Cryptography

#### CS-471

# Advanced multiprocessor architecture

Falsafi Babak

Cursus	Sem.	Туре
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.

positions

# Summary

Multiprocessors are now the defacto building blocks for all computer systems. This course will build upon the basic concepts offered in Computer Architecture I to cover the architecture and organization of modern multiprocessors from mobile and embedded platforms to servers, data centers and cloud computing platforms.

# Content

Introduction to multiprocessor systems, parallel programming models including Pthreads, MPI, hardware and software transactional memory, synchronization primitives, memory consistency mdels, cache coherence, on-chip shared cache architectures, on-chip interconnects, multi-chip interconnects, multi-chip bus-based and general-purpose interconnect-based shared-memory systems, clusters.

The course will include weekly readings, discussions, and student reviews and reports on publications (besides the text book) of seminal and recent contributions to the field of computer architecture. Student reviews, class discussions, and an independent research project will account for a significant fraction of the grade. Feedback on performance will be given only upon request by a student. There will be no recitation classes.

The course will also include an independent and original research project, in which students study, improve, and evaluate multiprocessor innovations using a software simulation infrastructure. There will be a list of project ideas given out, but students can suggest and work on their own ideas with potentials for advancing the state of the art.

# **Learning Prerequisites**

**Recommended courses** 

Computer Architecture I, basic C/C++ systems programming.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design and evaluate parallel computer organizations
- Develop parallel programs and benchmarks for parallel systems
- Design the basic components of modern parallel systems including multiple processors, cache hierarchies and networks
- Quantify performance metrics for parallel systems
- Interpret and critique research papers
- Plan , propose and conduct a research project empirically
- Present research contributions

# **Teaching methods**

# Assessment methods

Continuous control : Homework : 30 %, Project 15 %, Midterm test : 20 %, End term test : 35 %

# Resources

# Websites

• https://parsa.epfl.ch/course-info/cs471/

# Advanced probability and applications



Shkel Yanina

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Obl.	language	Englion
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits Session	8 Summer
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Spring
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Written
Data science minor	E	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Lecture	4 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
			positions	

# Summary

COM-417

In this course, various aspects of probability theory are considered. The first part is devoted to the main theorems in the field (law of large numbers, central limit theorem, concentration inequalities), while the second part focuses on the theory of martingales in discrete time.

# Content

- sigma-fields, random variables
- probability measures, distributions
- independence, convolution
- expectation, characteristic function
- random vectors and Gaussian random vectors
- inequalities, convergences of sequences of random variables
- laws of large numbers, applications and extensions
- convergence in distribution, central limit theorem and applications
- moments and Carleman's theorem
- concentration inequalities
- conditional expectation
- martingales, stopping times
- martingale convergence theorems

# **Keywords**

probability theory, measure theory, martingales, convergence theorems

**Learning Prerequisites** 

Required courses

Basic probability course Calculus courses

**Recommended courses** 

Complex analysis

# Important concepts to start the course

This course is NOT an introductory course on probability: the students should have a good understanding and practice of basic probability concepts such as: distribution, expectation, variance, independence, conditional probability.

The students should also be at ease with calculus. Complex analyisis is a plus, but is not required.

On the other hand, no prior background on measure theory is needed for this course: we will go through the basic concepts one by one at the beginning.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

• understand the main ideas at the heart of probability theory

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra and flipped lectures + exercise sessions

# Expected student activities

active participation to exercise sessions

# **Assessment methods**

graded homeworks 20% midterm 20% final exam 60%

# Resources

# Bibliography

Sheldon M. Ross, Erol A. Pekoz, A Second Course in Probability,1st edition,
www.ProbabilityBookstore.com, 2007.
Jeffrey S. Rosenthal, A First Look at Rigorous Probability Theory,2nd edition, World Scientific, 2006.
Geoffrey R. Grimmett, David R. Stirzaker, Probability and Random Processes,3rd edition, Oxford University Press, 2001.
Richard Durrett, Probability: Theory and Examples, 4th edition, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
Patrick Billingsley, Probability and Measure, 3rd edition, Wiley, 1995.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Probability and Random Processes
- Sheldon M. Ross, Erol A. Pekoz, A Second Course in Probability, 1st ed
- Patrick Billingsley, Probability and Measure, 3rd ed
- Richard Durrett, Probability: Theory and Examples, 4th ed
- Jeffrey S. Rosenthal, A First Look at Rigorous Probability Theory, 2nd ed

# Notes/Handbook available on the course website

# Websites

https://moodle.epfl.ch/course/view.php?id=14557

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-417

# Prerequisite for

Advanced classes requiring a good knowledge of probability



Troncoso Carmela

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	8
Cyber security minor	E	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Exam	Written
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
			Lecture Exercises Project	3 weekly 1 weekly 2 weekly

# Summary

CS-523

This advanced course will provide students with the knowledge to tackle the design of privacy-preserving ICT systems. Students will learn about existing technologies to prect privacy, and how to evaluate the protection they provide.

# Content

The course will cover the following topics :

- Privacy definitions and concepts

- Privacy-preserving cryptographics solutions : anonymous credentials, zero-knowledge proofs, secure multi-party computation, homomorphic encryption, Private information retrieval (PIR), Oblivious RAM (ORAM)

- Anonymization and data hiding : generalization, differential privacy, etc

- Machine learning and privacy

- Protection of metadata : anonymous communications systems, location privacy, censorpship resistance

- Online tracking and countermeasures
- Privacy engineering : design and evaluation (evaluation metrics and notions)

- Legal aspects of privacy

#### **Keywords**

Privacy, anonymity, homomorphic encryption, secure multi-paty computation, anonymous credentials, ethics

#### Learning Prerequisites

Required courses COM-301 Computer security COM-402 Information security and privacy

Recommended courses COM-401 Cryptography and security

**Important concepts to start the course** Basic programming skills; basics of probabilities and statistics; basics of cryptography

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

· Select appropriately privacy mechanisms



Number of positions

- Develop privacy technologies
- Assess / Evaluate privacy protection
- Reason about privacy concerns
- Select appropriately appropriately privacy mechanisms
- Develop privacy technologies
- Assess / Evaluate privacy protection
- Reason about privacy concerns

# **Teaching methods**

Lectures and written exercises to deepen understanding of concepts Programming-oriented assignments to practice use of privacy technologies

# **Expected student activities**

Participation in the lectures. Active participation is encouraged. Participation in exercise session and complete the exercises regularly Completion of programming assignments

# Assessment methods

Lab project (40%) Midterm (20%) Final exam (40%)

# **Supervision**

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-523

# CS-450 Algorithms II

Svensson Ola Nils Anders

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	LIIGIISII
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Credits	8
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	7 weekly
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Lecture	4 weekly
Data science minor	Н	Opt.	Exercises Number of	3 weekly
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	positions	
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Statistics	MA1, MA3	Opt.		

# Summary

A first graduate course in algorithms, this course assumes minimal background, but moves rapidly. The objective is to learn the main techniques of algorithm analysis and design, while building a repertory of basic algorithmic solutions to problems in many domains.

# Content

Algorithm analysis techniques: worst-case and amortized, average-case, randomized, competitive, approximation. Basic algorithm design techniques: greedy, iterative, incremental, divide-and-conquer, dynamic programming, randomization, linear programming. Examples from graph theory, linear algebra, geometry, operations research, and finance.

# Learning Prerequisites

# **Required courses**

An undergraduate course in Discrete Structures / Discrete Mathematics, covering formal notation (sets, propositional logic, quantifiers), proof methods (derivation, contradiction, induction), enumeration of choices and other basic combinatorial techniques, graphs and simple results on graphs (cycles, paths, spanning trees, cliques, coloring, etc.).

# **Recommended courses**

An undergraduate course in Data Structures and Algorithms. An undergraduate course in Probability and Statistics.

# Important concepts to start the course

Basic data structures (arrays, lists, stacks, queues,trees) and algorithms (binary search; sorting; graph connectivity); basic discrete mathematics (proof methods, induction, enumeration and counting, graphs); elementary probability and statistics (random variables, distributions, independence, conditional probabilities); data abstraction.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Use a suitable analysis method for any given algorithm
- Prove correctness and running-time bounds



- Design new algorithms for variations of problems studied in class
- Select appropriately an algorithmic paradigm for the problem at hand
- Define formally an algorithmic problem

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lecture, reading

# Supervision

ForumYesOthersFor details, see the course web page

# Resources

Websites

http://theory.epfl.ch/courses/AdvAlg/

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-450

# Applied biomedical signal processing

EPFL

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Biomedical technologies minor	Н	Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session Semester Exam Workload Weeks	4 Winter
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.		Fall
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		Written
Life Sciences Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		120h 14
Microtechnics	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Lecture Project	2 weekly 2 weekly
			Number of positions	2 WEEKIY

# Summary

EE-512

The goal of this course is twofold: (1) to introduce physiological basis, signal acquisition solutions (sensors) and state-of-the-art signal processing techniques, and (2) to propose concrete examples of applications for vital sign monitoring and diagnosis purposes.

#### Content

• Introduction on the basics in anatomy and physiology of autonomous nervous system, electrical cardiac system, hemodynamic basis, brain and respiratory activities as well as location.

• Digital signal processing basics including sampling, Fourier transform, filtering, stochastic signal correlation and power spectral density. Time-frequency analysis including short-term Fourier and wavelet transforms. Linear modelling including autoregressive models, linear prediction, parametric spectral estimation, and criteria for model selection. Adaptive filtering including adaptive prediction and estimations of transfer functions as well as adaptive interference cancellation.

• Digital signal processing miscellaneous techniques including polynomial models, singular value decomposition and principal component analysis, phase-rectified signal averaging, source separation, support vector regression, and neural network structures such as CNN and RNN.

• Applications and exercises related to cardiac arrythmia detection and classification, central blood pressure estimation, sleep phase classification, heart rate tracking robust against motion artefacts, epilepsy event detection, fall detection, apnoea detection, SpO2 estimation, and respiration tracking and volume estimation. These exercises will be based on biomedical signals such as bio-impedance, electrocardiogram, electroencephalogram, hypnogram, movement (accelerometer, gyroscope, and barometer), photoplethysmography, vocal/audio.

# **Keywords**

signal processing, biomedical engineering, signal modelling, spectral analysis, adaptive filtering, algorithm design

#### Learning Prerequisites

**Recommended courses** 

Signal processing for telecommunications COM-303 Signal processing EE-350

**Important concepts to start the course** basics of discrete-time signal analysis basics in signal processing programming

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lectures (approx.. 2h per module) and practical work using Matlab/Python (approx.. 2h per module). The student should provide a separate report for each of the practical work session for evaluation. Grades are based on the practicals and a final exam.

# **Expected student activities**

- Attending lectures
- Processing and analysing human data

Yes

• Testing signal processing techniques

# **Assessment methods**

1.75 points in total for the lab/exercise sessions reports during the semester (35% of the final total grade) 3.25 points for the final exam during the examination period (65% of the final total grade)

Supervision Assistants

# Resources

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/EE-512

# MATH-493 Applied biostatistics

Goldstein Darlene

Cursus	Sem.	Туре		Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.		anguage	English
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Credits Session	5 Summor
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Semester	Summer Spring
Data science minor	Е	Opt.		Exam	
Ingmath	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Workload Weeks	150h 14
Life Sciences Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Hours	4 weekly
Mathématicien	MA2	Opt.		Lecture Exercises	2 weekly
Neuro-X minor	Е	Opt.		Number of	2 weekly
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.	1	positions	
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.			
Statistics	MA2	Opt.			

# Summary

This course covers topics in applied biostatistics, with an emphasis on practical aspects of data analysis using R statistical software. Topics include types of studies and their design and analysis, high dimensional data analysis (genetic/genomic) and other topics as time and interest permit.

# Content

Types of studies Design and analysis of studies R statistical software Reproducible research techniques and tools Report writing Exploratory data analysis Liniear modeling (regression, anova) Generalized linear modeling (logistic, Poission) Survival analysis Discrete data analysis Meta-analysis High dimensional data analysis (genetics/genomics applications) Additional topics as time and interest permit

# Keywords

Data analysis, reproducible research, statistical methods, R, biostatistical data analysis, statistical data analysis

# **Learning Prerequisites**

# **Required courses**

This course will be very difficult for students with no previous course or experience with statistics. Previous experience with R is neither assumed nor required.

# **Recommended courses**

Undergraduate statistics course

Important concepts to start the course It is useful to review statistical hypothesis testing. By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- · Synthesize analysis into a written report
- Report plan of analysis and results obtained
- Justify analysis plan
- Plan analysis for a given dataset
- Interpret analysis results
- · Analyze various types of biostatistical data

# **Transversal skills**

- Write a scientific or technical report.
- Assess one's own level of skill acquisition, and plan their on-going learning goals.
- Take feedback (critique) and respond in an appropriate manner.
- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.

# **Teaching methods**

Lectures and practical exercises using R. Typically, each week covers an analysis method in the lecture and then the corresponding exercise session consists of an R practical showing how to implement the methods using R. In each practical, students use R to carry out analyses of the relevant data type for that week.

# **Expected student activities**

Students are expected to participate in their learning by attending lectures and practical exercise sessions, posing questions, proposing topics of interest, peer reviewing of preliminary reports, and interacting with teaching staff regarding their understanding of course material. In addition, there will be a number of short activities in class aimed at improving English for report writing.

#### **Assessment methods**

Evaluation is based on written reports of projects analyzing biostatistical data.

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

**Bibliography** To be provided during the course. Pre-recorded lectures (videos) will also be provided.

# **Moodle Link**

https://go.epfl.ch/MATH-493

# CS-401 Applied data analysis

West Robert

Cursus	Sem.	Туре		Contact	Faclich
Civil & Environmental Engineering		Opt.		Contact language Credits Session Semester Exam Workload Weeks Hours Lecture Project Number of positions	English 8 Winter Fall Written 240h 14 <b>4 weekly</b> 2 weekly 2 weekly
Computational Neurosciences minor	Н	Opt.			
Computational biology minor	н	Opt.			
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Obl.			
Data and Internet of Things minor	н	Opt.			
Data science minor	Н	Opt.			
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Obl.			
Electrical Engineering		Opt.			
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Energy Science and Technology	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Environmental Sciences and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Financial engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Learning Sciences		Opt.			
Life Sciences Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Managmt, tech et entr.	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Neuro-X minor	Н	Opt.			
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Robotics	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Statistics	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
UNIL - Sciences forensiques	Н	Opt.			

# Summary

This course teaches the basic techniques, methodologies, and practical skills required to draw meaningful insights from a variety of data, with the help of the most acclaimed software tools in the data science world (pandas, scikit-learn, Spark, etc.)

# Content

Thanks to modern software tools that allow to easily process and analyze data at scale, we are now able to extract invaluable insights from the vast amount of data generated daily. As a result, both the business and scientific world are undergoing a revolution which is fueled by one of the most sought after job profiles: the data scientist. This course covers the fundamental steps of the data science pipeline: *Data wrangling* 

- Data acqusition (scraping, crawling, parsing, etc.)
- Data manipulation, array programming, dataframes
- The many sources of data problems (and how to fix them): missing data, incorrect data, inconsistent representations
- Data quality testing with crowdsourcing



- Statistics in practice (distribution fitting, statistical significance, etc.)
- Working with "found data" (design of observational studies, regression analysis)
- Machine learning in practice (supervised and unsupervised, feature engineering, evaluation, etc.)
- Text mining: preprocessing steps, vector space model, topic models
- Social network analysis (properties of real networks, working graph data, etc.)

#### Data visualization

- Introduction to different plot types (1, 2, and 3 variables), layout best practices, network and geographical data
- Visualization to diagnose data problems, scaling visualization to large datasets, visualizing uncertain data

#### Reporting

- Results reporting, infographics
- How to publish reproducible results

The students will learn the techniques during the ex-cathedra lectures and will be introduced, in the lab sessions, to the software tools required to complete the homework assignments and the in-class quizzes.

In parallel, the students will embark on a semester-long project, split in agile teams of 3-4 students. In the project, students propose and execute meaningful analyses of a real-world dataset, which will require creativity and the application of the tools encountered in the course. The outcome of this team effort will be a project portfolio that will be made public (and available as open source).

At the end of the semester, students will take a 3-hour final exam in a classroom with their own computer, where they will be asked to complete a data analysis pipeline (both with code and extensive comments) on a dataset they have never worked with before.

# **Learning Prerequisites**

# **Required courses**

The student must have passed an introduction to databases course, OR a course in probability & statistics, OR two separate courses that include programming projects. Programming skills are required (in class we will use mostly Python).

Important concepts to start the course

programming, algorithms, probability and statistics, databases

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

• Construct a coherent understanding of the techniques and software tools required to perform the fundamental steps of the data science pipeline

#### Expected student activities

Students are expected to:

- Attend the lectures and lab sessions
- Complete 2-3 homework assignments
- Complete weekly in-class quizzes (held during lab sessions)
- Conduct the class project
- Engage during the class, and present their results in front of the other colleagues

## Resources

# Websites

• http://ada.epfl.ch

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-401

#### CS-456

# Artificial neural networks/reinforcement learning

Gerstner Wulfram

Cursus Sem. Ty	
Biocomputing minor E Op	Contact English
Computational Neurosciences minor E Op	ot. Credits 6
Computational biology minor E Op	ot. Semester Spring
Computational science and Engineering MA2, MA4 Op	ot. Exam Written
Computer science MA2, MA4 Op	ot. Workload 180h Weeks 14
Cybersecurity MA2, MA4 Op	
Data Science MA2, MA4 Op	ot. Lecture 2 weekly
Data science minor E Op	Exercises 2 weekly ot. Number of
Digital Humanities MA2, MA4 Op	ot. positions
Electrical Engineering Op	ot.
Financial engineering MA2, MA4 Op	ot.
Life Sciences Engineering MA2, MA4 Op	ot.
Neuro-X minor E Op	ot.
Neuro-X MA2, MA4 Op	ot.
Quantum Science and Engineering MA2, MA4 Op	ot.
SC master EPFL MA2, MA4 Op	ot.
Statistics MA2 Op	ot.

# Summary

Since 2010 approaches in deep learning have revolutionized fields as diverse as computer vision, machine learning, or artificial intelligence. This course gives a systematic introduction into influential models of deep artificial neural networks, with a focus on Reinforcement Learning.

# Content

- General Introduction and Reinforcement Learning (RL) for Bandit Problems
- RL 1: Bellman equation and SARSA
- RL 2: Q-learning, n-step-TD learning, and eligibility traces
- RL 3: Continuous state space and function approximation
- RL 4: Policy gradient methods
- RL 5: Advantage Actor-Critic, eligibility traces, model-free/model-based
- Deep RL 1: Applications of Model-free RL in Video games and simulated Robotics
- Deep RL2: Applications iof Model-based RL: Board games and Replay buffer
- Deep rRL3: Markov Decision Processes and Policy iteration
- RL and the Brain: Three-factor Learning Rules
- RL and Hardware: Distributed algorithms and energy consumption,
- RL and Internal Rewards: Novelty and Surprise
- RL and Intrinsically Motivated Agents: Curiosity-driven Exploration

# Keywords



Deep learning, artificial neural networks, reinforcement learning, TD learning, SARSA, Actor-Critic Networks

#### Learning Prerequisites

## **Required courses**

CS 433 Machine Learning (or equivalent) Calculus, Linear Algebra (at the level equivalent to first 2 years of EPFL in STI or IC, such as Computer Science, Physics or Electrical Engineering)

Recommended courses stochastic processes optimization

Important concepts to start the course

- Regularization in machine learning,
- Training base versus Test base, cross validation.
- Gradient descent. Stochastic gradient descent.
- Expectation, Poisson Process, Bernoulli Process.

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Apply learning in deep networks to real data
- Assess / Evaluate performance of learning algorithms
- Elaborate relations between different mathematical algorithms of learning
- Judge limitations of algorithms
- Propose algoriothms and models for learning from experience
- Apply Reinforcement Learning

## **Transversal skills**

- Continue to work through difficulties or initial failure to find optimal solutions.
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Write a scientific or technical report.
- Manage priorities.

#### **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lectures and miniproject.

Ex catherdra: Main ideas presented with slides and calculations presented on the blackboard. Every week the ex cathedra lectures are interrupted for one in-class exercise. The results of this exercise are needed for the second part of the lecture. Additional exercises are given as homework or can be disussed in the second exercise hour. Lectures are also interrupted by several short Quizzes.

Miniproject: The Miniprojects are done in a team of two and selected from a list of two or three miniprojects.

#### **Expected student activities**

Work on miniproject Solve all exercises Attend all lectures and take notes during lecture, participate in quizzes. If you cannot attend a lecture, then you must read the recommended book chapters

#### **Assessment methods**



Written exam (70 percent) and miniproject (30 percent)

## Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes
Others	TAs are available during exercise sessions.
	Every week one of the exercises is run as 'integrated exercise' during the lecture.

# Resources

#### **Bibliography**

•

• Textbook: Reinforcement Learning by Sutton and Barto (MIT Press). Pdfs of the preprint version of the book are available online

## Ressources en bibliothèque

• Reinforcement Learning / Sutton

#### Websites

- https://lcnwww.epfl.ch/gerstner/VideoLecturesANN-Gerstner.html
- https://moodle.epfl.ch/course/view.php?id=15633

#### **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-456

#### Videos

• https://lcnwww.epfl.ch/gerstner/VideoLecturesANN-Gerstner.html

# EE-554 Automatic speech processing



Number of positions

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Englion
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	3 Winter
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	90h 14
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	3 weekly
			Lecture Exercises	2 weekly 1 weekly

#### Summary

The goal of this course is to provide the students with the main formalisms, models and algorithms required for the implementation of advanced speech processing applications (involving, among others, speech coding, speech analysis/synthesis, and speech recognition).

#### Content

1. Introduction: Speech processing tasks, language engineering applications.

2. <u>Basic Tools</u>: Analysis and spectral properties of the speech signal, linear prediction algorithms, statistical pattern recognition, dynamic programming.

3. <u>Speech Coding</u>: Human hearing properties, quantization theory, speech coding in the temporal and frequency domains.

4. Speech Synthesis: Morpho-syntactic analysis, phonetic transcription, prosody, speech synthesis models.

5. <u>Automatic Speech Recognition</u>: Temporal pattern matching and Dynamic Time Warping (DTW) algorithms, speech recognition systems based on Hidden Markov Models (HMMs).

