

ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT OF LOGISTICAL MICROHUBS AND TRAFFIC OPTIMIZATION TO REDUCE CO₂ EMISSIONS

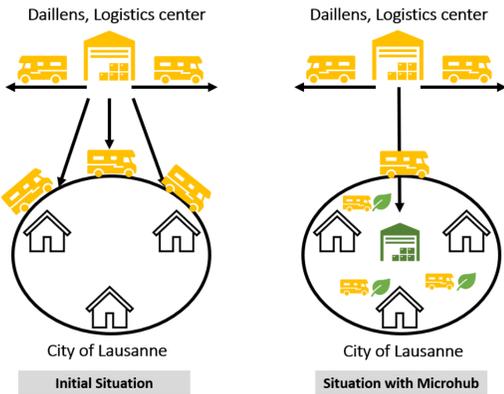
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CONTEXT



Today, the Swiss Post delivers packages to Lausanne from the nearest **sorting center in Daillens** (about 20km North of Lausanne). These packages could be brought to a **Microhub in the city-center** and then be delivered to the customers using **electric vehicles**.

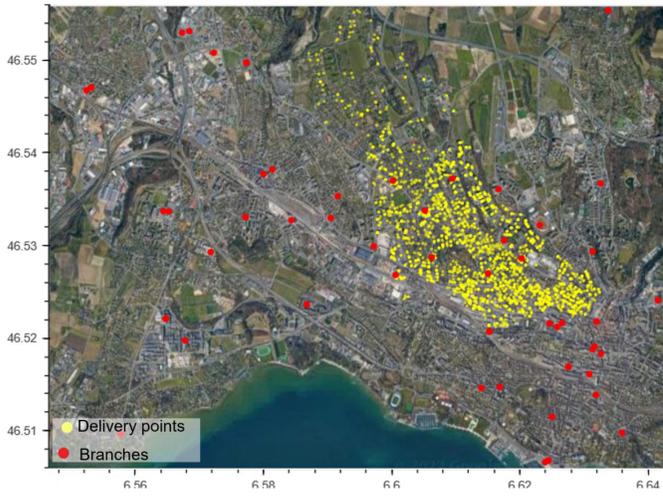
Using five days of **real delivery data**, route simulations were made using the *RaaS* routing software. Scenarios with **one or two microhubs** chosen among the Post's subsidiaries were compared to find the solution with the lowest carbon impact.



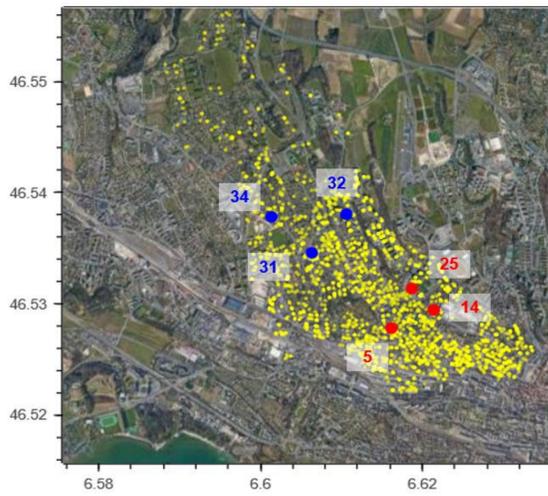
METHODOLOGY



Choosing one Microhub among subsidiaries



Choosing two Microhubs to form a pair



- 15 m³
- 7 hours maximum
- Enough range
- Thermal or electric



- 190 g CO₂eq/km (fuel)
- 90 g CO₂eq/km (vehicle manufacturing)
- 7 g CO₂eq/km (Swiss electricity)
- 97 g CO₂eq/km (vehicle manufacturing)

