

## Instructions

- The deadline is *Tuesday, March 24 2020*.
- You can discuss and solve the exercises with other people but you have to write down your own solution.
- Please hand in your homework during either the lecture (March 23) or the exercise session (March 24). You can also send it by email to **both** teaching assistants: *clement.luneau[at]epfl.ch* and *andreas.maggiore[at]epfl.ch*.
- **No scan of handwritten homework is accepted.**

## Exercises

Exercises from *Understanding Machine Learning: From Theory to Algorithms* by Shai Shalev-Shwartz and Shai Ben-David:

- Exercises 2, 8 and 9 of Chapter 6.
- Exercise 5, question 2 of Chapter 7.

**Exercise “VC dimension of circles”.** In this problem we consider hypothesis functions from  $\mathbb{R}^2$  to  $\{0, 1\}$ . The plane  $\mathbb{R}^2$  is equipped with the usual Euclidean norm  $\|\cdot\|$ . We denote  $B(\mathbf{y}, r) = \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\| \leq r\}$  the closed disk of radius  $r$  centered in  $\mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ . Let  $\mathcal{H} = \{\mathbb{1}_{B(\mathbf{y}, r)} : r \geq 0 \text{ and } \mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^2\}$  be the hypothesis class made of the indicator functions of all possible closed disks in the plane. Call  $d$  the VC dimension of  $\mathcal{H}$ .

1. Show that for any  $n \leq d$  there exist  $n$  distinct points in the plane shattered by  $\mathcal{H}$ .  
*Hint:* You can propose an instance of  $d$  points and for each labeling draw the valid circle.
2. Show that no set of  $n$  distinct points with  $n > d$  can be shattered by  $\mathcal{H}$ .  
*Hint:* You should consider two cases: 1) one of the points is in the convex hull of the other points, and 2) none of the points is in the convex hull of the other points. A formal proof might be difficult. It will suffice if you give us a *convincing* argument.