6. Speaker recognition and speaker verification: Formalism, hypothesis testing, HMM based speaker verification.

7. Linguistic Engineering: state-of-the-art and typical applications

#### Keywords

speech processing, speech coding, speech analysis/synthesis, automatic speech recognition, speaker identification, text-to-speech

#### Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** Basis in linear algebra, signal processing (FFT), and statistics

Important concepts to start the course

Basic knowledge in signal processing, linear algebra, statistics and stochastic processes.

Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- speech signal properties
- Exploit those properties to speech codign, speech synthesis, and speech recognition

#### **Transversal skills**

- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools

#### **Teaching methods**

Lecture + lab exercises

#### **Expected student activities**

Attending courses and lab exercises. Read additional papers and continue lab exercises at home if necessary. Regulary answer list of questions for feedback.

#### **Assessment methods**

Written exam without notes

#### **Supervision**

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No

#### Resources

**Bibliography** Fundamentals of Speech Recognition / Rabiner and Juang

#### Ressources en bibliothèque

• Fundamentals of Speech Recognition / Rabiner and Juang

#### Websites

• http://lectures.idiap.ch/

#### **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/EE-554

# MICRO-452 Basics of mobile robotics

EPFL

Mondada	Francesco
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Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	4 Winter
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Mechanical engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Microtechnics	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	120h 14
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
Robotics	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Lecture	2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
			positions	

#### Summary

The course teaches the basics of autonomous mobile robots. Both hardware (energy, locomotion, sensors) and software (signal processing, control, localization, trajectory planning, high-level control) will be tackled. The students will apply the knowledge to program and control a real mobile robot.

#### Content

- Applications, products and market
- Sensors
- Perception, feature extraction
- Modeling
- Markov localization: Bayesian filter, Monte Carlo localization, extended Kalman filter
- Navigation: path planning, obstacle avoidance
- Control architectures and robotic frameworks
- Current challenges in mobile robotics
- Locomotion principles and control
- Embedded electronics

**Keywords** mobile robots, sensing, perception, localisation, navigation, locomotion.

## Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Introduction to automatic control (catching up possible with extra effort) Introduction to signal processing

Recommended courses Microinformatique (SMT)

Important concepts to start the course Embedded system programming Basics of automatic control Basics of signal processing

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose the right methods to design and control a mobile robot for a particular task.
- Integrate approriate methods for sensing, cognition and actuation
- Justify design choices for a robotic system
- Implement perception, localisation/navigation and control methods on a mobile robot
- Choose the right methods to design and control a mobile robot for a particular task.

#### **Transversal skills**

- Plan and carry out activities in a way which makes optimal use of available time and other resources.
- Set objectives and design an action plan to reach those objectives.
- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.
- Assess progress against the plan, and adapt the plan as appropriate.
- Chair a meeting to achieve a particular agenda, maximising participation.
- Evaluate one's own performance in the team, receive and respond appropriately to feedback.
- Negotiate effectively within the group.
- Resolve conflicts in ways that are productive for the task and the people concerned.

#### **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra, exercises, work on mobile robots

#### **Expected student activities**

- weekly lectures
- studying provided additional materials
- · lab exercises with practical components

#### Assessment methods

Project during the semester (60% of the grade). The project takes place during the semester and the report and presentation are done before the end of the semester, following the specific planning given by the teacher at the beginning of the semester. Written exam (40% of the grade)

Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

**Bibliography** 

Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots R. Siegwart, and I. Nourbakhsh, MIT Press, 2004 Autonomous Robots: From Biological Inspiration to Implementation and Control G.A. Bekey, MIT Press, 2005 Probabilistic Robotics S. Thrun, W. Burgard and D. Fox, MIT Press, 2005 Handbook of Robotics (chapter 35) B. Sicilian, and O. Khatib (Eds.), Springer, 2008 Elements of Robotics M. ben-Ari and F. Mondada, Spinger, 2017. additional literature provided on Moodle

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- Handbook of Robotics / Sicilian
- Elements of Robotics / Ben-Ari
- Autonomous Robots / Bekey
- Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots / Siegwart
- Probabilistic Robotics / Thrun

## Notes/Handbook

Lecture slides are continously provided on Moodle during the course. Introduction to Autonomous Mobile Robots R. Siegwart, and I. Nourbakhsh, MIT Press, 2004 Probabilistic Robotics S. Thrun, W. Burgard and D. Fox, MIT Press, 2005

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/MICRO-452



# MGT-416 Causal inference

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	4
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Summer Spring
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload	semester 120h
Financial engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Weeks	14
Management, Technology and Entrepreneurship minor	E	Opt.	Hours Lecture	3 weekly 2 weekly
Managmt, tech et entr.	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exercises Number of	1 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positions	
Systems Engineering minor	E	Opt.		

## Remark

Pas donné en 2023-24

#### Summary

Students will learn the core concepts and techniques of network analysis with emphasis on causal inference. Theory and application will be balanced, with students working directly with network data throughout the course.

#### Content

- Introduction: What is causal inference?
- Review of Useful Probability concepts
  - Random variable, predictors, divergences
- Introduction to Applications
  - Computational neuroscience
  - Financial markets
  - Social networks

## Pearl Causality

- Causal Bayesian Networks (CBNs)
- Learning CBNS: Faithfulness and identifiably
- Algorithms
- Potential Outcome Model
  - Counterfactuals and identification problems
  - Graphical causal models
- Randomized Experiments
  - Identification of causes in randomized experiments
  - Effect modification
- Causality in Times Series

- Granger causality
- More general linear predictors
- Beyond linear models and Granger causality
- Directed information graphs
- Efficient algorithms
- Concrete Applications
  - Computational neuroscience
  - Financial markets
  - Social networks

## Keywords

Causality, structure learning, network inference

#### Learning Prerequisites

#### **Required courses**

This course attempts to be as self contained as possible, but it does approach the topic from a quantitative point of view and, as such, students should be comfortable with the basics of (*i.e.* have taken at least one course in) the following topics before enrolling:

- Statistics
- Probability Theory
- Linear Algebra
- Calculus (integral and differential)
- Programing in Pythor and Matlab

As course work will be largely computational, experience with at least one programming language is also required.

#### Important concepts to start the course

Konwlege of probability and calculus as well as programming is a must.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Identify situations in which a problem/data can be thought of as a network.
- Analyze data appropriately using a variety of network analytic techniques.
- Interpret the results of applying network analytics.
- Propose action based on sound interpretation of network analytics.

# Transversal skills

- Continue to work through difficulties or initial failure to find optimal solutions.
- Demonstrate the capacity for critical thinking
- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools

# **Teaching methods**

In class with supporing problem solving sessions.

## **Expected student activities**

TA problem solving sessions, homework, exams, projects

# Assessment methods

Regular individual assignments: 30% Midterm exam: 30% Final project: 40%

#### **Supervision**

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No

## Resources

Notes/Handbook course notes

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/MGT-416

Stensrud Mats Julius

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Chemistry	BA5	Opt.	language	Linglion
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	5
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session	Winter Fall
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	150h 14
Life Sciences Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
Neuro-X minor	Н	Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	positions	

## Summary

This course will give a unified presentation of modern methods for causal inference. We focus on concepts, and we will present examples and ideas from various scientific disciplines, including medicine, computer science, engineering, economics and epidemiology.

## Content

Association vs. causation

- Definitions of causal effects
- Causal models
- Counterfactuals and potential outcomes
- Individual level causal effects vs. average causal effects
- Population causal effects
- Study design
- Randomisation and experiments
- Observational studies
- Causal graphs
- Causal Directed Acyclic Graphs
- Single World Intervention Graphs
- Identification of causal effects
- Identifiability assumptions
- SWIGs
- Causal mechanisms
- Mediation and path specific effects
- Instrumental variables
- Applications
- Medical interventions, including pharmaceuticals
- Experiments in technology industry and engineering
- Experiments in life sciences
- Causal effects and mechanisms in the social sciences.
- Estimation of causal effects
- Estimation using classical statistical models
- Estimation using machine learning

#### Keywords

Causality; Causal inference; Randomisation; Design of experiments; Observational studies; Causal Graphs

Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** 



The course is intended for students from a range of different disciplines, including computer science, engineering, life science and physics. The students are expected to know the basics of statistical theory and probability theory (such as the second year courses in probability and statistics for engineers).

Recommended courses Courses in statistical inference.

## Important concepts to start the course Familiarity with basic concepts in probability and statistics.

# **Learning Outcomes**

- Design experiments that can answer causal questions.
- Describe the fundamental theory of causal models.
- Critique assess causal assumptions and axioms.
- Distinguish between interpretation, identification and estimation.
- Describe when and how causal effects can be identified and estimated from non- experimental data.
- Estimate causal parameters from observational data

## **Teaching methods**

Classroom lectures, where I will use a digital blackboard and slides.

## Assessment methods

Final written exam. 1-2 graded homeworks.

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

## Resources

**Bibliography** Hernan, M.A. and Robins, J.M., 2020. Causal inference: What if? Imbens, G.W. and Rubin, D.B., 2015. Causal inference in statistics, social, and biomedical sciences. Cambridge University Press. Pearl, J., 2009. Causality. Cambridge university press.

#### Ressources en bibliothèque

- Causal inference in statistics, social, and biomedical sciences / Imbens
- Causal Inference / Hernan
- Causality / Pearl

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/MATH-352

# BIO-105 Cellular biology and biochemistry for engineers

EPFL

Zufferey	Pomain
Zunerey	Rumain

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Biomedical technologies minor	Н	Opt.	language	Englion
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	4 Winter
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Minor in life sciences engineering	Н	Opt.	Exam	Written
Neuroprosthetics minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	120h 14
Physics of living systems minor	Н	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises Number of positions	2 weekly

#### Summary

Basic course in biochemistry as well as cellular and molecular biology for non-life science students enrolling at the Master or PhD thesis level from various engineering disciplines. It reviews essential notions necessary for a training in biology-related engineering fields.

#### Content

The course gives basic knowledge on various phenoma taking place within a cell, and among cells within tissues and organs. The course gives an integrated view of various molecular mechanisms (rather in the second half of the class). It should therefore allow engineering students involved in future projects touching on biomedical problems to better integrate the constraints of a biological system and to enable them to communicate with specialists in both fields. This course is not available to students who had already taken basic cell biology or biochemistry classes during their Bachelor studies at EPFL or elsewhere. This applies for example to the course BIO-109 "Introduction to Life Sciences for Information Sciences" and MSE 212 "Biology for engineers"

## Keywords

The course contains chapters on the following subjects: 1.Cells and Organs 2.Chemical components of cells 3.Proteins, Enzymes 4.Energy, Metabolism 5.DNA, Chromosomes, Replication 6.Gene expression 7.Recombinant techniques 8.Membrane and Transport 9.Intracellular trafficking 10.Cytoskeleton 11.Cell division, Mitosis 12.Genetics, Meiosis 13.Cell communication, Signaling 14.Tissue, Tissue regeneration

# **Learning Prerequisites**

**Required courses** 

Bachelor degree in engineering or other non-life science discipline

#### **Recommended courses**

Some basic knowledge in chemistry can help, but not required



#### Important concepts to start the course

Curiosity about how biological systems work, willingness to acquire a certain amount of facts and details necessary to understand and discuss the various molecular mechanisms present in cells or related to modern biology

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Describe the basic components and functions found in cells
- Draw schemes explaining essential cellular phenomena
- Explain which are the important metabolic pathways
- Translate information from genetic code
- · Verify statements about specific cellular mechanisms
- Integrate knowledge from different cellular mechanisms

#### **Transversal skills**

• Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.

## **Teaching methods**

2 hours of ex cathedra-type of lecture

2 hours of exercises: the instructor gives out appr. 10 questions out (through Moodle and in the beginning of the session). The questions have different formats, and can in some cases just retrieve the acquired facts, in others have a more integrative problem-based learning approach.

#### **Expected student activities**

- review regularly the presented lectures.

- participate actively in the exercise sessions when the questions and problems are discussed altogether

#### **Assessment methods**

- a written exam at the winter exam session

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No
Others	<ul> <li>the teacher can always be reached through Email or phone to fix a one-to-one discussion about specific subjects</li> </ul>

#### Resources

#### Bibliography

The lecture is aligned to selected chapters in the following book (recommended although not required): "Essential Cell Bioogy" by B Alberts et al., 3rd edition, Garland Science Taylor & Francis Group

#### Ressources en bibliothèque

Essential Cell Biology / Alberts

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/BIO-105

# CS-524 Computational complexity

EPFL

2 weekly

Exercises

Number of positions

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JUNU		

Currente	Com	Turne		
Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session	Winter
Data Science		Opt.	Semester	Fall
Minor in Quantum Science and Engineering	Н	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload	180h
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Weeks	14
			Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly

#### Summary

In computational complexity we study the computational resources needed to solve problems and understand the relation between different types of computation. This course advances the students knowledge of computational complexity, and develop an understanding of fundamental open questions.

#### Content

- Complexity classes (time, space, nondeterminism)
- Space complexity (Logspace, L vs NL)
- Boolean circuits and nonuniform computation
- Power of randomness
- Lower bounds for concrete models of computation: Decision trees, communication protocols, propositional proofs.

# Keywords

theoretical computer science computational complexity

# **Learning Prerequisites**

Recommended courses Theory of computation (CS-251) Algorithms (CS-250)

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Demonstrate an understanding of computational complexity and the P vs NP problem
- Formalize and analyze abstractions of complex scenarios/problems
- Express a good understanding of different concepts of proofs
- Prove statements that are similar to those taught in the course



• Use and understand the role of randomness in computation

• Illustrate a basic understanding of probabilistically checkable proofs and their characterization of the class NP (the PCP-Theorem)

- Explain recent exciting developments in theoretical computer science
- Compare different models of computation

#### **Transversal skills**

- Demonstrate the capacity for critical thinking
- Summarize an article or a technical report.

## **Teaching methods**

Lecturing and exercises

#### **Expected student activities**

Actively attending lectures and exercise sessions. Also homeworks and exam.

#### Assessment methods

Three homeworks and final exam

## Resources

**Bibliography** Sanjeev Arora and Boaz Barak: *Computational Complexity: A Modern Approach, Cambridge University Press.* Stasys Jukna: *Boolean Function Complexity, Springer* 

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- Computational Complexity: A Modern Approach / Arora
- Boolean Function Complexity / Stasys

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-524

NX-465

# Computational neurosciences: neuronal dynamics

Gerstner Wulfram

Cursus	Sem.	Туре		
	E		Contact	English
Auditeurs en ligne		Opt.	language Credits	5
Biocomputing minor	E	Opt.	Session	5 Summer
Biomedical technologies minor	E	Opt.	Semester	Spring
Computational Neurosciences minor	E	Opt.	Exam	Written
Computational biology minor	E	Opt.	Workload Weeks	150h 14
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Lecture Exercises	2 weekly
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Number of	2 weekly
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positions	
Electrical Engineering		Opt.		
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Life Sciences Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Neuro-X minor	E	Opt.		
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Neuroprosthetics minor	E	Opt.		
Neuroscience		Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.		

## Summary

In this course we study mathematical models of neurons and neuronal networks in the context of biology and establish links to models of cognition. The focus is on brain dynamics approximated by deterministic or stochastic differential equations.

#### Content

#### I. Models of single neurons

- 1. Introduction: brain, computers, and a first simple neuron model
- 2. Models on the level of ion current (Hodgkin-Huxley model)
- 3./4. Two-dimensional models and phase space analysis

## II. Neuronal Dynamics of Cognition

- 5. Associative Memory and Attractor Dynamics (Hopfield Model)
- 6. Neuronal Populations and mean-field methods
- 7. Continuum models and perception
- 8. Competition and models of Decision making

#### III. Noise and the neural code

- 9. Noise and variability of spike trains (point processes, renewal process, interval distribution)
- 10: Variance of membrane potentials and Spike Response Models
- 11. Population dynamics: Fokker-Planck equation

#### **IV. Plasticity and Learning**

- 12. Synaptic Plasticity and Long-term potentiation and Learning (Hebb rule, mathematical formulation)
- 13. Summary: Fitting Neural Models to Data

## Keywords

neural networks, neuronal dynamics, computational neuroscience, mathematical modeling in biology, applied mathematics, brain, cognition, neurons, memory, learning, plasticity

## Learning Prerequisites

#### **Required courses**

undergraduate math at the level of electrical engineering or physics majors undergraduate physics.

#### **Recommended courses**

Analysis I-III, linear algebra, probability and statistics For SSV students: Dynamical Systems Theory for Engineers or "Mathematical and Computational Models in Biology"

**Important concepts to start the course** Differential equations, Linear equations,

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Analyze two-dimensional models in the phase plane
- · Solve linear one-dimensional differential equations
- Develop a simplified model by separation of time scales
- · Analyze connected networks in the mean-field limit
- Predict outcome of dynamics
- Prove stability and convergence
- Describe neuronal phenomena
- Test model concepts in simulations

#### **Transversal skills**

- Plan and carry out activities in a way which makes optimal use of available time and other resources.
- · Collect data.
- Continue to work through difficulties or initial failure to find optimal solutions.
- Write a scientific or technical report.

#### **Teaching methods**

- Classroom teaching, exercises and miniproject. One of the two exercise hours is integrated into the lectures.
- Short mooc-style videos are available as support
- Textbook available as support

#### **Expected student activities**

-participate in ALL in-class exercises.

- do all homework exercises (paper-and-pencil)
- study video lectures if you miss a class
- study suggested textbook sections for in-depth understanding of material
- submit miniprojects

#### **Assessment methods**

Written exam (70%) & miniproject (30%) The miniproject is done in teams of 2 students.

#### Supervision



Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes
Others	The teacher is available during the breaks of the class.
	Some exercises are integrated in class in the presence of the teacher and the teaching
	assistants.

# Resources

Bibliography

Gerstner, Kistler, Naud, Pansinski : Neuronal Dynamics, Cambridge Univ. Press 2014

## Ressources en bibliothèque

• Neuronal dynamics: from single neurons to networks and models of cognition / Wulfram Gerstner, Werner M. Kistler, Richard Naud, Liam Paninski

## Websites

- https://neuronaldynamics.epfl.ch/
- https://lcnwww.epfl.ch/gerstner/NeuronalDynamics-MOOCall.html

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/NX-465

### Videos

• https://lcnwww.epfl.ch/gerstner/NeuronalDynamics-MOOCall.html

# CS-413 Computational photography

EPFL

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
Minor in Imaging	E	Opt.	Weeks	14
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours Lecture	4 weekly 2 weekly
			Project Number of	2 weekly

## Summary

The students will gain the theoretical knowledge in computational photography, which allows recording and processing a richer visual experience than traditional digital imaging. They will also execute practical group projects to develop their own computational photography application.

positions

## Content

Computational photography is the art, science, and engineering of creating a great (still or moving) image. Information is recorded in space, time, across visible and invisible radiation and from other sources, and then post-processed to produce the final - visually pleasing - result.

Basics: Human vision system, Light and illumination, Geometric optics, Color science, Sensors, Digital camera systems. Generalized illumination: Structured light, High dynamic range (HDR) imaging, Time-of-flight.

Generalized optics: Coded Image Sensing, Coded aperture, Focal stacks.

Generalized sensing: Low light imaging, Depth imaging, Plenoptic imaging, Light field cameras.

Generalized processing: Super-resolution, In-painting, Compositing, Photomontages, Panoramas, HDR imaging, Multi-wavelength imaging, Dynamic imaging.

Generalized display: Stereoscopic displays, HDR displays, 3D displays, Mobile displays.

Deep Learning for image resoration and image enhancement.

#### Keywords

Computational Photography, Coded Image Sensing, Non-classical image capture, Multi-Image & Sensor Fusion, Mobile Imaging, Machine Learning

#### **Learning Prerequisites**

**Required courses** 

- A basic Signal Processing, Image Processing, and/or Computer Vision course.
- Linear Algebra.

#### **Recommended courses**

- Introduction to Computer Vision.
- Signal Processing for Communications.
- Machine Learning.

## Important concepts to start the course

- Basic signal/image processing.
- Basic computer vision.
- Basic programming (Python, iOS, Android).

## **Learning Outcomes**

- Identify the main components of a computational photography system.
- Contextualise the main trends in computational optics, sensing, processing, and displays.
- Create a computational photography application.
- Design a computational photography solution to solve a particular imaging task.
- Assess / Evaluate hardware and software combinations for their imaging performance.
- Formulate computational photography challenges that still need to be resolved.

## **Transversal skills**

- Evaluate one's own performance in the team, receive and respond appropriately to feedback.
- Continue to work through difficulties or initial failure to find optimal solutions.

#### **Teaching methods**

The course consists of 2 hours of lectures per week that will cover the theoretical basics. An additional 2 hours per week are dedicated to a group project designing, developing, and programming a computional photography application on a mobile plateform (iOS, Android).

#### **Expected student activities**

The studens is expected to attend the class and actively participate in the practical group project, which requires coding on either Android or iOS plateform. The student is also required to read the assigned reading material (book chapters, scientific articles).

#### Assessment methods

The theoretical part will be evaluated with an oral exam at the end of the semester, and the practical part based on the students' group projects

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

#### Resources

**Bibliography** 

- Selected book chapters
- Course notes (on moodle)
- Links to relevant scientific articles and on-line resources will be given on moodle.

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-413

# CS-442 Computer vision

Fua Pascal

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Е	Opt.	Contact language	English
Computer science minor	Е	Opt.	Credits	6 Current of a
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Written
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
Data science minor	Е	Opt.	Hours	3 weekly
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Lecture Exercises	2 weekly
Minor in Imaging	E	Opt.	Number of	1 weekly
Neuro-X minor	Е	Opt.	positions	
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.		
Robotics	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.		

#### Summary

Computer Vision aims at modeling the world from digital images acquired using video or infrared cameras, and other imaging sensors. We will focus on images acquired using digital cameras. We will introduce basic processing techniques and discuss their field of applicability.

## Content

#### Introduction

- History of Computer Vision
- Human vs Machine Vision
- Image formation

#### Extracting 2D Features

- Contours
- Texture
- Regions

## **3D Shape Recovery**

- From one single image
- From multiple images

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose relevant algorithms in specific situations
- Perform simple image-understanding tasks

## **Teaching methods**



Ex cathedra lectures and programming exercises using Python.

## **Assessment methods**

With continuous control

# Resources

Bibliography

• R. Szeliski, Computer Vision: Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications, 2010.