→ 280 g CO₂eq/km

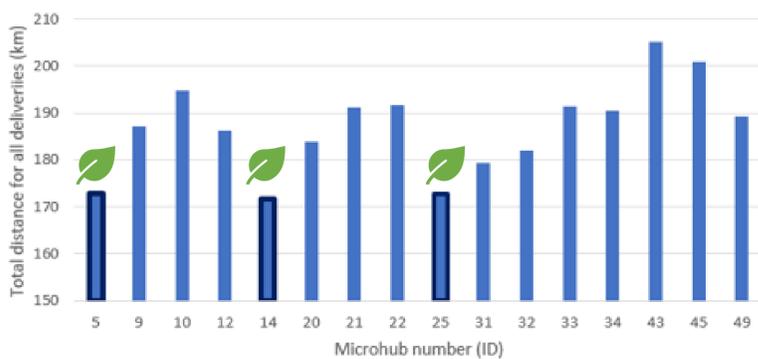
→ 104 g CO₂eq/km (-63%)



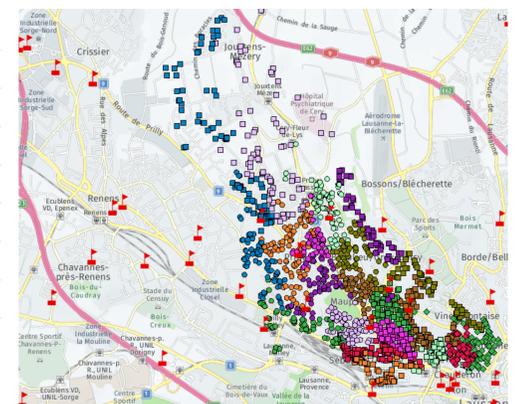
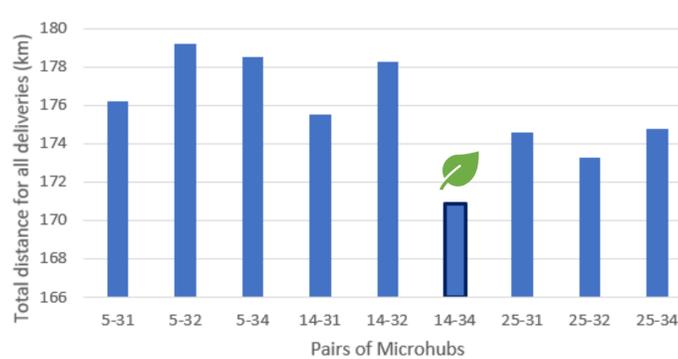
RESULTS



Total distance, one microhub



Total distance, two microhubs



	Initial Situation	With the best Microhub		With the best pair	
Total distance	597,7	324,6	-46%	338,7	-43%
Total time	81:38:00	74:33:00	-9%	74:24:00	-9%
Number of routes	12	11	-8%	11	-8%
CO2e emissions Diesel only	167	90,9	-46%	96,9	-42%
CO2e emissions Diesel then electric		60,2	-64%	66,8	-60%
CO2e emissions Electric only		33,8	-80%	36	-78%

There are **two ways** to reduce the carbon footprint of delivering packages in Lausanne. The first is to implement a microhub: **optimized logistics** mean less distance travelled and less CO₂ emissions. The second is to use **electric vehicles**. Combining these two options allow for **80% reduction** in CO₂ emissions.

Using two microhubs is **not efficient** in such a small delivery area.



BOTTOM LINE



The Post committed to reduce its **CO₂ emissions** by **93%** by 2040^[1].

Concerning package deliveries in city centers, our results show that combining optimized deliveries using microhubs and electric vehicles allow for **only 80% reduction** in carbon footprint.

Alternative solutions must be considered to reach this 93% goal in the package delivery sector.

Electric cargo bikes could be an interesting solution to deliver effectively urban and **dense areas**. These vehicles have a much smaller carbon footprint than delivery vans but have **space limitations**.

Smaller delivery vans could be considered to deliver dense urban areas. This could help limit as much as possible the carbon footprint of package delivery in urban centers.