• A. Zisserman and R. Hartley, Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision, Cambridge University Press, 2003.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications / Szeliski
- Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision / Zisserman

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-442

CS-453	Concurrent comp	uting			
	Guerraoui Rachid				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cybersecurity		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
				Workload	180h
				Weeks	14
				Hours	5 weekly
				Lecture	2 weekly
				Exercises	1 weekly
				Practical work	2 weekly
				Number of	

#### Summary

With the advent of modern architectures, it becomes crucial to master the underlying algorithmics of concurrency. The objective of this course is to study the foundations of concurrent algorithms and in particular the techniques that enable the construction of robust such algorithms.

#### Content

#### Model of a parallel system

Multicore and multiprocessors architecture

Processes and objects

Safety and liveness

#### Parallel programming

Automatic parallelism Mutual exclusion and locks Non-blocking data structures

#### **Register Implementations**

Safe, regular and atomic registers Counters General and limited operations Atomic counters and snapshots

#### **Hierarchy of objects**

The FLP impossibility The consensus number Universal constructions

## **Transactional memories**

Transactional algorithms Opacity and obstruction-freedom

### Anonymous computing

#### Fault-tolerant shared-memory computing

**Keywords** 



positions

Concurrency, parallelism, algorithms, data structures

**Learning Prerequisites** 

Required courses ICC, Operating systems

**Recommended courses** This course is complementary to the Distributed Algorithms course

**Important concepts to start the course** Processes, threads, datas structures

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Reason in a precise manner about concurrency
- Design a concurrent algorithm
- Prove a concurrent algorithm
- Implement a concurrent system

## **Teaching methods**

Lectures, exercises and practical work

**Expected student activities** 

Final exam Project

Assessment methods Final exam (theory) and project (practice)

Resources Notes/Handbook Algorithms for Concurrent Systems, R. Guerraoui and P. Kouznetsov

Moodle Link

https://go.epfl.ch/CS-453

# COM-401 Cryptography and security

Vaudenay Serge

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Credits Session	8 Winter
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Exam	Written
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Hours	6 weekly
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Lecture	4 weekly
Financial engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
Minor in Quantum Science and Engineering	Н	Opt.	positions	
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.		

#### Summary

This course introduces the basics of cryptography. We review several types of cryptographic primitives, when it is safe to use them and how to select the appropriate security parameters. We detail how they work and sketch how they can be implemented.

#### Content

- 1. Ancient cryptography: Vigenère, Enigma, Vernam cipher, Shannon theory
- 2. Diffie-Hellman cryptography: algebra, Diffie-Hellman, ElGamal
- 3. **RSA cryptography**: number theory, RSA, factoring
- 4. Elliptic curve cryptography: elliptic curves over a finite field, ECDH, ECIES, pairing
- 5. Symmetric encryption: block ciphers, stream ciphers, exhaustive search
- 6. Integrity and authentication: hashing, MAC, birthday paradox
- 7. Public-key cryptography: cryptosystem, digital signature, post-quantum cryptography
- 8. Trust establishment: password-based cryptography, secure communication, trust setups
- 9. Case studies: WiFI, bitcoin, mobile telephony, WhatsApp, EMV, Bluetooth, biometric passport, TLS

#### Keywords

cryptography, encryption, secure communication

Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** 

- Algebra (MATH-310)
- Probabilities and statistics (MATH-232)
- Algorithms (CS-250)

# **Recommended courses**

• Computer security (COM-301)

Important concepts to start the course



- Mathematical reasoning
- Probabilities
- Algebra, arithmetics
- Algorithmics

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose the appropriate cryptographic primitive in a security infrastructure
- Judge the strength of existing standards
- Assess / Evaluate the security based on key length
- Implement algorithms manipulating big numbers and use number theory
- Use algebra and probability theory to analyze cryptographic algorithms
- · Identify the techniques to secure the communication and establish trust

#### Teaching methods

ex-cathedra

#### **Expected student activities**

- active participation during the course
- take notes during the course
- do the exercises during the exercise sessions
- complete the regular tests and homework
- read the material from the course
- self-train using the provided material
- do the midterm exam and final exam

#### **Assessment methods**

Mandatory continuous evaluation:

- homework (30%)
- regular graded tests (30%)
- midterm exam (40%)

Final exam averaged (same weight) with the continuous evaluation, but with final grade between final\_exam-1 and final\_exam+1.

#### **Supervision**

Forum	Yes
Others	Lecturers and assistants are available upon appointment.

## Resources

## Bibliography

- Communication security: an introduction to cryptography. Serge Vaudenay. Springer 2004.
- A computational introduction to number theory and algebra. Victor Shoup. Cambridge University Press

# 2005.

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- A computational introduction to number theory and algebra / Shoup
- Communication security / Vaudenay

# Websites

https://lasec.epfl.ch/teaching.php

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-401

# Videos

• https://mediaspace.epfl.ch/channel/COM-401+Cryptography+and+security

# **Prerequisite for**

- Advanced cryptography (COM-501)
- Student seminar: security protocols and applications (COM-506)

# COM-480 Data visualization

Vuillon Laurent Gilles Marie

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computational biology minor	Е	Opt.	language	
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
Data science minor	E	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Weeks	14
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	Hours Lecture	4 weekly 2 weekly
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Project	2 weekly
Learning Sciences		Opt.	Number of positions	
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positions	
Statistics	MA2	Opt.		

## Summary

Understanding why and how to present complex data interactively in an effective manner has become a crucial skill for any data scientist. In this course, you will learn how to design, judge, build and present your own interactive data visualizations.

#### Content

#### Tentative course schedule

Week 1: Introduction to Data visualization Web development

- Week 2: Javascript
- Week 3: More Javascript

Week 4: Data Data driven documents (D3.js)

Week 5: Interaction, filtering, aggregation (UI /UX). Advanced D3 / javascript libs

- Week 6: Perception, cognition, color Marks and channels
- Week 7: Designing visualizations (UI/UX) Project introduction Dos and don'ts for data-viz
- Week 8: Maps (theory) Maps (practice)
- Week 9: Text visualization
- Week 10: Graphs
- Week 11: Tabular data viz Music viz
- Week 12: Introduction to scientific visualisation
- Week 13: Storytelling with data / data journalism Creative coding
- Week 14: Wrap-Up

#### Keywords

Data viz, visualization, data science

#### **Learning Prerequisites**

**Required courses** 

CS-305 Software engineering (BA) CS-250 Algorithms (BA) CS-401 Applied data analysis (MA)

Recommended courses EE-558 A Network Tour of Data Science (MA) CS-486 Interaction design (MA) EPFL



## CS-210 Functional programming (BA)

#### Important concepts to start the course

Being autonomous is a prerequisite, we don't offer office hours and we won't have enough teaching assistants (you've been warned!).

Knowledge of one of the following prograaming language such as C++, Python, Scala. Familiarity with web-development (you already have a blog, host a webiste). Experience with HTML5,

Javascript is a strong plus for the course.

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Judge visualization in a critical manner and suggest improvements.
- Design and implement visualizations from the idea to the final product according to human perception and cognition
- Know the common data-viz techniques for each data domain (multivariate data, networks, texts, cartography, etc) with their technical limitations
- Create interactive visualizations int he browser using HTM5 and Javascript

#### **Transversal skills**

- Communicate effectively, being understood, including across different languages and cultures.
- Negotiate effectively within the group.
- Resolve conflicts in ways that are productive for the task and the people concerned.

#### **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lectures, exercises, and group projects

#### Expected student activities

- Follow lectures
- · Read lectures notes and textbooks
- Create an advanced data-viz in groups of 3.
- Answer questions assessing the evolution of the project.
- Create a 2min screencast presentation of the viz.
- Create a process book for the final data viz.

#### **Assessment methods**

- Data-viz (35%)
- Technical implementation (15%)
- Website, presentation, screencast (25%)
- Process book (25%)

## Resources

**Bibliography** 

Visualization Analysis and Design by Tamara Munzner, CRC Press (2014). Free online version at EPFL.

Interactive Data Visualization for the Web by Scott Murray O'Reilly (2013) - D3 - Free online version. The Truthful Art: Data, Charts, and Maps for Communication by Cairo, Alberto. Royaume-Uni, New Riders, (2016).

**Data Visualisation: A Handbook for Data Driven Design** by Kirk, Andy. Royaume-Uni, SAGE Publications, (2019).

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- Data Visualisation / Kirk
- Visualization Analysis and Design / Munzner
- Interactive Data Visualization for the Web / Murray
- The Truthful Art / Cairo

Notes/Handbook

Lecture notes

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-480

# CS-438 Decentralized systems engineering

EPFL

2 weekly

2 weekly

Exercises

Project

Number of positions

Borsò-Tan	Pierluca
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Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	language	Englion
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Credits Session	8 Winter
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Exam	Oral
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
			Hours	6 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly

#### Summary

A decentralized system is one that works when no single party is in charge or fully trusted. This course teaches decentralized systems principles while guiding students through the engineering of their own decentralized system featuring messaging, file sharing, encryption, and blockchain concepts.

#### Content

• Addressing, Forwarding, Routing. Peer-to-peer communication.

• Information gossip. UseNet: technical, security, and social lessons. Randomized rumor-mongering and anti-entropy algorithms.

• Communicating Securely: Basic Cryptographic Tools. Symmetric-key encryption. Hash functions, message authentication. Diffie-Hellman key exchange. Public-key encryption, digital signatures.

• Trust and Reputation. Authorities, trust networks. Sybil attacks and defenses.

• Naming and search. Request flooding. Hierarchical directories, landmark routing. Self-certifying identities. Distributed hash tables.

• Distributed consensus, distributed ledgers (blockchains), and cryptocurrencies.

• Anonymous Communication. Onion routing, mix networks. Dining cryptographers. Voting, verifiable shuffles, homomorphic encryption. Anonymous disruption.

• Fireproofing Alexandria: Decentralized Storage. Replication. Parity, erasure coding. Renewal. Digital preservation.

• Content Distribution. Opportunistic caching (FreeNet). Content integrity: hash trees, hash file systems.

Convergent encryption. Swarming downloads: BitTorrent. Free-riding, incentives.

• Gaining perspective. Spam, malicious content. Review/moderation and reputation systems. Leveraging social networks (Peerspective). Balancing local and global viewpoints.

- Decentralized Collaboration. Network file systems, version management. Consistency.
- Consistency Models. Disconnected operation, eventual consistency, conflict resolution.
- Distributed Consensus. Paxos. Accountability (PeerReview). Byzantine fault tolerance.

• Mobile Code. Smart contract systems. Privacy: trusted computing, fully homomorphic encryption. Decentralized virtual organizations.

· Going into production: Quality assurance, chaos engineering and operations.

#### Keywords

distributed systems, decentralized systems, security, privacy, anonymity, cryptography, gossip, consensus, swarming, blockchain, cryptocurrency

#### **Learning Prerequisites**

• COM-208 Computer networks

#### **Recommended courses**

- CS-206 Parallelism and concurrency
- COM-301 Computer security
- CS-323 Introduction to operating systems

#### Important concepts to start the course

Students must already be highly competent at programming and debugging in a high-level systems programming language such as Java, C#, or Go. Programming exercises will be in Go, but students already well-versed and experienced in programming with comparable systems languages should be able to pick up Go during the course.

Students should have both solid foundational knowledge of how networks function, and some experience actually writing network programs, e.g., TCP/IP programming using the Sockets API.

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Implement decentralized systems via hands-on coding, debugging, and testing
- Design practical distributed and decentralized systems
- Design effective testing strategies for distributed and decentralized systems

#### **Transversal skills**

- Set objectives and design an action plan to reach those objectives.
- Identify the different roles that are involved in well-functioning teams and assume different roles, including leadership roles.
- Assess progress against the plan, and adapt the plan as appropriate.
- Take account of the social and human dimensions of the engineering profession.

#### **Teaching methods**

Lectures: The course's lectures will present and discuss challenges, known techniques, and open questions in decentralized system design and implementation. Lectures will often be driven by examination of real decentralized systems with various purposes in widespread use the past or present, such as UseNet, IRC, FreeNet, Tor, BitTorrent, and Bitcoin. Throughout the course we will explore fundamental security and usability challenges such as decentralized identification and authentication, denial-of-service and Sybil attacks, and maintenance of decentralized structures undergoing rapid changes (churn).

**Labs**: During the semester, students will develop a small but usable peer-to-peer communication application that reflects a few of the important design principles and techniques to be explored in the course, such as gossip, distributed hash tables, consensus algorithms, and cryptocurrencies. The labs will designed so that solutions can initially be tested individually on private, virtual networks running on one machine, then tested collectively by attempting to make different students' solutions interoperate on a real network.

Warning: This course is extremely programming-intensive. Students should be strong and confident in their

programming skills in general, and be willing to spend substantial time outside of class debugging difficult distributed concurrency bugs and other challenges. TAs will be available to help at the exercise sessions, but *they will not solve your problems or debug your code for you*.

## **Expected student activities**

Students will be expected to attend lectures to understand the concepts needed for the course, but the main workload will be actual hands-on programming assignments, which the students will perform on their own during the first part of the course and in teams during the final project-oriented part of the course.

## Assessment methods

• Programming assignment grading (evaluating function, performance, correctness and implementation quality): 50%

• Final project grading and associated oral exam (accounting for scope, appropriateness, implementation quality, testing and documentation): 50%

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

#### Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

# **Moodle Link**

https://go.epfl.ch/CS-438

# EE-559

Deep learning Cavallaro Andrea

0	0	<b>T</b>		
Cursus Civil & Environmental Engineering	Sem.	Type Opt.	Contact	English
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language Credits	4
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		•	Withdrawal	Unauthorized
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session	Summer
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester Exam	Spring During the
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	LXam	semester
Data science minor	E	Opt.	Workload	120h
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Weeks Hours	14 <b>4 weekly</b>
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exercises	2 weekly
Financial engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Number of positions	150
Learning Sciences		Opt.		
Life Sciences Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Minor in Quantum Science and Engineering	E	Opt.		
Neuro-X minor	E	Opt.		
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.		
Robotics	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Statistics	MA2	Opt.		

## Resources

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/EE-559

CS-472

# Design technologies for integrated systems

EPFL

Cursus	Sem.	Sem. Type	Contact	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During t
MNIS	MA3	Obl.	Workload	semeste 180h
Neuro-X minor	Н	Opt.	Weeks	14
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours Lecture	5 weekly 3 wee
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Project	2 wee
			Number of positions	

#### Summary

Hardware compilation is the process of transforming specialized hardware description languages into circuit descriptions, which are iteratively refined, detailed and optimized. The course presents algorithms, tools and methods for hardware compilation and logic synthesis.

#### Content

The course will present the most outstanding features of hardware compilation, as well as the techniques for optimizing logic representations and networks. The course gives a novel, uptodate view of digital circuit design. Practical sessions will teach students the use of current design tools.Syllabus1) Modeling languages and specification formalisms;2) High-level synthesis and optimization methods (scheduling, binding, data-path and control synthesis);3) Representation and optimization of combinational logic functions (encoding problems, binary decision diagrams);4) Representation and optimization of multiple-level networks (algebraic and Boolean methods, "don't care" set computation, timing verification and optimization);5) Modeling and optimization of sequential functions and networks (retiming);6) Semicustom libraries and library binding.

#### **Keywords**

Hardware, VLSI, Synthesis, Optimization, Algorithms

#### **Learning Prerequisites**

Required courses No specific course

# **Recommended courses** Good knowledge of digital design, algorithm design and programming.

**Important concepts to start the course** Good knowledge of digital design, algorithm design and programming.

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Recognize important problems in digital design
- Examine and evaluate available design tools and methods
- Decide upon a design tool flow to perform a digital design

# **Transversal skills**

• Plan and carry out activities in a way which makes optimal use of available time and other resources.

# **Assessment methods**

Continuous control : Homework : 30 %, Project 10 %, Midterm test : 25 %, End term test : 35 %

Resources Bibliography G. De Micheli, Synthesis and Optimization of Digital Circuits, McGraw'Hill.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• Synthesis and Optimization of Digital Circuits / De Micheli

# Notes/Handbook

Copies of the slides used for lectures will be given in class and posted.

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-472

# CS-411 Digital education

Dillenbourg Pierre, Jermann Patrick

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
Learning Sciences		Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Lecture Project	2 weekly 2 weekly
			Number of positions	

# Summary

This course addresses the relationship between specific technological features and the learners' cognitive processes. It also covers the methods and results of empirical studies on this topic: do student actually learn due to technologies?

# Content

- Learning theories and learning processes.
- Types of learning technlogies
- Instructional design: methods, patterns and principles.
- On-line education.
- Effectiveness of learning technologies.
- Methods for empirical research.
- Computational thinkiing skills
- Maker spaces

# Keywords

learning, pedagogy, teaching, online education, maker spaces

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Describe the learning processes triggered by a technology-based activity
- Explain how a technology feature influences learning processes
- Elaborate a study that measures the learning effects of a digital environment
- Select appropriately a learning technology given the target audience and the expected learning outcomes

# **Transversal skills**

• Set objectives and design an action plan to reach those objectives.

# **Teaching methods**

The course will combine participatory lectures with a project around learning analytics



The project will include a few milestones to be delivered along the semester.

# Assessment methods

• Project + exam

• 50 / 50

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-411

# CS-451 Distributed algorithms

Guerraoui Rachid

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	language	English
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	Credits	8
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Exam	Written
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises Practical work <b>Number of</b>	1 weekly 3 weekly

### Summary

Computing is nowadays distributed over several machines, in a local IP-like network, a cloud or a P2P network. Failures are common and computations need to proceed despite partial failures of machines or communication links. This course will study the foundations of reliable distributed computing.

positions

### Content

Reliable broadcast Causal Broadcast Total Order Broadcast Consensus Non-Blocking Atomic Commit Group Membership, View Synchrony Terminating Reliable Broadcast Shared Memory in Message Passing Systems Byzantine Fault Tolerance Self Stabilization Population protocols (models of mobile networks) Bitcoin, Blockchain Distributed Machine Learning Gossip

### **Keywords**

Distributed algorithms, checkpointing, replication, consensus, atomic broadcast, ditributed transactions, atomic commitment, 2PC, Machine Learning

# Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Basics of Algorithms, networking and operating systems

# **Recommended courses**

The lecture is orthogonal to the one on concurrent algorithms: it makes a lot of sense to take them in parallel.

# Learning Outcomes



By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose an appropriate abstraction to model a distributed computing problem
- Specify the abstraction
- Present and implement it
- Analyze its complexity
- Prove a distributed algorithm
- Implement a distributed system

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedera Lectures, exercises and practical work

# Assessment methods

Final exam (theory) Project (practice)

# Resources

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• Introduction to reliable and secure distributed programming / Cachin

# Notes/Handbook Reliable and Secure Distributed Programming Springer Verlag C. Cachin, R. Guerraoui, L. Rodrigues

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-451

# CS-423 Distributed information systems

EPFL

Aberer	Karl
Aberer	i \an

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Biocomputing minor	Н	Opt.	language	Linglish
Civil & Environmental Engineering		Opt.	Credits	6
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	3 weekly
Data science minor	Н	Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	1 weekly
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	positions	
Environmental Sciences and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Learning Sciences		Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.		

# Summary

This course introduces the foundations of information retrieval, data mining and knowledge bases, which constitute the foundations of today's Web-based distributed information systems.

# Content

# Information Retrieval

- 1. Information Retrieval Introduction
- 2. Text-Based Information Retrieval (Boolean, Vector space, probabilistic)
- 3. Inverted Files
- 4. Distributed Retrieval
- 5. Query Expansion
- 6. Embedding models (LSI, word2vec)
- 7. Link-Based Ranking

# **Mining Unstructured Data**

- 1. Document Classification (knn, Naive Bayes, Fasttext, Transformer models)
- 2. Recommender Systems (collaborative filtering, matrix factorization)
- 3. Mining Social Graphs (modularity clustering, Girvan-Newman)

# **Knowledge Bases**

- 1. Semantic Web
- 2. Keyphrase extraction
- 3. Named entity recognition
- 4. Information extraction
- 5. Taxonomy Induction
- 6. Entity Disambiguation
- 7. Label Propagation
- 8. Link Prediction

# **Learning Prerequisites**

# **Recommended courses**

Introductory courses to databases and machine learning are helpful, but not required. Programming skills in Python are helpful, but not required.



# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Characterize the main tasks performed by information systems, namely data, information and knowledge management
- Apply collaborative information management models, like crowd-sourcing, recommender systems, social networks
- Apply knowledge models, their representation through Web standards and algorithms for storing and processing semi-structured data
- Apply fundamental models and techniques of text retrieval and their use in Web search engines
- Apply main categories of data mining techniques, local rules, predictive and descriptive models, and master representative algorithms for each of the categories

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra + programming projects (Python)

### **Assessment methods**

60% Continuous evaluations of projects with bonus system during the semester 40% Final written exam (180 min) during exam session

# Resources

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-423

# ENG-466 Distributed intelligent systems

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Biocomputing minor	Е	Opt.	language	Ligist
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits Session	5
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Summer Spring
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Oral
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	150h 14
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours	5 weekly
Energy Science and Technology	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
Environmental Sciences and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exercises Number of	3 weekly
Mechanical engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positions	
Microtechnics	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.		
Robotics	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.		

# Remark

Pas donné en 2023-24

# Summary

The goal of this course is to provide methods and tools for modeling distributed intelligent systems as well as designing and optimizing coordination strategies. The course is a well-balanced mixture of theory and practical activities.

# Content

- Introduction to key concepts such as self-organization and tools used in the course
- Examples of natural, artificial and hybrid distributed intelligent systems
- Modeling methods: sub-microscopic, microscopic, macroscopic, multi-level; spatial and non-spatial; mean field, approximated and exact approaches
- Machine-learning methods: single- and multi-agent techniques; expensive optimization problems and noise resistance
- Coordination strategies and distributed control: direct and indirect schemes; algorithms and methods; performance evaluation
- Application examples in distributed sensing and action

# Keywords

Artificial intelligence, swarm intelligence, distributed robotics, sensor networks, modeling, machine-learning, control

# Learning Prerequisites

# **Required courses**

Fundamentals in analysis, probability, and programming for both compiled and interpreted languages

# **Recommended courses**

Basic knowledge in statistics, programming language used in the course (C, Matlab, Python), and signals

### and systems

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design control algorithms
- Formulate a model at different level of abstraction for a distributed intelligent system
- Analyze a model of a distributed intelligent system
- Analyze a distributed coordination strategy/algorithm
- Design a distributed coordination strategy/algorithm
- Implement code for single robot and multi-robot systems
- Carry out systematic performance evaluation of a distributed intelligent system
- Apply modeling and design methods to specific problems requiring distributed sensing and action
- Optimize a controller or a set of possibly coordinated controllers using model-based or data-driven methods

# **Transversal skills**

- Demonstrate a capacity for creativity.
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Collect data.
- Plan and carry out activities in a way which makes optimal use of available time and other resources.
- Write a scientific or technical report.
- Evaluate one's own performance in the team, receive and respond appropriately to feedback.

# **Teaching methods**

Ex-cathedra lectures, assisted exercises, and homework in team

# **Expected student activities**

Attending lectures, carrying out exercises and the course project, and reading handouts.

# Assessment methods

Oral exam (60%) with continuous assessment during the semester (40%).

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Bibliography Lecture notes, selected papers and book chapters distributed at each lecture.

# Websites

https://disal.epfl.ch/teaching/distributed\_intelligent\_systems/

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/ENG-466

# Prerequisite for

R&D activities in engineering

#### COM-502

# Dynamical system theory for engineers

Cursus	Sem.	Туре		Contact	English	
Biocomputing minor	Е	Opt.		language	Linglish	
Computational Neurosciences minor	Е	Opt.		Credits	6	
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Session Semester		Summer Spring
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Exam	Written	
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Workload Weeks	180h 14	
Life Sciences Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Hours	3 weekly	
Mechanical engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		Lecture Exercises	2 weekly	
Neuro-X minor	Е	Opt.		Number of	1 weekly	
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.		positions		
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.				
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.				
Systems Engineering minor	E	Opt.				

# Remark

Cours biennal, pas donné en 2023-24

# Summary

Linear and nonlinear dynamical systems are found in all fields of science and engineering. After a short review of linear system theory, the class will explain and develop the main tools for the qualitative analysis of nonlinear systems, both in discrete-time and continuous-time.

# Content

• Introduction: Dynamics of linear and non linear systems. Definitions; Unicity of a solution; Limit Sets, Attractors.

• Linear Systems: Solutions; Stability of autonomous systems, Geometrical analysis, connection with frequency domain analysis.

• Nonlinear Systems: Solutions; Examples. Large-scale notions of stability (Lyapunov functions). Hamiltonian systems, gradient systems. Small-scale notions of stability (Linearization; stability and basin of attraction of an equilibrium point, stability of periodic solutions, Floquet Multipliers). Graphical methods for the analysis of low-dimensional systems. Introduction to structural stability, Bifurcation theory. Introduction to chaotic systems (Lyapunov exponents); time permitting: a review of tools of measure theory to compute Lyapunov exponents.

• The class is methodology-driven. It may present some limited examples of applications, but it is not application-driven.

# Keywords

Dynamical Systems, Attractors, Equilibrium point, Limit Cycles, Stability, Lyapunov Functions, Bifurcations, Lyapunov exponents.

# **Learning Prerequisites**

# **Required courses**

- Linear algebra (MATH 111 or equivalent).
- Analysis I, II, III (MATH 101, 106, 203 or equivalent).

• Circuits & Systems II (EE 205 or equivalent) or a Systems & Signals class (MICRO 310/311 or equivalent).

# **Recommended courses**

• A first-year Probability class, such as MATH-232, MATH-231, MATH-234(b), MATH-234(c), or equivalent.

• Analysis IV (MATH 207 or equivalent)

# Important concepts to start the course

- Linear Algebra (vector spaces, matrix operations, including inversion and eigendecomposition).
- Calculus (linear ordinary differential equations; Fourier, Laplace and z-Transforms).
- Basic notions of topology.
- Basic notions of probability.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Analyze a linear or nonlinear dynamical system
- Anticipate the asymptotic behavior of a dynamical system
- Assess / Evaluate the stability of a dynamical system
- Identify the type of solutions of a dynamical system

# **Teaching methods**

- Lectures (blackboard), 2h per week
- Exercise session, 1h per week

# **Expected student activities**

Exercises in class and at home (paper and pencil, and Matlab)

# **Assessment methods**

- 1. Mid-term 20% (conditionally on the Covid situation allowing for it to be taken at EPFL).
- 2. Final exam 80%

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

### **Bibliography**

Course notes; textbooks given as reference on the moodle page of the course.

# Notes/Handbook

Course notes, exercises and solutions provided on the moodle page of the course.

# **Moodle Link**

#### • https://go.epfl.ch/COM-502

# CS-476 Embedded system design

Kluter Ties Jan Henderikus

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Summer
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Spring
Robotics	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload	180h
			Weeks	14

Hours

Lecture

Practical

work Number of positions

# Summary

Hardware-software co-design is a well known concept in embedded system design. It is also a concept required in designing FPGA-accelerators in data-centers. This course teaches how to transform algorithms in smart hardware-software solutions.

# Content

High-level architectures:

- FIFO's, LIFO's, ring-buffers, and ping-pong buffers.
- FSM-D (finite state machine data-path) structures.
- Stream processing.

# Acceleration methods:

- Custom instruction set extensions.
- Hardware accelerators
- Compiler optimizations.

# Implementation methods:

- Hardware-software co-design.
- Timing closure.
- Virtual prototyping.
- Bare metal versus usage of an RTOS.

# Learning Prerequisites

# Required courses

•

# **Recommended courses**

Architecture-aware programming



4 weekly

2 weekly

2 weekly

• Computer Architecture I and II

# Important concepts to start the course

- C/C++ programming skills
- Verilog/VHDL description skills

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design buffers to account for different read and write behaviors
- Understand the concept of FSM-D's and use this concept to design accelerators
- Understand the concept of stream processing and be able to implement a stream processor
- Design and optimize an embedded system on FPGA given a set of prerequisites

# **Teaching methods**

- First 9 weeks : theory with small projects and reports
- Last 5 weeks : mini project in groups of 2 students with final demonstration and presentation

# **Expected student activities**

- Perform in groups of two students small projects to put the theory into practice
- Optimize a real world problem in a final project, explain the choices made, and present the results

# **Assessment methods**

- Moodle quizzes : 10%
- Lab reports : 40%
- Final mini-project : 50%

### **Supervision**

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Others	Electronic forum and Moodle

# Resources

# Moodle Link

https://go.epfl.ch/CS-476

# DH-415 Ethics and law of Al

Rochel Johan Robert

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	4
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Withdrawal Session	Unauthorized Winter
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam Workload	Written 120h
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Weeks	14
			Hours Lecture Practical work	3 weekly 2 weekly 1 weekly
			Number of	100

positions

# Summary

This master course enables students to sharpen their proficiency in tackling ethical and legal challenges linked to Artificial Intelligence (AI). Students acquire the competence to define AI and identify ethical and legal questions linked to its conception and increased use in society.

# Content

Al is used as shortcut-concept to identify a number of computational systems producing intelligent behavior, i.e., complex behavior conducive to reaching goals. Al systems are increasingly used across society. They raise conceptual issues (how to define AI?), technological-ethical issues (how should AI systems be conceived?), legal issues (how to define the responsibility of an AI system? how to regulate AI?) and social-political issues (which justice questions does the deployment of AI raise?)

The following issues will be dealt with:

- What is ethics?

**Keywords** 

- What is an AI system?
- Who is responsible for the actions of an AI system?
- What are the most pressing ethical questions in the phase of conception of AI systems?
- How should we design AI system in order to overcome ethical-legal challenges?
- Should we regulate AI?
- How should we address the consequences of the wide deployment of AI systems?

artificial intelligence, ethics, law, data, regulation, responsibility

**Learning Prerequisites** 

Required courses No pre-requirement

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Define the concept of AI
- Assess / Evaluate the contexts in which AI is deployed



- Systematize general principles (law and ethics)
- Analyze the different senses/conceptions/interpretations of agency, autonomy and responsibility
- Develop principles for the conception of AI system
- Distinguish legal and ethical arguments

# **Transversal skills**

- Demonstrate the capacity for critical thinking
- Take account of the social and human dimensions of the engineering profession.
- Respect relevant legal guidelines and ethical codes for the profession.
- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.

# **Teaching methods**

The course will be organized as an interactive and participative course. For the weekly course: students have to read texts and to be ready for critical discussion. For the weekly exercise: students have to engage in group discussions. The course requires reading complex texts in English.

# **Expected student activities**

Weekly reading of preparatory texts Active participation in class, both course and exercise

# **Assessment methods**

Students will be assessed in the following way :

- Mid-term: students will have to answer 2 questions during class (compulsory, no grading)
- Open book written exam during the exam session (100% of the grade)

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Others	Upon appointment with Dr Rochel

# Resources

**Bibliography** All resources will be made available on moodle. To start with: *AI Ethics* (Mark Coekelbergh, MIT 2020)

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• AI Ethics / Mark Coeckelbergh

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/DH-415

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CS-489	Experience design				
	Huang Jeffrey				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA1, MA3 Opt.		language	Linglish
Cybersecurity		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Digital Humanities		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
				Workload Weeks Hours Lecture Project Number of positions	180h 14 <b>6 weekly</b> 2 weekly 4 weekly

# Summary

As we move towards a design economy, the success of new products, systems and services depend increasingly on the excellence of personal experience. This course introduces students to the notion and practice of experience design following a hands-on, studio-based approach.

# Content

Experience design in practice encompasses the collection, analysis and design of users experiences based on a deep understanding of the context concerned. We will examine these processes using a series of mini-workshops, to rapidly iterate on multiple design experience options. The goal is to create a meaningful, interactive, data-driven (and possibly Al-assisted) digital interface and physical prototypes for new experiences.

We explore questions at the intersection of physical and digital architecture through an experience design approach, involving: (1) a mapping of the social dynamics surrounding an experience; (2) a critical analysis of the geographical and temporal flows (experience journeys); and (3) a detailed evaluation of the experience touch points. Based on this experience diagnosis, we propose alternative designs of experience blueprints that combine physical and digital touch points which in turn will constitute the elements of future typologies.

Our particular focus will be on information intensive typologies in the contemporary city, such as museums, libraries, airports, banks, boutiques, governments, hospitals and homes. Each year, we will investigate a different typology. Digital interfaces and augmented artifacts will be considered as possible alternatives to reconfigure the senses of perception, redistribute time, and reorchestrate the configuration of social, emotional and spatial experiences.

The seminar will combine students from both IC and ENAC to work together in a real interdisciplinary process.

# **Keywords**

User Experience (UX) Design, Design Thinking, Journey Mapping, Optioneering, Critical Prototyping, Value Proposition

# Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Bachelor in Computer Science or equivalent

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Identify issues of experience design in relation to an actual design project
- Perform rigorous analysis of the problem space and map the design opportunities
- Develop alternative design concepts for future artifacts

- Translate design concepts into meaningful experiences through iterative prototyping at appropriate scales and levels of granularity
- Create convincing arguments for the design propositions and persuasive visual and tangible evidence

# **Teaching methods**

Workshops, Design reviews, Presentations, Group projects

# **Expected student activities**

Group discussion, Case studies, Design Reviews, Pin-Up, Desk Crits

# **Assessment methods**

Grading will be based upon the quality of the projects in the preliminary workshops (30%), intermediary reviews (20%) and in the final review (50%). Projects will be reviewed and assessed based on their conceptual strength, the coherence of their translation into prototypes, their narrative clarity and experiential power, and the persuasiveness of their communication, both orally and through the presented artifacts.

# Supervision

Office hours Yes Assistants Yes

Resources Bibliography To be made available during the course

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-489

# CS-550 Formal verification

Kuncak Viktor

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Weeks	14
			Hours Lecture Exercises Practical work	6 weekly 2 weekly 2 weekly 2 weekly

# Summary

We introduce formal verification as an approach for developing highly reliable systems. Formal verification finds proofs that computer systems work under all relevant scenarios. We will learn how to use formal verification tools and explain the theory and the practice behind them.

# Content

Topics may include (among others) some of the following:

- Importance of Reliable Systems. Methodology of Formal Verification. Soundness and Completeness in Modeling and Tools. Successful Tools and Flagship Case Studies
- Review of Sets, Relations, Computability, Propositional and First-Order Logic Syntax, Semantics, Sequent Calculus.
- Completeness and Semi-Decidability for First-Order Logic. Inductive Definitions and Proof Trees. Higher-Order Logic and LCF Approach.
- State Machines. Transition Formulas. Traces. Strongest Postconditions and Weakest Preconditions.
- · Hoare Logic. Inductive Invariants. Well-Founded Relations and Termination Measures
- Linear Temporal Logic. System Verilog Assertions. Monitors
- SAT Solvers and Bounded Model Checking
- · Model Checking using Binary Decision Diagrams
- Loop Invariants. Hoare Logic. Statically Checked Function Contracts. Relational Semantics and Fixed-Point Semantics
- Symbolic Execution. Satisfiability Modulo Theories
- Abstract Interpretation
- Set theory for verification

### **Learning Prerequisites**

Recommended courses

Computer Language Processing / Compilers

**Important concepts to start the course** Discrete Mathematics (e.g. Kenneth Rosen: Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications)

Number of positions

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Formalize specifications
- Synthesize loop invariants
- Specify software functionality
- Generalize inductive hypothesis
- Critique current software development practices

# **Teaching methods**

Instructors will present lectures and exercises and supervise labs on student laptops.

# Expected student activities

Follow the course materials, take mid-term, and complete and explain projects during the semester.

# Assessment methods

The grade is based on the written mid-term, as well as code, documentation, and explanation of projects during the semester. Specific percentages will be communicated in the first class.

### **Supervision**

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

**Bibliography** 

# • Harrison, J. (2009). *Handbook of Practical Logic and Automated Reasoning*. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press. doi:10.1017/CBO9780511576430

# • Aaron Bradley and Zohar Manna: The Calculus of Computation - Decision Procedures with Applications to Verification, Springer 2007.

• Michael Huth and Mark Rayan: Logic in Computer Science - Modelling and Reasoning about Systems. Cambridge University Press 2004.

• Handbook of Model Checking, https://www.springer.com/de/book/9783319105741 Springer 2018. Including Chapter Model Checking Security Protocols by David Basin.

• Tobias Nipkow, Gerwin Klein: Concrete Semantics with Isabelle/HOL.

http://concrete-semantics.org/concrete-semantics.pdf

• Nielson, Flemming, Nielson, Hanne R., Hankin, Chris: Principles of Program Analysis. ISBN 978-3-662-03811-6. Springer 1999.

• Peter B. Andrews: An Introduction to Mathematical Logic and Type Theory (To Truth Through Proof), Springer 2002.

http://logitext.mit.edu/tutorial

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Handbook of model checking / Clarke
- Introduction to mathematical logic and type theory / Andrews
- Principles of Program Analysis / Flemming

- The Calculus of Computation / Bradley
- Logic in Computer Science / Huth
- Handbook of model checking : Model Checking Security Protocols / Bassin

# Notes/Handbook

https://lara.epfl.ch/w/fv

# Websites

• https://lara.epfl.ch/w/fv

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-550

# Videos

• https://tube.switch.ch/channels/f2d4e01d

# Prerequisite for

MSc thesis in the LARA group

# COM-406 Foundations of Data Science

Gastpar Michael C., Urbanke Rüdiger

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Credits Session	8 Winter
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Exam	Written
Data science minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
Minor in Quantum Science and Engineering	Н	Opt.	Lecture	4 weekly
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
Statistics	MA1, MA3	Opt.	positions	

# Summary

We discuss a set of topics that are important for the understanding of modern data science but that are typically not taught in an introductory ML course. In particular we discuss fundamental ideas and techniques that come from probability, information theory as well as signal processing.

# Content

This class presents basic concepts of Information Theory and Signal Processing and their relevance to emerging problems in Data Science and Machine Learning.

A tentative list of topics covered is:

- 1. Information Measures
- 2. Signal Representations
- 3. Detection and Estimation
- 4. Multi-arm Bandits
- 5. Distribution Estimation, Property Testing, and Property Estimation
- 6. Exponential Families
- 7. Compression and Dimensionality Reduction
- 8. Information Measures and Generalization Error

# Keywords

Information Theory, Signal Processing, Statistical Signal Processing, Machine Learning, Data Science.

Learning Prerequisites

Required courses COM-300 Modèles stochastiques pour les communications

Recommended courses Statistics

**Important concepts to start the course** Solid understanding of linear algebra and probability as well as real and complex analysis.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

• Formulate the fundamental concepts of signal processing such as basis representations and sampling

- Formulate the fundamental concepts of information theory such as entropy and mutual information
- Analyze problems in statistical settings using fundamental bounds from information theory
- Formulate problems using robust and universal techniques

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lectures, exercises, and small projects.

# **Expected student activities**

Follow lectures; independent work on problems (homework and small projects).

# Assessment methods

Written final exam during the exam session.

Homework Problem Sets during the semester.

10% homework, 30% midterm, 60% final exam; (if for some reason the course has to be given over zoom then we will skip the midterm and the course will be evaluated by 10% homework and 90% final)

# Resources

**Bibliography** Cover and Thomas, Elements of Information Theory (Second Edition), Wiley, 2006.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• Elements of Information Theory / Cover

Notes/Handbook Lectures notes will be available on the course web page.

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-406

# Foundations of probabilistic proofs



Number of positions

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Credits	6
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Ingmath	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During th
Mathématicien	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload	semeste 180h
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Weeks	14
			Hours	5 weekly
			Lecture	4 week
			Exercises	1 week

# Summary

CS-459

Probabilistic proof systems (eg PCPs and IPs) have had a tremendous impact on theoretical computer science, as well as on real-world secure systems. They underlie delegation of computation protocols and hardness of approximation. This course covers the foundations of probabilistic proof systems.

# Content

Proofs are at the foundations of mathematics, and verifying the correctness of a mathematical proof is a fundamental computational task. (The P versus NP problem, which deals precisely with the complexity of proof verification, is one of the most important open problems in all of mathematics.) The complexity-theoretic study of proof verification has led to new notions of mathematical proofs, such as Interactive Proofs, Probabilistically Checkable Proofs, and others. Probabilistic proofs are a powerful tool for proving hardness of approximation results, and are an essential building block to achieve delegation of computation, probabilistic proofs have had a tremendous impact on theoretical computer science and, more recently, are playing an exciting role in applied cryptography, computer security, and blockchain technology (e.g., they help secure billions of dollars in transactionds per day).

This course provides an introduction to probabilistic proofs and the beautiful mathematics underlying them. Covered topics include arithmetization, the sumcheck protocol, zero knowledge, doubly-efficient interactive proofs, linearity testing, low-degree testing, proof composition, succinct verification, and more.

This courses assumes basic familiarity with algorithms (asymptotic notation and analysis of algorithms), complexity theory (computation models and simple complexity classes), and some algebra (finite fields and their properties).

# Learning Prerequisites

Recommended courses

- CS-250 Algorithms
- CS-251 Theory of Computation

Important concepts to start the course

- Basic knowledge of discrete probability.
- Basic knowledge of finite fields and their properties.
- Basic knowledge of algorithms (asymptotic notation and analysis of algorithms).
- Basic knowledge of computational complexity (Turing machines; boolean circuits; complexity classes;

reductions, familiarity with the classes P and NP; probabilistic computation and the class BPP).

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:



- Understand different models of probabilistic proofs
- Analyze the security of probabilistic proofs protocols and how general computations are probabilistically checked

# **Teaching methods**

Two weekly lectures that include definitions, theorems, and proofs. One weekly recitation to guide students through exercises. Weekly problem sets to reinforce the material.

# **Expected student activities**

- Attend lectures and participate in class
- Complete homework assignments
- Complete a final exam or final project

# **Assessment methods**

- Class participation (5%)
- Homeworks (55%)
- Exam or project (40%)

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

**Moodle Link** 

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-459

# CS-452 Foundations of software

Doeraene Sébastien

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Number of positions

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	language	Ligist
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Winter
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
			Exam	Written
			Workload	180h
			Weeks	14
			Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises	2 weekly

# Summary

The course introduces the foundations on which programs and programming languages are built. It introduces syntax, types and semantics as building blocks that together define the properties of a program part or a language. Students will learn how to apply these concepts in their reasoning.

# Content

- simple types, lambda-calculus
- normalization, references, exceptions
- subtyping
- recursive types
- polymorphism
- advanced features of the Scala type system

# Keywords

lambda-calculus, type systems

# **Learning Prerequisites**

Recommended courses Advanced topics in programming, Compiler construction

Important concepts to start the course Functional programming Basic knowledge of formal languages

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Argue design decisions of programming languages
- Assess / Evaluate soundness of type systems
- Design programming language semantics and typing rules
- Verify progress and preservation in type systems
- Work out / Determine operational equivalences
- Carry out projects of 2-3 weeks duration
- · Distinguish valid from invalid proofs

• Implement type systems and operational semantics

# **Transversal skills**

- Assess progress against the plan, and adapt the plan as appropriate.
- Evaluate one's own performance in the team, receive and respond appropriately to feedback.
- Identify the different roles that are involved in well-functioning teams and assume different roles, including leadership roles.
- Manage priorities.

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra, practical exercises

# Assessment methods

Final written exam during the exam session (60%) Projects and homeworks by groups during the semester (40%)

# Resources

**Moodle Link** 

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-452



2 weekly

Exercises

Number of positions

# MATH-483 Gödel and recursivity

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	5 Winter
Ingmath	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Mathématicien	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	150h 14
			Hours Lecture	<b>4 weekly</b> 2 weekly

### Remark

Pas donné en 2023-24 - Cours donné en alternance tous les deux ans

# Summary

Gödel incompleteness theorems and mathematical foundations of computer science

### Content

#### Gödel's theorems:

Peano and Robinson Arithmetics. Representable functions. Arithmetic of syntax. Incompleteness, and undecidability theorems.

#### Recursivity:

Turing Machines and variants. The Church-Turing Thesis. Universal Turing Machine. Undecidable problems (the halting and the Post-Correspondance problems). Reducibility. The arithmetical hierarchy. Relations to Turing machines. Turing degrees.

### Keywords

Gödel, incompleteness theorems, Peano arithmetic, Robinson arithmetic, decidability, recursively enumarable, arithmetical hierarchy, Turing machine, Turing degrees, jump operator, primitive recursive functions, recursive functions, automata, pushdown automata, regular languages, context-free languages, recursive languages, halting problem, universal Turing machine, Church thesis.

#### **Learning Prerequisites**

#### **Recommended courses**

Mathematical logic (or equivalent). A good understanding of 1st order logic is required - in particular the relation between syntax and semantics.

#### Important concepts to start the course

1st order logic: syntax, semantics, proof theory, completeness theorem, compactness theorem, Löwenheim-Skolem theorem.

#### Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Estimate whether a given theory, function, language is recursive or no
- Decide the class that a language belongs to (regular, context-free, recursive,...)



- Elaborate an automaton
- Design a Turing machine
- Formalize a proof in Peano arithmetic
- Sketch the incompleteness theorems
- Propose a non-standard model
- Argue why Hilbert program failed

### **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lecture and exercises

### Assessment methods

Written: 3 hours

Dans le cas de l'art. 3 al. 5 du Règlement de section, l'enseignant décide de la forme de l'examen qu'il communique aux étudiants concernés.

### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

```
Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI)
No
```

# Bibliography

Set Theory:

- Thomas Jech: Set theory, Springer 2006
- Kenneth Kunen: Set theory, Springer, 1983
- Jean-Louis Krivine: Theory des ensembles, 2007
- Patrick Dehornoy: Logique et théorie des ensembles; Notes de cours, FIMFA ENS:
- http://www.math.unicaen.fr/~dehornoy/surveys.html
- Yiannis Moschovakis: Notes on set theory, Springer 2006
- Karel Hrbacek and Thomas Jech: Introduction to Set theory, (3d edition), 1999

Recursion Theory :

- Micheal Sipser: Introduction to the Theory of Computation, Thomson Course Technology Boston, 2006
- Piergiorgio Odifreddi: Classical recursion theory, vol. 1 and 2, Springer, 1999
- Robert I. Soare: Recursively Enumerable Sets and Degres, A Study of Computable Functions and Computably Generated Sets, Springer-Verlag 1987
- Nigel Cutland: Computability, an introduction to recursive function theory, 1980
- Raymond M. Smullyan: recursion theory for methamathematics, Oxford, 1993

# Proof theory :

- Wolfram Pohlers: Proof Theory, the first step into impredicativity, Springer, 2008
- A. S. Troelstra, H. Schwichtenberg, and Anne S. Troelstra: Basic proof theory, Cambridge, 2000
- S.R. Buss: Handbook of proof theory, Springer, 1998

Gödel's results :

- Raymond M. Smullyan: Gödel's incompleteness theorems, Oxford, 1992
- Peter Smith: An introduction to Gödel's theorems, Cambridge, 2008
- Torkel Franzen: Inexhaustibility, a non exhaustive treatment, AK Peteres, 2002
- Melvin Fitting: Incompleteness in the land of sets, King's College, 2007
- Torkel Franzen: Gödel's theorem: an incomplete guide to its use and abuse, AK Peters, 2005

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Théorie des ensembles / Krivine
- Introduction to Set theory / Hrbacek
- Proof Theory / Pohlers
- Notes on theory / Moschovakis
- Basic proof theory / Troelstra
- Introduction to the Theory of Computation / Sipser
- Handbook of proof theory / Buss
- Set theory / Jech
- Classical recursion theory / Odifreddi
- Recursion theory for methamathematics / Smullyan
- Set theory / Kunen
- · Incompleteness in the land of sets / Fitting
- Recursively Enumerable Sets and Degres / Soare
- Gödel's theorem / Franzen
- Computability, an introduction to recursive function theory / Cutland
- Logique et théorie des ensembles / Dehornoy
- Gödel's incompleteness theorems / Smullyan
- An introduction to Gödel's theorems / Smith
- Inexhaustibility, a non exhaustive treatment / Franzen

# Websites

• http://www.hec.unil.ch/logique/enseignement/recursivity

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/MATH-483

# MICRO-511 Image processing I

Unser Michaël, Van De Ville Dimitri

Cursus	Sem.	Туре		Contact	English
Biocomputing minor	Н	Opt.		Ianguage Credits Session Semester Exam Workload Weeks Hours Lecture Number of positions	English
Computational Neurosciences minor	Н	Opt.			3 Winter
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			Fall
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.			Written
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.			90h 14
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.			<b>3 weekly</b> 3 weekly
Environmental Sciences and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Life Sciences Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Microtechnics	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Minor in Imaging	Н	Opt.			
Minor in life sciences engineering	Н	Opt.			
Neuro-X minor	Н	Opt.			
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
Neuroprosthetics minor	Н	Opt.			
Nuclear engineering	MA1	Opt.			
Photonics minor	Н	Opt.			
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.			
Robotics	MA1, MA3	Opt.			
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.			

# Summary

Introduction to the basic techniques of image processing. Introduction to the development of image-processing software and to prototyping using Jupyter notebooks. Application to real-world examples in industrial vision and biomedical imaging.

# Content

- Introduction. Image processing versus image analysis. Applications. System components.
- Characterization of continuous images. Image classes. 2D Fourier transform. Shift-invariant systems.
- Image acquisition. Sampling theory. Acquisition systems. Histogram and simple statistics. Max-Lloyd quantization (K-means).
- Characterization of discrete images and linear filtering. z-transform. Convolution. Separability. FIR and IIR filters.
- Morphological operators. Binary morphology (opening, closing, etc.). Gray-level morphology.
- Image-processing tasks. Preprocessing. Matching and detection. Feature extraction. Segmentation.
- Convolutional neural networks. Basic components. Operator-based formalism. CNN in practice: denoising and segmentation.

Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Signals and Systems I & II (or equivalent)

# Important concepts to start the course

1-D signal processing: convolution, Fourier transform, z-transform

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Exploit the multidimensional Fourier transform
- Select appropriately Hilbert spaces and inner-products
- Optimize 2-D sampling to avoid aliasing
- Formalize convolution and optical systems
- Design digital filters in 2-D
- Analyze multidimensional linear shift-invariant systems
- Apply image-analysis techniques
- Construct image-processing software

# **Transversal skills**

- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.
- Manage priorities.
- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools

## Assessment methods

- 70% final exam
- 30% IP labs during semester

Resources

**Moodle Link** 

• https://go.epfl.ch/MICRO-511

Liebling Michael, Sage Daniel, Unser Michaël, Van De Ville Dimitri

Cursus	Sem.	Туре		Contact	English	
Biocomputing minor	E	Opt.		Contact language Credits Session Semester Exam Workload Weeks Hours Lecture Number of positions	Linglish	
Computational Neurosciences minor	E	Opt.			3 Summer	
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.				Spring
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.			Written	
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.				90h 14
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.			3 weekly	
Environmental Sciences and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.			3 weekly	
Life Sciences Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.				
Microtechnics	MA2, MA4	Opt.				
Minor in Imaging	E	Opt.				
Neuro-X minor	E	Opt.				
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.				
Neuroprosthetics minor	E	Opt.				
Photonics minor	E	Opt.				
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.				
Robotics	MA2, MA4	Opt.				
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.				

# Summary

Study of advanced image processing; mathematical imaging. Development of image-processing software and prototyping in Jupyter Notebooks; application to real-world examples in industrial vision and biomedical imaging.

#### Content

- Directional image analysis. Mathematical foundations. Structure tensor. Steerable filters.
- **Continuous representation of discrete data.** Splines. Interpolation. Geometric transformations. Multi-scale decomposition (pyramids and wavelets).
- Image transforms. Karhunen-Loève transform (KLT). Discrete cosine transform (DCT). JPEG coding. Image pyramids. Wavelet decomposition.
- Reconstruction in the continuum. Wiener filter. Radon transform. Fourier slice theorem. Filtered backprojection.
- **Computational imaging.** Imaging as an inverse problem. Iterative reconstruction methods. Elements of convex analysis. Regularization & sparsity constraints.

# Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Image Processing I Recommended courses Signals and Systems I & II, linear algebra, analysis Important concepts to start the course Basic image processing and related analytical tools (Fourier transform, z-tranform, etc.)

### Learning Outcomes

- Construct interpolation models and continuous-discrete representations
- Analyze image transforms
- Design image-reconstruction algorithms
- Formalize multiresolution representations using wavelets
- Perform image analysis and feature extraction
- Design image-processing software
- Design image reconstruction algorithms

# **Transversal skills**

- Plan and carry out activities in a way which makes optimal use of available time and other resources.
- Manage priorities.
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools

# **Assessment methods**

The objectives of the course will be assessed as follows:

- 70% final exam
- 30% IP labs

# Resources

# Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/MICRO-512

# CS-487 Industrial automation

Sommer Philipp Alexander, Tournier Jean-Charles

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contac	+ F	English	
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	langua		ngilon	
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits Sessio	-		
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Sessio		ummer pring	
Energy Science and Technology	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	-	Inal	
Mechanical engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Worklo Weeks	•	0h ⊿	
Microtechnics	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours		weekly	
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.		ture	2 weekly	
Robotics	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Numbe	ject er of	1 weekly	
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positic	ons		

# Remark

This course can be taken by students of all engineering sections.

# Summary

This course consists of two parts: 1) architecture of automation systems, hands-on lab 2) handling of faults and failures in real-time systems, including fault-tolerant computing

# Content

Trends like digitalization and internet of things affect the way industrial plants are designed, deployed and operated. Industrial Automation comprises the control, communication and software architecture in (real-time) automation systems: factories, energy production and distribution, vehicles and other embedded systems.

# **Keywords**

- 1. Processes and plants, automation system architecture
- 2. Instrumentation, Programmable Logic Controllers and embedded computers
- 3. Industrial communication networks, field busses
- 4. Field device access protocols and application program interfaces
- 5. Human interface and supervision
- 6. Dependability (Reliability, Availability, Safety, ...)
- 6. Real-time response and performance analysis

# **Learning Prerequisites**

- **Recommended courses**
- Communication networks

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Characterize the (software) architecture of a automation system
- Apply methods and trade-offs in real-time systems
- Analyze a plant
- Propose suitable automation solutions meeting the requirements
- Analyze the reliability, availability, safety of a system

# **Transversal skills**

- Write a scientific or technical report.
- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools
- Communicate effectively with professionals from other disciplines.
- Keep appropriate documentation for group meetings.
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.

# **Teaching methods**

Oral presentation aided by slides, exercises as part of the lecture, practical work (workshop at Siemens and group assignment).

# **Expected student activities**

- Understand material presented during lectures by asking questions and/or independent (online) searches
- Attend Siemens workshop (one full day on Siemens premises in Renens based on availability)
- Work on group assignment
- Hand-in artifacts for assignment on time

# **Assessment methods**

Assignment 25% and final oral exam 75%

# Resources

# **Bibliography** Introduction to Industrial Automation, Stamatios Manesis & George Nikolakopoulos, CRC Press, 2018

# Ressources en bibliothèque

Introduction to Industrial Automation / Manesis

# **Moodle Link**

https://go.epfl.ch/CS-487

## COM-402 Information security and privacy

EPFL

Payer Ma	thias
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Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	language	LIIGIISII
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	8 Winter
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	Exam	Written
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Lecture	3 weekly
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Exercises Project	1 weekly 2 weekly
Data science minor	Н	Opt.	Number of	2
Financial engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	positions	
Learning Sciences		Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.		
Statistics	MA1, MA3	Opt.		

## Summary

This course provides an overview of information security and privacy topics. It introduces students to the knowledge and tools they will need to deal with the security/privacy challenges they are likely to encounter in today's world. The tools are illustrated with relevant applications.

#### Content

- Overview of cyberthreats
- Basic exploitation of vulnerabilities
- Authentication, access control, compartmentalization
- Basic applied cryptography
- Operational security practices and failures
- Machine learning and privacy
- Data anonymization and de-anonymization techniques
- Privacy enhancing technologies
- Blockchain and decentralization

### **Keywords**

security, privacy, protection, intrusion, anonymization, cryptography

## **Learning Prerequisites**



Required courses COM-301 Computer security Basic systems programming (in C/C++) or better Basic networking knowledge Good scripting knowledge (Python)

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Understand the most important classes of information security/privacy risks in today's "Big Data" environment
- Exercise a basic, critical set of "best practices" for handling sensitive information
- Exercise competent operational security practices in their home and professional lives
- Understand at overview level the key technical tools available for security/privacy protection
- Understand the key technical tools available for security/privacy protection
- Exercise competent operational security practices

## **Expected student activities**

Attending lectures, solving assigned problems and "hands-on" exercises, reading and demonstrating understanding of provided materials.

## Assessment methods

- continuous control : 30% of the grade
- final exam : 70% of the grade

## Resources

**Moodle Link** 

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-402

# COM-404 Information theory and coding



Telatar Emre

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	language	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Credits Session	8 Winter
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
Minor in Quantum Science and Engineering	Н	Opt.	Lecture	4 weekly
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.	positions	

## Summary

The mathematical principles of communication that govern the compression and transmission of data and the design of efficient methods of doing so.

## Content

- 1. Mathematical definition of information and the study of its properties.
- 2. Source coding: efficient representation of message sources.
- 3. Communication channels and their capacity.
- 4. Coding for reliable communication over noisy channels.
- 5. Multi-user communications: multi access and broadcast channels.
- 6. Lossy source coding : approximate representation of message sources.
- 7. Information Theory and statistics

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Formulate the fundamenal concepts of information theory such as entropy, mutual information, channel capacity
- Elaborate the principles of source coding and data transmission
- Analyze source codes and channel codes
- Apply information theoretic methods to novel settings

## **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra + exercises

## **Assessment methods**

With continuous control

## Resources

Websites

http://moodle.epfl.ch/enrol/index.php?id=14593

## **Moodle Link**

https://go.epfl.ch/COM-404

## CS-430 Intelligent agents

Faltings Boi

Cursus Computer and Communication Sciences	Sem.	Type Opt.	Contact language	English
Computer science minor Computer science	H MA1, MA3	Opt. Opt.	Credits Session Semester	6 Winter Fall
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
Data science minor	Н	Opt.	Weeks	14
Financial engineering minor	Н	Opt.	Hours Lecture	6 weekly 3 weekly
Financial engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises	3 weekly
Learning Sciences		Opt.	Number of positions	
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	positions	
Robotics	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.		

## Summary

Software agents are widely used to control physical, economic and financial processes. The course presents practical methods for implementing software agents and multi-agent systems, supported by programming exercises, and the theoretical underpinnings including computational game theory.

## Content

The course contains 4 main subject areas:

1) Basic models and algorithms for individual agents:

Models and algorithms for rational, goal-oriented behavior in agents: reactive agents, reinforcement learning,

exploration-exploitation tradeoff, AI planning methods.

2) Multi-agent systems:

multi-agent planning, coordination techniques for multi-agent systems, distributed algorithms for constraint satisfaction. 3) Self-interested agents:

Models and algorithms for implementing self-interested agents motivated by economic principles: elements of computational game theory, models and algorithms for automated negotiation, social choice, mechanism design, electronic auctions and marketplaces.

4) Implementing multi-agent systems:

Agent platforms, ontologies and markup languages, web services and standards for their definition and indexing.

## **Learning Prerequisites**

## **Recommended courses**

Intelligence Artificielle or another introductory course to AI

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose and implement methods for rational decision making in software agents, based on decision processes and AI planning techniques
- Choose and implement methods for efficient rational decision making in teams of multiple software agents
- · Model scenarios with multiple self-interested agents in the language of game theory
- Evaluate the feasibility of achieving goals with self-interested agents using game theory



- Design, choose and implement mechanisms for self-interested agents using game theory
- Implement systems of software agents using agent platforms

## **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra, practical programming exercises

## **Expected student activities**

Lectures: 3 hours Reading: 3 hours Assignments/programming: 4 hours

## **Assessment methods**

Midterm and quizzes 30%, final exam 70%

## Resources

Bibliography

Michael Wooldridge : An Introduction to MultiAgent Systems - Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2009 Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig: Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach (2nd/3rd/4th Edition), Prentice Hall Series in Artificial Intelligence, 2003/2009/2015.

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach / Russell
- An Introduction to MultiAgent Systems / Wooldridge

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-430

EPFL	
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Number of positions

CS-486	Interaction design				
	Pu Pearl				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Digital Humanities		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
Robotics, Control an	d Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
SC master EPFL		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Weeks	14
				Hours Lecture Exercises Project	4 weekly 2 weekly 1 weekly 1 weekly

## Summary

This course focuses on goal-directed design and interaction design, two subjects treated in depth in the Cooper book (see reference below). To practice these two methods, we propose a design challenge, which is further divided into mini-projects evenly spaced throughout the semester.

#### Content

#### **Design methods for HCI**

What is HCI: its aims and goals Design thinking Goal-directed Design Mental model and different types of users Qualitative research and user interviews User modeling: persona and empathy diagram Scenarios, requirements and framework design Visual design Information Visualization design Basic prototyping methods for HCI Storyboarding Context scenario Interactive prototype Video prototype Human computer interaction evaluation methods Cognitive walkthrough Heuristic evaluation Evaluation with users

#### **Keywords**

Interaction design, design thinking, user interviews, ideation, storyboard, context scenarios, digital mockup, user evaluation, video prototyping.

## **Learning Prerequisites**

Required courses Interaction personne-système

#### **Recommended courses**



Open to students enrolled in the Master and PhD programs in IC.

## Important concepts to start the course

Goal-directed design, design thinking, user needs assessment, user interviews & observation, ideation, prototyping, evaluation

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Interview users and elicit their needs using the goal-directed design method
- Design and implement interfaces and intearctions
- Project management: set objectives and device a plan to achieve them
- Group work skills: discuss and identify roles, and assume those roles including leadership
- · Communication: writing and presentation skills
- Interview users and elicit their needs using the goal-directed design method
- Design and implement interfaces and interactions
- Project management : set objectives and device a plan to achieve them
- Group work skills : discuss and identify roles, and assume those roles including leadership
- Communication : writing and presentation skills

## **Teaching methods**

Lectures, flipped classroom lectures, exercises, hands-on practice, case studies

## **Expected student activities**

Participation in lectures, exercises, user interviews, ideation sessions, readings, design project, project presentation

## Assessment methods

The assessments consist of five in-class open-book exercises, each lasting one hour. Three of these exercises will be randomly selected for grading. Additionally, there will be two mini-projects that will be graded based on group performance. Furthermore, students' individual engagement in group activities, including user interviews, ideation, prototyping, and peer evaluation, will also be evaluated to determine individual performance. 30% open-book exercises (done in class, open notes, open book) - individual performance 20% individual engagement in group activities such as user interviews - individual performance 50% project - group performance

## Resources

**Bibliography** About Face 3: The Essentials of Interaction Design by Alan Cooper et al. (available as e-book at NEBIS)

## Ressources en bibliothèque

About Face 3 / Cooper

## **Moodle Link**

https://go.epfl.ch/CS-486

## Videos

• https://mediaspace.epfl.ch/channel/CS-486%2BInteraction%2BDesign/29793?&&

Profs divers	5*		
Cursus	Sem. Type	Contact	English
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA2, Obl. MA3, MA4, PME, PMH	language Credits Session	0 Winter,
		Semester Exam Workload Weeks	Summer Fall Term paper 0h
		Practical work <b>Number of</b> positions	320 weekly

## Summary

The engineering internship is an integral part of the curriculum for master's students. They join companies in Switzerland or abroad to carry out an internship or their master's project in a field of activity where the skills of the futur Engineer are highlighted.

## Content

Internships represent an important experience for students, allowing them to achieve the following goals :

- Immerse themselves in the professional world
- Highlight the importance of teamwork
- Consider the imperatives of a companyin its processes
- Put into practice the knowledge acquired from the study plan

The following three forms of internship are possible as part of the master's study plan :

- 8 weeks internship during the summer only
- 6 months (long) internship. The student is on leave for one semester
- Master project in the industry (25 weeks)

## Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** 

- Have completed one full semester for students who have obtained their Bachelor EPFL
- Have completed two full semesters for students coming from another university

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Be aware of the importance of legal procedures and the ethical code of the profession
- · Communicate effectively and be understood
- Self-assess the level of acquired skills and plan the next goals
- Manage the priorities
- Receive and give feedback (criticism) and respond appropriately

## **Expected student activities**

The student agrees to do this internship with the professionalism

#### **Assessment methods**

- Long internship (6 months) : electronic evaluation at the end of the internship

- Master's project in the industry : see the master's project course book

## Supervision

Others

Industry supervisor EPFL supervisor

## Resources

Websites

- https://www.epfl.ch/schools/ic/internships/
- https://www.epfl.ch/about/recruiting/recruiting/internships/

positions

		in concaring			
	Regev Gil				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity		MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall	
				Exam	Oral
				Workload	180h
				Weeks	14
				Hours	6 weekly
				Lecture	6 weekly
				Number of	-

Introduction to IT consulting

## Summary

CS-491

This course is an introduction to the alignment of enterprise needs with the possibilities offered by Information Technology (IT). Using a simulated business case, we explore how to define the requirements for an IT service that matches stakeholders explicit and implicit wishes.

#### Content

#### Target Audience

Engineers who want to become

- Business Analysts
- Requirements Engineers
- Project Managers
- Management and IT consultants
- Product Owners

## Content

Technological and societal changes are pressuring enterprise IT departments to hire engineers with excellent technical andbusiness skills. Their roles are called business analysts, requirements engineers, or product owners. Their skills enable the bidirectional alignment of business needs and IT capabilities. With IT being the most important enabler of enterprise strategy, these roles are crucial in many organizations, large and small, private or public. We use experiential learning beginning with concrete experience, followed by reflection and abstraction to encourage

collaborative learning by doing. You will be part of a small team that needs to understand and solve a business case through fast-paced role-playing with the teaching staff. This is interspersed with lectures on the nature of organizations, business analysis and the role of enterprise IT. Several external speakers from industry illustrate what we see in class. We will explore the following subjects:

- Problems and solutions
- Requirements elicitation
- Business process modeling
- Project management
- Change management
- Enterprise and service modeling
- The nature of organizations
- Creating a request for tender

## Keywords

Ethnography, interviews, contextual inquiry, business service, business process, IT service, business analysis, requirements engineeing, SEAM service modeling, SEAM motivation modeling, interpretivism, homeostasis,

appreciation, resilience, low-code development, request for tender

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Elicit requirements with business stakeholders
- Analyze business stakeholder perception and motivations
- Assess / Evaluate business processes
- Define requirements for business and IT services
- Present problems and solutions to management
- Implement a prototype in a low-code platform

## **Transversal skills**

- Demonstrate a capacity for creativity.
- Communicate effectively with professionals from other disciplines.
- Take feedback (critique) and respond in an appropriate manner.

#### **Teaching methods**

Experimental learning and teamwork.

#### **Assessment methods**

Group oral exam.

#### Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

## Bibliography

Beyer, H. and K. Holtzblatt (1999). "Contextual design." interactions 6(1): 32-42. Markus M.L., Keil M. (1994). If We Build It, They Will Come: Designing Information Systems that People Want to use, Sloan Management Review; Summer 1994; 35, 4; ABI/INFORM Global pg. 11 Regev, G. et al.(2013) What We Can Learn about Business Modeling from Homeostasis, Lecture Notes in Business Information Processing, 142, 1-15, 2003 Zachman, J. A. (1987). "A framework for information systems architecture." IBM Syst. J. 26 (3): 276-292. Weinberg, G.M., The secrets of consulting, Dorset House, 1985

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- A framework for information systems architecture / Zachman
- Contextual design / Holtzblatt
- What We Can Learn about Business Modeling from Homeostasis / Regev

## Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-491

#### CS-431

## Introduction to natural language processing

Bosselut Antoine, Chappelier Jean-Cédric, Rajman Martin

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Winter
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Data science minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
Learning Sciences		Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
Life Sciences Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
Neuro-X minor	Н	Opt.	positions	
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
UNIL - Sciences forensiques	Н	Opt.		

## Summary

The objective of this course is to present the main models, formalisms and algorithms necessary for the development of applications in the field of natural language information processing. The concepts introduced during the lectures will be applied during practical sessions.

## Content

Several models and algorithms for automated textual data processing will be described: morpho-lexical level: n-gram and language models, spell checkers, ...; semantic level: models and formalisms for the representation of meaning, embedings, ...

Several application domains will be presented: Linguistic engineering, Information Retrieval, Textual Data Analysis (automated document classification, visualization of textual data).

## Keywords

Natural Language Processing; Computationnal Linguisitics; Part-of-Speech tagging

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Compose key NLP elements to develop higher level processing chains
- Assess / Evaluate NLP based systems
- Choose appropriate solutions for solving typical NLP subproblems (tokenizing, tagging, ...)
- Describe the typical problems and processing layers in NLP
- Analyze NLP problems to decompose them in adequate independant components

## **Teaching methods**

Flipped classroom (reviews and supervised "hands-on" in class) ; practical work on computer

## **Expected student activities**

attend lectures and practical sessions, answer quizzes.

## **Assessment methods**



4 quiz during semester 16%, final exam 84%

## Resources

**Bibliography** 

1. M. Rajman editor, "Speech and Language Engineering", EPFL Press, 2006.

2. Daniel Jurafsky and James H, Martin, "Speech and Language Processing", Prentice Hall, 2008 (2nd edition)

3. Christopher D. Manning and Hinrich Schütze, "Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing", MIT Press, 2000

4. Christopher D. Manning, Prabhakar Raghavan and Hinrich Schütze, *Introduction to Information Retrieval*, Cambridge University Press. 2008

5. Nitin Indurkhya and Fred J. Damerau editors, "*Handbook of Natural Language Processing*", CRC Press, 2010 (2nd edition)

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- Handbook of Natural Language Processing / Indurkhya
- Introduction to Information Retrieval / Manning
- Speech and Language Processing / Jurafsky
- Speech and Language Engineering / Rajman
- Foundations of Statistical Natural Language Processing / Manning

## Websites

• https://coling.epfl.ch/

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-431

CS-526	Learning theory

EPFL

	Learning theory				
	Macris Nicolas				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6 Summer
Data Science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
SC master EPFL		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Written
Statistics		MA2	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
				Hours Lecture Exercises Number of positions	<b>4 weekly</b> 2 weekly 2 weekly

## Summary

Machine learning and data analysis are becoming increasingly central in many sciences and applications. This course concentrates on the theoretical underpinnings of machine learning.

## Content

- Basics : statistical learning framework, Probably Approximately Correct (PAC) learning, learning with a finite number of classes, Vapnik-Chervonenkis (VC) dimension, non-uniform learnability, complexity of learing.
- Neural Nets : representation power of neural nets.
- Stochastic gradient descent, modern aspects: mean field approach, neural tangent kernel.
- Matrix factorization, Tensor decompositions and factorization, Jenrich's tehorem, Alternating least squares, Tucker decompositions.
- Learning mixture models, topic modeling.

## Learning Prerequisites

## **Recommended courses**

- Analysis I, II, III
- Linear Algebra
- Machine learning
- Probability
- Algorithms (CS-250)

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Explain the framework of PAC learning
- Explain the importance basic concepts such as VC dimension and non-uniform learnability
- Describe basic facts about representation of functions by neural networks

• Describe recent results on specific topics e.g., graphical mdoel learning, matrix and tensor factorization, learning mixture models

## **Teaching methods**

- Lectures
- Exercises

# Expected student activities

- Attend lectures
- Attend exercises sessions and do the homework

## Assessment methods

Final exam and graded homeworks

## Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes
Others	Course website

## Resources

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-526

## CS-433 Machine learning

Flammarion Nicolas, Jaggi Martin

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Biocomputing minor	Н	Opt.	language	-
Civil & Environmental Engineering		Opt.	Credits Session	8 Winter
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Computational Neurosciences minor	Н	Opt.	Exam	Written
Computational biology minor	Н	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	6 weekly
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Lecture	4 weekly
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.	positions	
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.		
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Obl.		
Data science minor	Н	Opt.		
Digital Humanities	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Electrical Engineering		Opt.		
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Financial engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Learning Sciences		Opt.		
Life Sciences Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Managmt, tech et entr.	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Neuro-X minor	Н	Opt.		
Neuro-X	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.		

## Summary

Machine learning methods are becoming increasingly central in many sciences and applications. In this course, fundamental principles and methods of machine learning will be introduced, analyzed and practically implemented.

## Content

1. Basic regression and classification concepts and methods: Linear models, overfitting, linear regression, Ridge regression, logistic regression, k-NN, SVMs and kernel methods

2. Fundamental concepts: cost-functions and optimization, cross-validation and bias-variance trade-off, curse of dimensionality.

3. Neural Networks: Representation power, backpropagation, activation functions, CNN, regularization, data augmentation, dropout

4. Unsupervised learning: k-means clustering, gaussian mixture models and the EM algorithm. Basics of self-supervised learning

5. Dimensionality reduction: PCA and matrix factorization, word embeddings

6. Advanced methods: Adversarial learning, Generative adversarial networks

Keywords



• Machine learning, pattern recognition, deep learning, neural networks, data mining, knowledge discovery, algorithms

## Learning Prerequisites

## **Required courses**

- Analysis I, II, III
- Linear Algebra
- Probability and Statistics (MATH-232)
- Algorithms (CS-250)

## **Recommended courses**

- Introduction to machine learning (CS-233)
- ...or similar bachelor lecture from other sections

## Important concepts to start the course

- Basic probability and statistics (conditional and joint distribution, independence, Bayes rule, random variables, expectation, mean, median, mode, central limit theorem)
- Basic linear algebra (matrix/vector multiplications, systems of linear equations, SVD)
- Multivariate calculus (derivative w.r.t. vector and matrix variables)
- Basic Programming Skills (labs will use Python)

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Define the following basic machine learning problems: Regression, classification, clustering, dimensionality reduction, time-series
- Explain the main differences between them
- Implement algorithms for these machine learning models
- Optimize the main trade-offs such as overfitting, and computational cost vs accuracy
- Implement machine learning methods to real-world problems, and rigorously evaluate their performance using cross-validation. Experience common pitfalls and how to overcome them
- Explain and understand the fundamental theory presented for ML methods
- Conduct a real-world interdisciplinary machine learning project, in collaboration with application domain experts

• Define the following basic machine learning models: Regression, classification, clustering, dimensionality reduction, neural networks, time-series analysis

## **Teaching methods**

- Lectures
- Lab sessions
- Course Projects

## Expected student activities

Students are expected to:

- attend lectures
- attend lab sessions and work on the weekly theory and coding exercises
- work on projects using the code developed during labs, in small groups

#### **Assessment methods**

- Written final exam
- Continuous control (Course projects)

## Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

#### Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

## **Bibliography**

- Christopher Bishop, Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning
- Kevin Murphy, Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective
- Shai Shalev-Shwartz, Shai Ben-David, Understanding Machine Learning
- Michael Nielsen, Neural Networks and Deep Learning

• (Jerome Friedman, Robert Tibshirani, Trevor Hastie, The elements of statistical learning : data mining, inference, and prediction)

#### Ressources en bibliothèque

- Linear algebra and learning from data
- The elements of statistical learning : data mining, inference, and prediction / Friedman
- Understanding Machine Learning / Shalev-Shwartz
- Neural Networks and Deep Learning / Nielsen
- Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective / Murphy
- Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning / Bishop

## Notes/Handbook

https://github.com/epfml/ML\_course

## Websites

• https://www.epfl.ch/labs/mlo/machine-learning-cs-433/

## Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-433

#### CS-421

## Machine learning for behavioral data

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6 Summer
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Data science minor	E	Opt.	Exam	Written
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
Learning Sciences		Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
Neuro-X minor	E	Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Project Number of	2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positions	

#### Remark

pas donné en 2023-24

## Summary

Computer environments such as educational games, interactive simulations, and web services provide large amounts of data, which can be analyzed and serve as a basis for adaptation. This course will cover the core methods of user modeling and personalization, with a focus on educational data.

## Content

The users of computer environments such as intelligent tutoring systems, interactive games, and web services are often very heterogeneous and therefore it is important to adapt to their specific needs and preferences.

This course will cover the core methods of adaptation and personalization, with a focus on educational data. Specifically we will discuss approaches to the task of accurately modeling and predicting human behavior within a computer environment. Furthermore, we we will also discuss data mining techniques with the goal to gain insights into human behavior. We will cover the theories and methodologies underlying the current approaches and then also look into the most recent developments in the field.

- 1. Cycle; of adaptation : representation, prediction, intervention (e.g. recommendation)
- 2. Data Processing and Interpretation (missing data, feature transformations, distribution fitting)
- 3. Performance evaluation (cross-validation, error measures, statistical significance, overfitting)

4. Representation & Prediction (probabilistic graphical models, recurrent neural networks, logistic models,

clustering-classification approaches)

5. Recommendation (collaborative filtering, content-based recommendations, multi-armed bandits)

6. Stealth Assessment (seemless detection of user traits)

7. Multimodal analytics (represent & analyze data from non-traditional sources. i.e. sensors, classroom analytics, human-robot interaction)

## Learning Prerequisites

#### **Required courses**

The student must have passed a course in probability and statistics and a course including a programming project

## **Recommended courses**

- CS-433 Machine learning or
- CS-233a / CS-233b Introduction to machine learning

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Explain the main machine learning approaches to personalization, describe their advantages and disavantages and explain the differences between them.
- Implement algorithms for these machine learning models
- Apply them to real-world data
- Assess / Evaluate their performance
- Explain and understand the fundamental theory underlying the presented machine learning models

## **Teaching methods**

- Lectures
- Weekly lab sessions
- Course project

## **Expected student activities**

- Attend the lectures

- Attend the lab sessions and work on the homework assignments
- Project work

## Assessment methods

- Project work (50%)

- Final exam (50%)

## Resources

**Moodle Link** 

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-421

## Management de projet et analyse du risque



Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Langue	français
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Crédits	4
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Retrait	Non autorisé
Génie civil	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semestre	Hiver Automne
Informatique	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Examen	Pendant le
Managmt, tech et entr.	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Charge	semestre 120h
Microtechnique	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semaines	14
Mineur en Management, technologie et entrepreneuriat	Н	Opt.	Heures Cours	3 hebdo 2 hebdo
Robotique	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Projet Nombre de	1 hebdo
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	places	

## Résumé

**MGT-427** 

Ce cours a pour objectif de présenter l'approche générale du management de projet en intégrant la gestion du risque dans toutes les étapes du projet.

## Contenu

Le projet est un processus consistant à réaliser un système dans le but de satisfaire le besoin de futurs utilisateurs. Il sera ainsi aborder dans ce cours la présentation des différentes phases du projet, les organisations de projet, les moyens et méthodes de développement des variantes de projets, le choix multicritère de la variante à réaliser, la planification et le suivi dans la phase de réalisation. Une approche « risque » sera abordée à chaque étape du projet par une méthodologie probabiliste.

- Les principes généraux du management de projet
- · Les phases d'un projet
- L'approche stratégique et opérationnel d'un projet
- Le management des risques
- Les formes organisationnelles de projets
- Evaluation physique de variantes de projets
- Evaluation comportementale de variantes de projets par simulation numérique
- Evaluation économique de projet
- choix de variante(s), analyse multicritère
- Planification et ordonnancement de projet
- Exemples et études de cas
- Applications informatiques

#### Mots-clés

Management de projet, risques, évaluation économique, planification, analyse multicritère

## **Compétences requises**

Cours prérequis obligatoires Néant

Cours prérequis indicatifs



### Notions de base de statisques

### Concepts importants à maîtriser

Ouvert, curieux et capable d'aborder un domaine complexe multidisciplinaire et multiculturel. L'étudiant devra avoir une vision transversale des processus et être capable de raisonner de manière systémique

### Acquis de formation

A la fin de ce cours l'étudiant doit être capable de:

- Diriger une équipe de projet
- Elaborer des variantes de projet
- Planifier les variantes de projet
- Sélectionner ou choisir la variante retenue
- Anticiper les risques
- Organiser
- Restituer et communiquer
- Implémenter

#### **Compétences transversales**

- Planifier des actions et les mener à bien de façon à faire un usage optimal du temps et des ressources à disposition.
- Communiquer efficacement et être compris y compris par des personnes de languages et cultures différentes.
- Etre responsable des impacts environnementaux de ses actions et décisions.
- Dialoguer avec des professionnels d'autres disciplines.
- Recevoir du feedback (une critique) et y répondre de manière appropriée.
- Recueillir des données.
- Faire une présentation orale.

## Méthode d'enseignement

Ex cathedra, projet avec présentation orale

### Travail attendu

Suivi des cours et étude des documents de cours distribués Réalisation d'un projet durant le semestre. Ce projet est réalisé en groupe et présenté dans les dernières séances du cours

#### Méthode d'évaluation

- 50% projet durant le semestre
- 50% examen final

### Encadrement

Office hours	Oui
Assistants	Oui
Forum électronique	Non
Autres	Disponibilité de l'enseignant par email, téléphone ou visite à son bureau

Ressources



Indiquée en rapport avec chaque chapitre du cours

## Polycopiés

Cours et copies des slides de présentation envoyés à chaque étudiant sous format électronique

## Liens Moodle

• https://go.epfl.ch/MGT-427

**Préparation pour** Travaux de semestre Projet de Master

## COM-516 Markov chains and algorithmic applications

Lévêque Olivier, Macris Nicolas

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linghistr
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Winter
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	Exam	Written
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
			Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises	1 weekly

## Summary

The study of random walks finds many applications in computer science and communications. The goal of the course is to get familiar with the theory of random walks, and to get an overview of some applications of this theory to problems of interest in communications, computer and network science.

## Content

Part 1: Markov chains (~6 weeks):

- basic properties: irreducibility, periodicity, recurrence/transience, stationary and limiting distributions,
- ergodic theorem: coupling method
- detailed balance
- convergence rate to the equilibrium, spectral gap, mixing times
- cutoff phenomenon
- Part 2: Sampling (~6 weeks)
- classical methods, importance and rejection sampling
- Markov Chain Monte Carlo methods, Metropolis-Hastings algorithm, Glauber dynamics, Gibbs sampling
- applications: function minimization, coloring problem, satisfiability problems, Ising models
- coupling from the past and exact simulation

## Keywords

random walks, stationarity, ergodic, convergence, spectral gap, mixing time, sampling, Markov chain Monte Carlo, coupling from the past

Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Basic probability course Basic linear algebra and calculus courses

Recommended courses Stochastic Models for Communications (COM-300)

Important concepts to start the course Good knowledge of probability and analysis. Having been exposed to the theory of Markov chains.

Learning Outcomes

EPFL

1 weekly

Project

Number of positions

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Analyze the behaviour of a random walk
- Assess / Evaluate the performance of an algorithm on a graph
- Implement efficiently various sampling methods

### Teaching methods

ex-cathedra course

## **Expected student activities**

active participation to exercise sessions and implementation of a sampling algorithm

## **Assessment methods**

midterm (20%), mini-project (20%), final exam (60%)

## Resources

## Bibliography

Various references will be given to the students during the course, according to the topics discussed in class.

## Ressources en bibliothèque

• Probability and random processes / Grimmett

## Notes/Handbook

Lecture notes will be provided

#### Websites

• https://moodle.epfl.ch/course/view.php?id=15016

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-516

## Prerequisite for

This course is not so to speak a prerequisite for other courses, but could complement well the course COM-512 on Networks out of control, as well as other courses in statistics.

#### COM-514

## Mathematical foundations of signal processing

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	language	English
Computational science and Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	6
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Semester	Winter Fall
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	5 weekly
Minor in Imaging	Н	Opt.	Lecture	3 weekly
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Exercises Number of	2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	positions	
Statistics	MA1, MA3	Opt.		
Systems Engineering minor	Н	Opt.		

## Remark

cours pas donné en 2023-24

## Summary

A theoretical and computational framework for signal sampling and approximation is presented from an intuitive geometric point of view. This lecture covers both mathematical and practical aspects of modern signal processing, with hands-on projects, applications and algorithmic aspects.

## Content

From Euclid to Hilbert (1/2): Hilbert Spaces and Linear Operators (Vector spaces, Hilbert/Banach spaces; adjoint and inverse operators; projection operators)

**From Euclid to Hilbert (2/2):** Hilbert Representation Theory (Riesz bases; Gramian; basis expansions; approximations & projections; matrix representations)

**Application (1/2):** Sampling and Interpolation (Fourier transforms and Fourier series; sampling & interpolation of sequences and functions; Shannon sampling theorem revisited; bandlimited approximation)

**Application (2/2):** Computerized Tomography (line integrals and projections, Radon transform, Fourier projection/slice theorem, filtered backprojection algorithm).

**Regularized Inverse Problems (1/2):** Theory (Discrete and functional inverse problems; Tikhonov regularisation; sparse recovery; convex optimisation; representer theorems; Bayesian interpretation)

**Regularized Inverse Problems (2/2):** Algorithms (Proximal algorithms; gradient de- scent; primal-dual splitting; computational aspects; numerical experiments and examples)

## **Learning Prerequisites**

Important concepts to start the course

No

Good knowledge of linear algebra concepts. Basics of Fourier analysis and signal processing. Basic knowledge of Python and its scientific packages (Numpy, Scipy).

Supervision	
Office hours	

Assistants Yes

Resources

**Moodle Link** 

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-514

## COM-405 Mobile networks

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	E	Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	8
Cyber security minor	E	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Written
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Hours	5 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Lecture	3 weekly
			Exercises Number of	2 weekly

## Remark

pas donné en 2023-24

## Summary

This course provides a detailed description of the organization and operating principles of mobile and wireless communication networks.

## Content

Introduction to wireless networks Wireless PHY Layer Techniques MAC (Medium Access Control) Layer Protocols Wi-Fi & Bluetooth Cellular networks (3G, 4G, 5G). Internet of Things (IoT) Networks and Technologies. Multi-Hop Networks, Mesh Networks, and Sensor Networks Routing in Wireless Networks Network Coding Cross Layer Networking Wireless Sensing and Localization

## **Keywords**

Communication networks, protocols, wireless, IoT

Learning Prerequisites

Required courses COM-208 Computer Networks

Recommended courses COM-302 Principles of Digital Communications

**Important concepts to start the course** Operating principles of communication protocols and layer organization.

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

positions

- Synthesize the way a mobile network operates
- Interpret the behavior of such networks
- Propose evolutions to existing protocols
- Identify weaknesses, bottlenecks and vulnerabilities
- Identify weaknesses and bottlenecks

## **Teaching methods**

Lectures Weekly Readings Exercise sessions Homework Problems

## **Expected student activities**

Class participation, readings, homework, exercise sessions

## **Assessment methods**

Homeworks + final exam

## Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No

## Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

Bibliography Handouts, recommended books (see course URL)

## Ressources en bibliothèque

•

Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-405

# COM-430 Modern digital communications: a hands-on approach

Chiurtu Nicolae

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.	language	Ligion
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	8
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.	Exam	During the semester
			Workload	240h
			Weeks	14
			Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly
			Practical work	2 weekly

## Summary

This course complements the theoretical knowledge learned in PDC with more advanced topics such as OFDM, MIMO, fading channels, and GPS positioning. This knowledge is put into practice with hands-on exercises based on Matlab or Python (at choice) and on a software-defined radio platform.

## Content

1. Software radio : key concepts.

2. Matlab/Python implementation of the signal processing chain to the level of detail taught in Principles of Digital Communications (PDC: COM-302).

- 3. Channel modeling, estimation, equalization.
- 4. Implementation of a basic wireless communication system using a software-defined radio testbed.
- 5. Fading and diversity.
- 6. OFDM and MIMO : theory and implementation.
- 7. CDMA in the context of a GPS system.
- 8. Decoding of a GPS signal and positioning.

## Keywords

Wireless, OFDM, Diversity, Coding, GPS, CDMA, MMSE, Rayleigh fading, software-defined radio, channel estimation.

## Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** 

COM-302 Principles of Digital Communications (PDC) or equivalent.

Important concepts to start the course

Solid understanding of linear algebra and probability as well as real and complex analysis.

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design and implement and advanced digital communication system (data rate, spectral bandwidth, energy requirements, error probability, implementation complexity)
- · Model physical properties of wired and wireless communication channels
- Implement various parts of a "physical-layer" digital communication system



Number of positions

- Understand what software-defined radio is all about
- Design and implement an advanced digital communication system (data rate, spectral bandwidth, energy requirements, error probability, implementation complexity).
- Model the physical properties of wired and wireless communication channels.
- Implement various parts of a "physical-layer" digital communication system.
- Understand what software-defined radio is all about.

## **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra lectures and small projects.

## Expected student activities

Follow lectures; guided as well as independent work on projects.

## Assessment methods

Written and practical midterm and final exam during the semester. 40% midterm exam, 60% final exam.

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

## Resources

Notes/Handbook Lecture notes

## **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-430

## COM-512 Networks out of control

Grossglauser Matthias, Thiran Patrick

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Data science minor	Е	Opt.	Exam	Written
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	Workload Weeks	180h 14
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Hours	3 weekly
Systems Engineering minor	Е	Opt.	Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises Number of positions	1 weekly

## Remark

Cours biennal

## Summary

The goal of this class is to acquire mathematical tools and engineering insight about networks whose structure is random, as well as learning and control techniques applicable to such network data.

## Content

- Random graph models: Erdös-Renyi, random regular, geometric, percolation, small worlds, stochastic block model
- Learning graphs from data: centrality metrics, embeddings, Hawkes processes, network alignment
- · Control of processes on graphs: epidemics, navigation

## Keywords

Random graphs, network data, machine learning, graph processes.

## **Learning Prerequisites**

## **Required courses**

Stochastic models in communication (COM-300), or equivalent.

## Important concepts to start the course

Basic probability and stastistics; Markov chains; basic combinatorics.

## Teaching methods Ex cathedra lectures, exercises, mini-project

## **Expected student activities**

Attending lectures, bi-weekly homeworks, mini-project incl. student presentation at the end of semester, final exam.

## Assessment methods

- 1. Homeworks 10%
- 2. Mini-project 40%

3. Final exam 50%.

## Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No

## Resources

Bibliography

- A. D. Barbour, L. Holst and S. Janson, Poisson Approximation, Oxford Science Publications, 1992.
- B. Bollobas, Random Graphs (2nd edition), Cambridge University Press, 2001.
- R. Durrett, Random Graph Dynamics, Cambridge University Press, 2006 (electronic version).
- D. Easley, J. Kleinberg. Networks, Crowds, and Markets: Reasoning About a Highly Connected World, Cambridge University Press, 2010 (electronic version).
- G. Grimmett, Percolation (2nd edition), Springer, 1999.
- S. Janson, T. Luczak, A. Rucinski, Random Graphs, Wiley, 2000.
- R. Meester and R. Roy, Continuum Percolation, Cambridge University Press, 1996.

## Ressources en bibliothèque

- Random Graphs / Bollobas
- Random Graphs / Janson
- Continuum Percolation / Meester
- Random Graph Dynamics / Durrett
- Networks, Crowds and Markets / Easley
- Poisson Approximation / Barbour
- Percolation / Grimmett

## Notes/Handbook

Class notes will be available on the course website.

## Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-512

MATH-489	Number theory II.c - Cryptography

Jetchev Dimitar

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	Englion
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits Session	5 Summer
Mathématicien	MA2	Opt.	Semester	Spring
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	Written
			Workload Weeks <b>Hours</b>	150h 14 <b>4 weekly</b>

Credits	5
Session	Summer
Semester	Spring
Exam	Written
Workload	150h
Weeks	14
Hours	4 weekly
Lecture	2 weekly
Exercises	2 weekly
Number of	
positions	

## Summary

The goal of the course is to introduce basic notions from public key cryptography (PKC) as well as basic number-theoretic methods and algorithms for cryptanalysis of protocols and schemes based on PKC.

## Content

Basic notions and algorithms from public key cryptography such as RSA, ElGamal, key exchange protocols, zero knowledge proofs. Main topics may include, but are not limited to

- modular and finite field arithmetic
- primality testing
- · polynomial and integer factorization algorithms
- index calculus and discrete logarithm-based schemes
- elliptic curve arithemtic and cryptography
- basic notions from lattice-based cryptography: lattice-basis reduction algorithms, learning-with-errors, applications to homomorphic encryption

#### **Keywords**

public key cryptography, key exchange, digital signatures, zero knowledge proofs, RSA, ElGamal, integer factorization, index calculus, elliptic curve cryptography, lattice-based cryptography

## Learning Prerequisites

#### **Recommended courses**

Some knowledge of abstract algebra (groups, rings and fields) is desirable, but not mandatory. Knowledge of basic algorithms is a plus.

## **Assessment methods**

Homework assignments: Weekly problem sets focusing on number-theoretic and complexity-theoretic aspects. These will be complemented by programming exercises in SAGE which is a Python-based computer algebra system. No prior experience with SAGE or Python is required. A subset of the homework will be handed in and graded, counting for 40% of the final grade.

The written final exam counts for 60% of the final grade. There will be a mock midterm exam not to be part of the final grade. The final exam will test theoretical understanding as well as understanding of the algorithms and protocols. The exam will include no SAGE programming exercises. If needed, algorithms could be presented with pseudo-code. The exact final exam format will be adapted to the epidemiological situation and resulting guidelines.

## Resources

**Moodle Link** 

https://go.epfl.ch/MATH-489



CS-439

# Optimization for machine learning

EPFL

Flammario	n Nicolas,	Jaggi	Martin	

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits Session	8
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Semester	Summer Spring
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Exam	Written
Data science minor	E	Opt.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Electrical Engineering		Opt.	Hours	5 weekly
Neuro-X minor	E	Opt.	Lecture Exercises Practical work Number of positions	2 weekly 2 weekly 1 weekly
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Quantum Science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.		
Statistics	MA2	Opt.		

## Summary

This course teaches an overview of modern optimization methods, for applications in machine learning and data science. In particular, scalability of algorithms to large datasets will be discussed in theory and in implementation.

## Content

This course teaches an overview of modern optimization methods, for applications in machine learning and data science. In particular, scalability of algorithms to large datasets will be discussed in theory and in implementation. Fundamental Contents:

• Convexity, Gradient Methods, Proximal algorithms, Stochastic and Online Variants of mentioned methods, Coordinate Descent Methods, Subgradient Methods, Non-Convex Optimization, Frank-Wolfe, Accelerated Methods, Primal-Dual context and certificates, Lagrange and Fenchel Duality, Second-Order Methods, Quasi-Newton Methods, Gradient-Free and Zero-Order Optimization.

## Advanced Contents:

• Non-Convex Optimization: Convergence to Critical Points, Saddle-Point methods, Alternating minimization for matrix and tensor factorizations

• Parallel and Distributed Optimization Algorithms, Synchronous and Asynchronous Communication

Lower Bounds

On the practical side, a graded **group project** allows to explore and investigate the real-world performance aspects of the algorithms and variants discussed in the course.

## Keywords

Optimization, Machine learning

## **Learning Prerequisites**

**Recommended courses** 

• CS-433 Machine Learning

Important concepts to start the course

- Previous coursework in calculus, linear algebra, and probability is required.
- Familiarity with optimization and/or machine learning is useful.

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Assess / Evaluate the most important algorithms, function classes, and algorithm convergence guarantees
- Compose existing theoretical analysis with new aspects and algorithm variants.
- Formulate scalable and accurate implementations of the most important optimization algorithms for machine learning applications
- Characterize trade-offs between time, data and accuracy, for machine learning methods

## **Transversal skills**

- Use both general and domain specific IT resources and tools
- Summarize an article or a technical report.

## **Teaching methods**

- Lectures
- Exercises with Theory and Implementation Assignments

## Expected student activities

Students are expected to:

- Attend the lectures and exercises
- Give a short scientific presentation about a research paper
- Read / watch the pertinent material
- Engage during the class, and discuss with other colleagues

## **Assessment methods**

- Continuous control (course project)
- Final Exam

## Resources

## Websites

https://github.com/epfml/OptML\_course

## Moodle Link

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-439

## Videos

• https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL4O4bXkI-fAeYrsBqTUYn2xMjJAqIFQzX



Profs divers \*

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Е, Н	Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA1, MA2, MA3, MA4	Opt.	Credits Session	8 Winter, Summer
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA2, MA3, MA4	Opt.	Semester Exam	Fall During the semester
			Workload Weeks <b>Hours</b>	240h 14 <b>8 weekly</b>
			Project Number of positions	8 weekly

### Remark

for students doing a minor in Computer science:Registration upon approval of the section. Only for 2nd year Master students. Supervision by an IC authorized professor

#### Summary

Individual research during the semester under the guidance of a professor or an assistant.

#### Content

Supervisor and subject to be chosen among the themes proposed on the web site : go.epfl.ch/IC-projects-labs-CS

## Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Organize a project
- Assess / Evaluate one's progress through the course of the project
- Present a project

## **Teaching methods**

Individual and independant work, under the guidance of a professor or an assistant.

#### **Expected student activities**

Written report due within the allotted time. Information on the format and the content of the report is provied by the project supervisor.

#### **Assessment methods**

Automn : The written report must be returned to the laboratory no later than **the Friday of the second week** after the end of classes.

Spring : The written report must be returned to the laboratory no later than the Friday of the first week after the end of classes.

The oral presentation is organized by the laboratory.

Resources

## Websites



• https://www.epfl.ch/schools/ic/education/master/semester-project-msc/

# Moodle Link

CS-522	Principles of computer systems
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Argyraki Katerina, Candea George

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	language	Linglish
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	8
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
			Workload	240h
			Weeks	14
			Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	4 weekl
			Number of positions	

# Summary

This advanced graduate course teaches the key design principles underlying successful computer and communication systems, and shows how to solve real problems with ideas, techniques, and algorithms from operating systems, networks, databases, programming languages, and computer architecture.

# Content

A modern computer system spans many layers: applications, libraries, operating systems, networks, and hardware devices. Building a good system entails making the right trade-offs (e.g., between performance, durability, and correctness) and understanding emergent behaviors. Great system designers make these trade-offs in a principled fashion, whereas average ones make them by trial-and-error. In this course we develop a principled framework for computer system design, covering the following topics:

- Modules and interfaces
- Names
- Layers
- Indirection and virtualization
- Redundancy and fault tolerance
- Client/server architectures
- Decentralized architectures
- Transactional building blocks

# **Learning Prerequisites**

# **Required courses**

The course is intellectually challenging and fast-paced, and it requires a solid background in operating systems, databases, networking, programming languages, and computer architecture. The basic courses on these topics teach how the elemental parts of modern systems work, and this course picks up where the basic courses leave off. To do well, a student must master the material taught in the following courses:

- COM-208 Computer networks
- CS-208/209 Computer architecture
- CS-210 Functional programming
- CS-305 Software engineering
- CS-322 Introduction to database systems
- CS-323 Introduction to operating systems





# **Recommended courses**

The following EPFL courses cover material that significantly helps students taking this course, however they are not strictly required:

- CS-320: Computer language processing
- CS-470: Advanced computer architecture
- CS-422: Database systems
- COM-407: TCP/IP networking

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design computer and communication systems that work well
- Make rational design trade-offs (e.g., performance vs. correctness, latency vs. availability)
- Anticipate emergent system behaviors (e.g., failure cascades, security vulnerabilities)

• Integrate multiple techniques, ideas, and algorithms from different fields of computing/communication into a working system

# **Teaching methods**

- A combination of online and in-class lectures
- Interactive design sessions
- Reading assignments
- Homework assignments

# **Expected student activities**

- Attend lectures and design sessions
- · Complete the reading and writing assignments
- Participate actively in the course (physically and online)

# **Assessment methods**

- 50% OPs
- 50% final exam

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Bibliography

See course website for the latest information and an up-to-date bibliography.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

Principles of computer system design : an introduction / Saltzer

# Websites

• https://pocs.epfl.ch

# Moodle Link

# CS-496 Research project in Cyber security

EPFL

Profs d	vers *
Cursus	Sem. Type Contact English
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA2, Obl. language
	MA3, MA4 Credits 12
	Session Winter, Summer
	Semester Fall
	Exam During the semester
	Workload 360h
	Weeks 14
	Hours 12 weekly
	Project 12 weekly
	Number of positions

# Summary

Individual research during the semester under the guidance of a professor or an assistant.

# Content

Supervisor and subject to be chosen among the themes proposed on the web site : go.epfl.ch/IC-projects-labs-CS

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Organize a project
- Assess / Evaluate one's progress through the course of the project
- Present a project

# **Teaching methods**

Individual and independant work, under the guidance of a professor or an assistant.

# **Expected student activities**

Written report due within the allotted time. Information on the format and the content of the report is provied by the project supervisor.

# **Assessment methods**

Automn : The written report must be returned to the laboratory no later than **the Friday of the second week** after the end of classes.

Spring : The written report must be returned to the laboratory no later than **the Friday of the first week** after the end of classes.

The oral presentation is organized by the laboratory.

# Resources

#### Websites

• https://www.epfl.ch/schools/ic/education/master/semester-project-msc/

# **Moodle Link**



2 weekly

60

1 weekly

1 weekly

# EE-593 Social media

Cursus	Sem.	Туре
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.
Learning Sciences		Opt.
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.

Hours

Lecture

Project

Number of

positions

# Remark

Pas donné en 2023-24

# Summary

The objective is to enable students to critically apprehend the Human Computer Interaction (HCI) challenges associated with the design and the exploitation of social media platforms.

#### Content

- Definition and typology of social media platforms
- Value proposition and usability
- · Social features and adoption factors
- Privacy, trust, and artifical agents (chatbots)
- Evaluation and impact analytics
- Participatory design and design thinking
- Social media solutions for impact (SDGs) and transparency (XAI)
- Sustainability of social media solutions (Green IS)

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose
- Design
- Critique
- Defend

# **Transversal skills**

- Set objectives and design an action plan to reach those objectives.
- Plan and carry out activities in a way which makes optimal use of available time and other resources.
- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.
- Communicate effectively, being understood, including across different languages and cultures.

- Communicate effectively with professionals from other disciplines.
- Evaluate one's own performance in the team, receive and respond appropriately to feedback.
- Negotiate effectively within the group.
- Assess one's own level of skill acquisition, and plan their on-going learning goals.

# **Teaching methods**

Lectures, invited speakers, individual work and teamwork

# **Assessment methods**

One individual project and one teamwork with combined peer and expert assessment (reports and presentations)

#### Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No

# Resources

#### Bibliography

• Chris Anderson (2006) - The Long Tail: Why the Future of Business is Selling Less of More. New York, NY: Hyperion. ISBN 1-4013-0237-8.

• Joshua Porter - Designing for the Social Web

• Matthew A. Russel - Mining the Social Web: Analyzing Data from Facebook, Twitter, LinkedIn, and Other Social Media Sites. O¿Reilly 2011

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Designing for the Social Web / Porter
- The Long Tail / Anderson
- Mining the Social Web / Russel

# Moodle Link

EPFL
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CS-412	Software security				
	Payer Mathias				
Cursus		Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	language	Englion
Cyber security minor		Е	Opt.	Credits	6 Cummon
Cybersecurity		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Data Science		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
SC master EPFL		MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
				Weeks	14
				Hours Lecture Exercises Practical work Number of positions	6 weekly 3 weekly 2 weekly 1 weekly

# Summary

This course focuses on software security fundamentals, secure coding guidelines and principles, and advanced software security concepts. Students learn to assess and understand threats, learn how to design and implement secure software systems, and get hands-on experience with security pitfalls.

# Content

This course focuses on software security fundamentals, secure coding guidelines and principles, and advanced software security concepts. Students will learn to assess and understand threats, learn how to design and implement secure software systems, and get hands-on experience with common security pitfalls.

Software running on current systems is exploited by attackers despite many deployed defence mechanisms and best practices for developing new software. In this course students will learn about current security threats, attack vectors, and defence mechanisms on current systems. The students will work with real world problems and technical challenges of security mechanisms (both in the design and implementation of programming languages, compilers, and runtime systems).

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Secure software lifecycle: design, implementation, testing, and deployment

Basic software security principles

Reverse engineering : understanding code

Security policies: Memory and Type safety

Software bugs and undefined behavior

Attack vectors: from flaw to compromise

- Runtime defense: mitigations

Software testing: fuzzing and sanitization

- Focus topic: Web security

Focus topic: Mobile security

# **Keywords**

Software security, mitigation, software testing, sanitization, fuzzing

# **Learning Prerequisites**

# **Required courses**

COM-402 Information security and privacy (or an equivalent security course)

- ٠
- A systems programming course (with focus on C/C++)
- An operating systems course

# Important concepts to start the course

Basic computer literacy like system administration, build systems, C/C++ programming skills, debugging, and development skills. Understanding of virtual machines and operating systems.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Explain the top 20 most common weaknesses in software security and understand how such problems can be avoided in software.
- Identify common security threats, risks, and attack vectors for software systems.
- Assess / Evaluate current security best practices and defense mechanisms for current software systems. Become aware of limitations of existing defense mechanisms and how to avoid them.
- Identify security problems in source code and binaries, assess the associated risks, and reason about their severity and exploitability.
- Assess / Evaluate the security of given source code or applications.

# **Transversal skills**

- Identify the different roles that are involved in well-functioning teams and assume different roles, including leadership roles.
- Keep appropriate documentation for group meetings.
- Summarize an article or a technical report.
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Write a scientific or technical report.
- Make an oral presentation.

# **Teaching methods**

The lectures are denser early in the semester, then tapering off before the end. They are backed up by PDF files of all the lecture material, as well as a few textbook recommendations.

The exercises sessions start slowly early in the semester but pick up and occupy all time towards the end. Homework exercises consist mostly of paper questions involving the analysis, critical review, and occasional correction of software. They include a reading, writing, and presentation assignment.

The labs focus on practical software security aspects and during the course the students will be assessed through their completion of several challenging "hands on" labs.

# **Expected student activities**

Students are encouraged to attend lectures and exercise sessions. In addition to normal studying of the lecture and practice of the exercises, the reading assignment consists of analyzing a few suggested scientific papers on a large selection of topics; the presentation assignment consists of holding a 15-minute presentation on the selected topic; and the writing assignment of documenting what was learned in a term paper due at the end of the semester.

#### **Assessment methods**

The grade will continuously be evaluated through a combination of practical assignments in the form of several labs and theoretical quizzes throughout the semester. The labs will account for 50%, the quizzes and tests to 50%. The exact dates of the labs/quizzes will be communicated at the beginning of the class.

#### Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	No

# Resources

Notes/Handbook

Software Security: Principles, Policies, and Protection (SS3P, by Mathias Payer) https://nebelwelt.net/SS3P/

# **Moodle Link**

# PHYS-512 Statistical physics of computation

Krzakala Florent, Zdeborová Lenka

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linglion
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	4
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
Ingphys	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	Written
Physicien	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload Weeks	120h 14
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises	2 weekly

# Summary

This course covers the statistical physics approach to computer science problems ranging from graph theory and constraint satisfaction to inference and machine learning. In particular the replica and cavity methods, message passings algorithms, and analysis of the related phase transitions.

#### Content

Interest in the methods and concepts of statistical physics is rapidly growing in fields as diverse as theoretical computer science, probability theory, machine learning, discrete mathematics, optimization, signal processing and others. Large part of the related work has relied on the use of message-passing algorithms and their connection to the statistical physics of glasses and spin glasses.

This course covers this active interdisciplinary research landscape. Specifically, we will review the statistical physics approach to problems ranging from graph theory (e.g. community detection) to discrete optimization and constraint satisfaction (e.g. satisfiability or coloring) and to inference and machine learning problems (learning in neural networks, clustering of data and of networks, compressed sensing or sparse linear regression, low-rank matrix factorization).

We will expose theoretical methods of analysis (replica, cavity, ...) algorithms (message passing, spectral methods, etc), discuss concrete applications, highlight rigorous justifications as well as present the connection to the physics of glassy and disordered systems.

This is an advanced theoretical course that is designed for students with background in mathematics, electrical engineering, computer science or physics. This course exposes advaced theoretical concepts and methods, with exercises in the analytical methods and usage of the related algorithms.

#### **Learning Prerequisites**

#### Important concepts to start the course

For physics students Statistical physics I and II (or equivalent) is required.

This lecture is accessible to students in mathematics, electrical engineering, computer science without any previous training in statistical physics. Those students are expected to have strong interest in theory, probabilistic approaches to analysis of algoriths, high-dimensional statistics or probabilistic signal processing.

**Learning Outcomes** 



Number of positions



- By the end of the course, the student must be able to:
  - Analyze theoretically a range of problems in computer science and learning.
  - Derive algorithms for a range of computational problems using technics stemming from statistical physics.

# **Teaching methods**

2h of lecture + 2h of excercise

# Assessment methods

Final written exam counting for 50% and several graded homeworks during the semester counting for the other 50%.

# Resources

# Bibliography Information, Physics and Computation (Oxford Graduate Texts), 2009, M. Mézard, A. Montanari

Statistical Physics of inference: Thresholds and algorithms, Advances in Physics 65, 5 2016, L. Zdeborova & F. Krzakala, available at https://arxiv.org/abs/1511.02476

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• Information, Physics and Computation / Mézard

# Notes/Handbook

Policopié "Statistical Physics methods in Optimization & Machine Learning" by L. Zdeborova & F. Krzakala (available as pdf on the course website)

# Moodle Link

COM-500	Statistical signal and data processing through applications
	Ridolfi Andrea

EPFL

Exercises Number of positions

-	_			
Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Communication systems minor	E	Opt.	language	Linghorn
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	8
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Exam	Written
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Workload	240h
	,		Weeks Hours	14 <b>5 weekly</b>
			Lecture	3 weekly
			Exercises	2 weekly

# Summary

Building up on the basic concepts of sampling, filtering and Fourier transforms, we address stochastic modeling, spectral analysis, estimation and prediction, classification, and adaptive filtering, with an application oriented approach and hands-on numerical exercises.

#### Content

Fundamentals of Statistical Signal and Data Processing: Signals and systems from the deterministic and the stochastic point of view; Processing and analysing signals and systems with a mathematical computing language.
 Models, Methods, and Algorithms: Parametric and non-parametric signal models (wide sense stationary, Gaussian, Markovian, auto-regressive and white noise signals); Linear prediction and estimation (orthogonality principle and Wiener filter); Maximum likehood estimation and Bayesian a priori; Maximum a posteriori estimation.

**3. Statistical Signal and Data Processing Tools for Spread Spectrum Wireless Transmission:** Coding and decoding of information using position of pulses (annihilating filter approach); Spectrum estimation (periodogram, line spectrum methods, smooth spectrum methods, harmonic signals).

**4. Statistical Signal and Data Processing Tools for the Analysis of Neurobiological Recordings:** Poisson process for neurobiological spikes; Characterization of multi-state neurons (Markovian models and maximum likelihood estimation); Classifying firing rates of neuron (Mixture models and the EM algorithm); Hidden Markov models; Spike sorting and Principal Component Analysis.

**5. Statistical Signal and Data Processing Tools for Echo Cancellation:** Adaptive filtering (least mean squares and recursive least squares); Adaptive echo cancellation and denoising.

# Keywords

Statistical tools, spectral analysis, prediction, estimation, annihilating filter, mixture models, principal component analysis, stochastic processes, hidden Markov models, adaptive filtering, mathematical computing language (Matlab, Python, or similar).

#### Learning Prerequisites

#### **Required courses**

Stochastic Models in Communications (COM-300), Signal Processing for Communications (COM-303) / Signal Processing (COM-202).

#### **Recommended courses**

Mathematical Foundations of Signal Processing (COM-514).

#### Important concepts to start the course

Calculus, Algebra, Fourier Transform, Z Transform, Probability, Linear Systems, Filters.

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Choose appropriate statistical tools to solve signal processing problems;
- Analyze real data using a mathematical computing language;
- Interpret spectral content of signals;
- Develop appropriate models for observed signals;
- Assess / Evaluate advantages and limitations of different statistical tools for a given signal processing problem;
- Implement numerical methods for processing signals.

# **Transversal skills**

- Use a work methodology appropriate to the task.
- Demonstrate the capacity for critical thinking
- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Make an oral presentation.
- Write a scientific or technical report.

#### **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra with exercises and numerical examples.

#### **Expected student activities**

Attendance at lectures, completing exercises, testing presented methods with a mathematical computing language (Matlab, Python, or similar).

#### **Assessment methods**

- 20% midterm
- 20% mini project
- 60% Final exam

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

#### Resources

Bibliography

#### **Background texts**

- P. Prandoni, Signal Processing for Communications, EPFL Press;
- P. Bremaud, An Introduction to Probabilistic Modeling, Springer-Verlag, 1988;
- A.V. Oppenheim, R.W. Schafer, Discrete Time Signal Processing, Prentice Hall, 1989;
- B. Porat, A Course in Digital Signal Processing, John Wiley & Sons, 1997;
- C.T. Chen, Digital Signal Processing, Oxford University Press;

• D. P. Bertsekas, J. N. Tsitsiklis, *Introduction to Probability*, Athena Scientific, 2002 (excellent book on probability).



# More advanced texts

- L. Debnath and P. Mikusinski, Introduction to Hilbert Spaces with Applications, Springer-Verlag, 1988;
- A.N. Shiryaev, Probability, Springer-Verlag, New York, 2nd edition, 1996;
- S.M. Ross, Introduction to Probability Models, Third edition, 1985;
- P. Bremaud, Markov Chains, Springer-Verlag, 1999;
- P. Bremaud, Mathematical Principles of Signal Processing, Springer-Verlag, 2002;
- S.M. Ross, Stochastic Processes, John Wiley, 1983;
- B. Porat, Digital Processing of Random Signals, Prentice Hall, 1994;
- P.M. Clarkson, Optimal and Adaptive Signal Processing, CRC Press, 1993;
- P. Stoïca and R. Moses, Introduction to Spectral Analysis, Prentice-Hall, 1997.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- Probability / Shiryaev
- Stochastics Processes / Ross
- Discrete Time Signal Processing / Oppenheim
- Introduction to Spectral Analysis / Stoïca
- Digital Processing of Random Signals / Porat
- Introduction to Probability / Bertsekas
- Introduction to Probability Models / Ross
- Signal Processins for Communications / Prandoni
- An Introduction to Probabilistic Modeling / Bremaud
- A Course in Digital Signal Processing / Porat
- Optimal and Adaptive Signal Processing / Clarkson
- Digital Signal Processing / Chen
- Introduction to Hilbert Spaces with Applications / Debnath

# Notes/Handbook

- Slides handouts;
- Collection of exercises.

# **Moodle Link**



Vaudenay Serge

Cursus	Sem.	Туре
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.
Cyber security minor	E	Opt.
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.

# Summary

This seminar introduces the participants to the current trends, problems, and methods in the area of communication security.

# Content

We will look at today's most popular security protocols and new kinds of protocols, techniques, and problems that will play an emerging role in the future. Also, the seminar will cover methods to model and analyze such security protocols. This course will be held as a seminar, in which the students actively participate. The talks will be assigned in the first meeting to teams of students, and each team will have to give a 45 minutes talk, react to other students' questions, and write a 3-4 pages summary of their talk.

# Keywords

network security, security protocols, cryptography

# Learning Prerequisites

# **Required courses**

- Computer security (COM-301)
- Cryptography and security (COM-401)

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Synthesize some existing work on a security protocol
- Analyze a security protocol
- Present a lecture

# **Transversal skills**

- Make an oral presentation.
- Summarize an article or a technical report.

# **Expected student activities**

- prepare a lecture (presentation and a 4-page report)
- present the lecture
- attend to others' lectures and grade them

#### **Assessment methods**

• lecture and attendance to others' lectures

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes
Others	Lecturers and assistants are available upon appointment.

# Resources

# Websites

https://lasec.epfl.ch/teaching.php

# **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/COM-506

# Videos

• https://mediaspace.epfl.ch/channel/COM-506+Student+Seminar+on+Security+Protocols+and+Applications

CS-448

# Sublinear algorithms for big data analysis

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	English
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
			Workload	180h
			Weeks	14
			Hours	3 weekly
			Lecture	2 weekly
			Exercises	1 weekly
			Number of positions	

# Remark

Pas donné en 2023-24 - Cours biennal, donné les années impaires

# Summary

In this course we will define rigorous mathematical models for computing on large datasets, cover main algorithmic techniques that have been developed for sublinear (e.g. faster than linear time) data processing. We will also discuss limitations inherent to computing with constrained resources.

# Content

The tentative list of topics is:

**Streaming:** given a large dataset as a stream, how can we approximate its basic properties using a very small memory footprint? Examples that we will cover include statistical problems such as estimating the number of distinct elements in a stream of data items, finding heavy hitters, frequency moments, as well as graphs problems such as approximating shortest path distances, maximum matchings etc.;

**Sketching:** what can we learn about the input from a few carefully designed measurements (i.e. a `sketch') of the input, or just a few samples of the input? We will cover several results in sparse recovery and property testing that answer this question for a range of fundamental problems;

**Sublinear runtime:** which problems admit solutions that run faster than it takes to read the entire input? We will cover sublinear time algorithms for graph processing problems, nearest neighbor search and sparse recovery (including Sparse FFT);

**Communication:** how can we design algorithms for modern distributed computation models (e.g. MapReduce) that have low communication requirements? We will discuss graph sketching, a recently developed approach for designing low communication algorithms for processing dynamically changing graphs, as well as other techniques.

# Keywords

streaming, sketching, sparse recovery, sublinear algorithms

# Learning Prerequisites

Required courses

Bachelor courses on algorithms, complexity theory, and discrete mathematics

Important concepts to start the course Discrete probability; mathematical maturity

Learning Outcomes

#### 2023-2024 COURSE BOOKLET

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design efficient algorithms for variations of problems discussed in class
- Analyze space/time/communication complexity of randomized algorithms
- Prove space/time/communication lower bounds for variations of problems discussed in class
- Choose an appropriate algorithmic tool for big data problem at hand

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra, homeworks, final

# **Assessment methods**

Continuous control

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Moodle Link

# System programming for Systems-on-chip

EPFL

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Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	language	Linglish
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits Session	6 Winter
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Semester	Fall
Microtechnics	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Workload	180h
Robotics	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Weeks	14
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Hours Lecture Project	4 weekly 2 weekly 2 weekly
			Number of	

# Summary

CS-473

To efficiently program embedded systems an understanding of their architectures is required. After following this course students will be able to take an existing SoC, understand its architecture, and efficiently program it.

positions

# Content

#### Hardware elements found in embedded systems:

- Flash, tightly couples memories, SDRAM, DDR.
- IO-interfaces and protocols (RS232, I2C, I2S, SPI).
- Bus architectures.

#### Architecture imposed restrictions:

- Memory map and memory holes.
- Cached and non-cached regions.
- Interrupt latencies, bus latencies, task-switch latencies.

#### Software techniques:

- BIOS/firmware
- DMA and computation/data-transfer overlaps
- · Hot-spot detection and hardware/software profiling

# **Learning Prerequisites**

Recommended courses CS-208 Computer architecture I CS-209 Computer architecture II

# Important concepts to start the course

- C/C++ programming skills
- Basic Verilog knowledge

# Learning Outcomes



- Analyze and understand the architecture of embedded systems (SoC's)
- Write a firmeware that initializes an embedded system and efficiently implement the required functionality
- Explain the different latencies present in an embedded system and how these latencies influence the execution time on the firmware
- Profile an embedded system and pin-point the hardware related and software induced hot-spots
- understand the different types of memories present in an embedded systems and how to use them
- Program the different types of I/O devices present in an embedded system and know how their protocol works

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra with practical exercises (in groups of 2 students)

# Expected student activities

- Reports of practical exercises
- Moodle quizzes
- Written exam

# Assessment methods

- Moodle quizzes : 15%
- Lab reports : 35%
- Final written exam : 50%

# Supervision

Office hours	No
Assistants	Yes
Others	Electronic forum and Moodle

Resources

**Moodle Link** 



#### CS-460

# Systems for data management and data science

Ailamaki Anastasia, Kermarrec Anne-Marie

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Civil & Environmental Engineering		Opt.	language	English
Computational science and Engineering	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	8
Computer and Communication Sciences		Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Computer science minor	E	Opt.	Exam	Written
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Workload Weeks	240h 14
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Hours	6 weekly
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Obl.	Lecture	2 weekly
Data science minor	E	Opt.	Exercises Practical	2 weekly 2 weekly
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	work	,
			Number of positions	

# Summary

This course is intended for students who want to understand modern large-scale data analysis systems and database systems. The course covers fundamental principles for understanding and building systems for managing and analyzing large amounts of data. It covers a wide range of topics and technologi

# Content

Topics include large-scale data systems design and implementation, and specifically :

- Distributed data management systems
- Data management : locality, accesses, partitioning, replication
- Modern storage hierarchies
- Query optimization, database tuning
- Transaction management
- Data structures : File systems, Key-value stores, DBMS
- Consistency models
- Large-scale data analytics infrastructures
- Parallel Processing
- Data stream and graph processing

# Learning Prerequisites

# **Recommended courses**

- CS-107 Introduction to programming
- CS-206 Parallelism and concurrency
- CS-322 Introduction to database systems
- CS-323 Introduction to operating systems
- CS-452 Foundations of software

Important concepts to start the course

• Algorithms and data structures.

- Scala and/or Java programming languages will be used throughout the course. Programming experience in one of these languages is strongly recommanded.
- Basic knowledge or computer networking and distributed systems.

# **Learning Outcomes**

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Understand how to design big data analytics systems using state-of-the-art infrastructures for horizontal scaling, e.g., Spark
- Implement algorithms and data structures for streaming data analytics

• Decide between different storage models based on the offered optimizations enabled by each modl and the expected query workload

- Compare concurrency control algorithms, and algorithms for distributed data management
- Configure systems parameters, data layouts, and application designs for database systems
- Develop data-parallel analytics programs that make us of modern clusters and cloud offerings to scale up to very large workloads

• Analyze the trade-offs between various approaches to large-scale data management and analytics, depending on efficiency, scalability, and latency needs

# **Teaching methods**

Lectures, project, homework, exercises and practical work

# **Expected student activities**

- Attend lectures and participate in class
- Complete a project as per the guidelines posted by the teaching team

# **Assessment methods**

- Project
- Midterm (as needed)
- Final exam

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

Bibliography

J. Hellerstein & M. Stonebraker, Readings in Database Systems, 4th Edition, 2005 R. Ramakrishnan & J. Gehrke: "Database Management Systems", McGraw-Hill, 3rd Edition, 2002.

A. Rajaraman & J. Ullman: "Mining of Massive Datasets", Cambridge Univ. Press, 2011.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• Mining of Massive Datasets / Rajaraman

- Readings in Database Systems / Hellerstein
- Database Management Systems / Ramakrishnan

# **Moodle Link**



Nikolopoulos Pavlos

Cursus	Sem.	Туре
Communication systems minor	Н	Opt.
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Obl.
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Obl.
Electrical and Electronical Engineering	MA1, MA3	Opt.
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Obl.

# Summary

In the lectures you will learn and understand the main ideas that underlie and the way communication networks are built and run. In the labs you will exercise practical configurations.

# Content

The TCP/IP architecture. Layer 2 networking; Bridging. The Internet protocol versions 4 and 6. The transport layer, TCP, UDP, sockets, QUIC. Link state routing, OSPF, Distance Vector routing. Interdomain routing, BGP. Congestion control principles. Application to the Internet. The fairness of TCP. Tunnels and hybrid architectures.

# Keywords

TCP/IP Computer Networks

# Learning Prerequisites

**Required courses** A first programming course

Recommended courses COM-208 Computer Networks

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Run and configure networks
- Understand the main ideas that underlie the Internet
- Write simple communicating programs
- Use communication primitives for internet and industrial applications.

# **Transversal skills**

Practical work Number of positions

- Access and evaluate appropriate sources of information.
- Continue to work through difficulties or initial failure to find optimal solutions.

# **Teaching methods**

Lectures. Online quizzes. Labs on student's computer.

# **Expected student activities**

Participate in lectures Participate in online quizzes Make lab assignments (in the rule, every other week)

# Assessment methods

Theory grade = final exam Practice grade = average of labs Final grade = mean of theory grade (50%) and practice grade (50%). The research exercice may add a bonus of at most 0.5 points in 1-6 scale to the practice grade.

#### **Supervision**

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Forum	Yes

# Resources

#### Bibliography

"Computer Networking : Principles, Protocols and Practice", O. Bonaventure, open source textbook, http://inl.info.ucl.ac.be/CNP3

#### Ressources en bibliothèque

Computer Networking / Bonaventure

Notes/Handbook Slides are on moodle

Websites

http://moodle.epfl.ch/course/view.php?id=523

#### Moodle Link

# CS-510 Topics in software security Payer Mathias

EPFL

Number of positions

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science	MA1, MA3		language	English
Cyber security minor	Н	Opt.	Credits	3
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	During the semester
			Workload	90h
			Weeks	14
			Hours	2 weekly
			Lecture	1 weekly
			Exercises	1 weekly

# Summary

Memory corruption and type safety flaws dominate the threat landscape. We will approach current research from three dimensions: sanitization (finding flaws through runtime monitors); fuzzing (testing software automatically); and mitigation (protecting software at runtime).

# Content

Unsafe languages like C/C++ are widely used for their great promise of performance. Unfortunately, these languages are prone to a large set of different types of memory and type errors that allow the exploitation of several attack vectors such as code reuse, privilege escalation, or information leaks.

On a high level memory and type safety (and type safety) would solve all these problems. Safe languages can (somewhat) cheaply enforce these properties.

Unfortunately, these guarantees come at a high cost if retrofitted onto existing languages.

When working with unsafe languages, three fundamental approaches exist to protect against software flaws: formal verification (proving the absence of bugs), software testing (finding bugs), and mitigation (protecting against the exploitation of bugs). In this seminar, we will primarily focus on the latter two approaches. Formal verification, while giving strong guarantees, struggles to scale to large software.

This seminar explores three areas: the understanding of attack vectors, approaches to software testing, and mitigation strategies. First you need to understand what kind of software flaws exist in low level software and how those flaws can be exploited.

Learning Prerequisites

Required courses A security course like COM-301 An operating/systems course like CS-323

Recommended courses COM-402 Information security and privacy CS-412 Software security

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Investigate select advanced concepts in software security
- Promote their programming and systems skills in core security topics
- Assess / Evaluate the contributions of a software security research paper



- Investigate software security research papers
- Present a research paper and lead the resulting discussion

# **Teaching methods**

In this seminar course, students will read, prepare, and present recent research papers in the filed of software security. The papers will be discussed in class. The presenter will organize the discussion among their peers and prepare a set of discussion points.

# **Expected student activities**

The students are expected to

- Prepare and hold the presentation of their assigned research paper
- Summarize the paper along with the class discussion after their presentation
- Participate in the presentations and discussions of the other students

# **Assessment methods**

- Presentation : 40%
- Summary/review : 50%
- Class participation : 10%

# Resources

# Websites

• https://go.epfl.ch/cs510

CS-455

# Topics in theoretical computer science

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Н	Opt.	language	LIIGIIOII
Computer science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Credits	6
Cybersecurity	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Session Semester	Winter Fall During the semester 180h
Data Science	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Exam	
SC master EPFL	MA1, MA3	Opt.	Workload	
			Weeks	14
			Hours	4 weekly
			Lecture	3 weekly
			Exercises	1 weekly
			Number of positions	

# Remark

Cours biennal - pas donné en 2023-24

# Summary

The students gain an in-depth knowledge of several current and emerging areas of theoretical computer science. The course familiarizes them with advanced techniques, and develops an understanding of fundamental questions that underlie some of the key problems of modern computer science.

# Content

Examples of topics that will be covered include:

• Laplacians, random walks, graph sparsification: It is possible to compress graphs while approximately preserving their spectral properties (in particular, properties of random walks)? We will cover the main results from the recent influential line of work on spectral sparsification that provides such compression schemes.

• Laplacian system solvers: given a linear system Ax=b, how quickly can we find x? We will cover nearly linear time algorithms for solving Ax=b when A is a symmetric diagonally dominant matrix (a common scenario in practice) that crucially rely on spectral graph sparsification.

• Spectral clustering: given a graph, can we find a partition of the graph into k vertex disjoint parts such that few edges cross from one part to another? This is the fundamental graph clustering problem that arises in many applications. We will cover several results on spectral graph partitioning, where one first embeds vertices of the graph into Euclidean space using the bottom few eigenvectors of the graph Laplacian, and then employs Euclidean clustering primitives to find the partition.

• Local clustering with random walks: Given a very large graph and a seed node in it, can we find a small cut that separates the seed node from the rest of the graph, without reading the entire graph? We will cover local clustering algorithms, which identify such cuts in time roughly proportional to the number of vertices on the small side of the cut, by carefully analyzing distributions of random walks in the graph.

Keywords spectral graph theory, sparsification, clustering, random walks

**Learning Prerequisites** 

Required courses

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Design efficient algorithms for variations of problems discussed in class;
- Analyze approximation quality of spectral graph algorithms;

#### **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra, homeworks, reading

#### **Expected student activities**

Attendance at lectures, completing exercises, reading written material

#### Assessment methods

Continuous control

# Supervision

Office hours	Yes
Assistants	Yes
Others	Electronique forum : Yes

# Resources

Bibliography

There is no textbook for the course. Notes will be posted on the course website.

# Ressources en bibliothèque

• Randomized Algorithms / Motwani

#### **Moodle Link**

• https://go.epfl.ch/CS-455

EPFL



# CS-444 Virtual reality

Boulic Ronan

Cursus	Sem.	Туре	Contact	English
Computer science minor	Е	Opt.	language	English
Computer science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Credits	6 Summor
Cybersecurity	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Session Semester	Summer Spring
Data Science	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exam	During the
Digital Humanities	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Workload	semester 180h
Learning Sciences		Opt.	Weeks	14
Neuro-X minor	Е	Opt.	Hours Lecture	3 weekly 2 weekly 1 weekly
Neuro-X	MA2, MA4	Opt.	Exercises	
Robotics, Control and Intelligent Systems		Opt.	Number of positions	
SC master EPFL	MA2, MA4	Opt.	positions	

# Summary

The goal of VR is to embed the users in a potentially complex virtual environment while ensuring that they are able to react as if this environment were real. The course provides a human perception-action background and describes the key programming techniques for achieving efficient VR applications

# Content

The first lectures focus more on the technical means (hw & sw) for acheiving the hands-on sessions:

- Visual display
- Interaction devices and sensors
- Software environment (UNITY3D, programming in C#)

The proportion of more theoretical VR and Neuroscience background increases over the semester:

- Key Human perception abilities, cybersickness, immersion, presence and flow
- Basic 3D interaction techniques: Magic vs Naturalism
- The perception of action
- Haptic interaction
- What makes a virtual human looking alive ?
- VR, cognitive science and true experimental design

# Keywords

3D interaction, display, sensors, immersion, presence, embodiment

# Learning Prerequisites

Required courses Mastering an Object-Oriented programming language

# Important concepts to start the course

1) Object Oriented programming lies at the core of the project development in C# with Unity3D. Some programming experience with this approach is compulsory as all students will be assessed on the individual coding of some features of the project.

2) from Computer Graphics:

- perspective transformations
- representation of orientation

- 3D modelling hierarchy
- matrix algebra: translation, orientation, composition

# Learning Outcomes

By the end of the course, the student must be able to:

- Describe how the human perception-action system is exploited in VR
- Apply the concepts of immersion, presence and flow
- Give an example of applications of VR in different industrial sectors
- Choose a method of immersion suited for a given 3D interaction context
- Explain the possible causes of cybersickness in a given VR system configuration
- Design a VR system involving 3D interactions

# **Transversal skills**

- Set objectives and design an action plan to reach those objectives.
- Assess one's own level of skill acquisition, and plan their on-going learning goals.

# **Teaching methods**

Ex cathedra + Hands-on sessions on VR devices in the first half of the semester,

A mini-project in groups of 2-3 persons will have to integrate various components of 3D real-time interaction (in C# within Unity3D). The group will submit their project proposal to the course responsible TAs who will assess whether it meets the key specifications and is original enough. The proposal will include the use of some VR devices that the IIG research group will lend during the mini-project period. The project development will have to be conducted with git.

# **Expected student activities**

exploit citation analysis tools to evaluate a scientific paper combine 3D interaction components to produce an original 3D experience experiment the hands-on practical work in the lab synthesize the knowledge acquired in course and hands-on in the theoretical oral and the project oral

# Assessment methods

Scientific paper study : summary of contributions and citation analysis (around week6 of the semester) Theoretical oral exam (last week of the semester) Project assessment through code repository, report and oral exam around the end of the semester

# Supervision

Office hours No Assistants Yes Forum Yes

# Resources

Virtual desktop infrastructure (VDI) No

# **Bibliography**

- Course notes will be updated and made available after each course, with links to key sites and on-line documents

- Doug A. Bowman, Ernst Kruijff, Joseph J. LaViola, and Ivan Poupyrev. 2017. 3D User Interfaces: Theory and Practice. Second edition, Addison Wesley Longman Publishing Co., Inc., Redwood City, CA, USA.

- J. Jerald, The VR Book, ACM Press 2015
- Parisi, Learning Virtual Reality, O'Reilly 2015

# Ressources en bibliothèque

- 3D User Interfaces / Bowman
- The VR book / Jerald
- Learning Virtual Reality / Parisi

# Notes/Handbook

pdf of slides are made visible after the ex-cathedra courses

# Websites

- http://www.thevrbook.net/
- http://gitlab.epfl.ch

# Moodle Link