



-LYESSE LALOUI



DEAR READERS,

I am delighted to present The Laloui Group in brief for 2023 as we continue to grow and adapt our skills and services to the needs of our funders, partners, and the broader community. Our geotechnical expertise is well recognized

across industry and academia and this recognition has allowed us to continue to expand our portfolio of projects with new and well-established partners alike.

I am grateful to these partners, our team members, and other stakeholders for their support and hard work to ensure we remain at the pinnacle of geotechnical research, education, and technical expertise. I thank you for your ongoing interest and continued support of our endeavours, and I look forward to exploring how we can work with you and your team in the near future.

LYESSE LALOUI

about us



CO2 STORAGE BIO-IMPROVED SOILS NUCLEAR WASTE STORAGE ENERGY GEOSTRUCTURES

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WHO WE ARE

The Laloui Group is a world-leading geotechnical research center based at EPFL in Lausanne, Switzerland. Led by Professor Lyesse Laloui, one of the world's top-ranked scientists in engineering and technology, the group develops and utilizes the latest research, education, and technology transfer approaches to provide us and our partners with the tools and technology needed to help our global society and environment adapt and thrive in the 21st century.



OUR MISSION

We strive to develop and provide innovative geotechnical solutions for a sustainable future.

sustainable and
resilient communities and
the environment has become
one of the global challenges of the
21st century. Securing the future for the
next generations relies on our capability
to mitigate global warming, access to
renewable and efficient energy resources,
and building resilience to natural
hazards and extreme events."



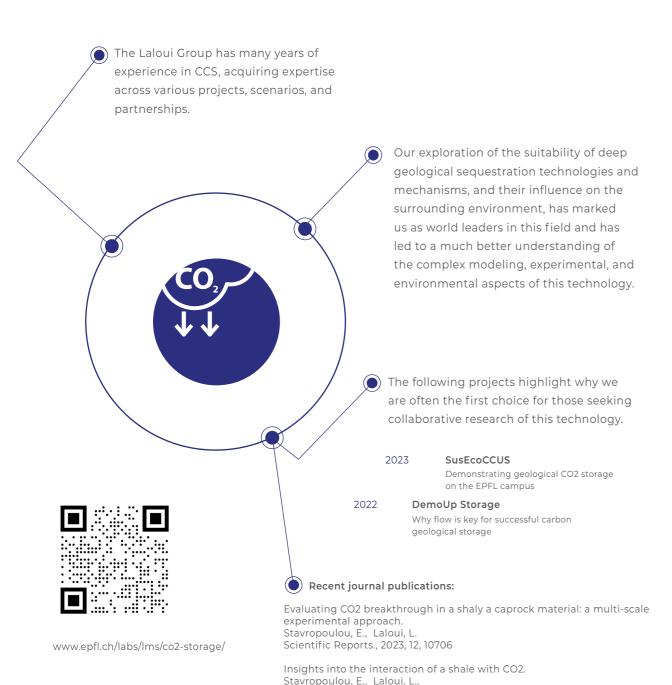


WHAT WE DO?

The Laloui Group is a globally renowned center for geotechnical research, education, technology transfer, and industry services providing a range of services to academic, corporate, and government clients, with a focus on research, education, technology transfer, and industry support.

1) RESEARCH LINES CO2 storage

CO2 CAPTURE AND STORAGE (CCS) HAS THE POTENTIAL TO BE A GAME CHANGER IN REDUCING THE IMPACT OF CO2 ON CLIMATE CHANGE



Solid Earth EGUsphere, 2023.

project **SusEcoCCUS**

SUSTAINABILITY

DEMONSTRATING GEOLOGICAL CO2 STORAGE ON THE EPFL CAMPUS





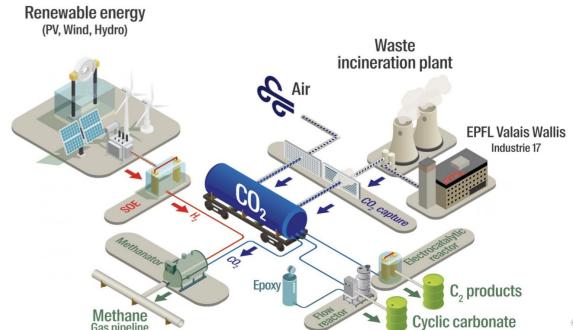
Eleni Stavropoulou

At the heart of much of what the Laloui Group does lies our desire to provide technical solutions for our world's growing environmental and sustainability challenges. One of our latest projects is Energyefficient Carbon Capture, Usage, and Storage for a Sustainable and Circular Economy (SusEcoCCUS).

Working with the EPFL Valais campus, this CHF 9 million project funded EPFL's 'Solutions4Sustainability' fund, aims to develop a closed (CCUS) loop on campus, including demonstrators and solutions ready for scale-up.

Under the direction of Dr. Eleni Stavropoulou, the Laloui Group is leading the CO2 storage activities of this ambitious project by developing a unique, meter-scale geological CO2 storage experiment which will enable, for the first time, a tangible link between lab, often at millimetric scales, and field at kilometric scales.

The objective is to improve our understanding of the multi-physical processes that take place between the different geomaterials (reservoir, cap rock) and the injected CO2 which in turn will significantly strengthen the numerical models being developed, for future GCS selection sites including in Switzerland.



© EPFL

project Confederaziun svizra **DemoUp Storage**

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Swiss Federal Office of Energy SFOE Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Federal Office for the Environment FOEN





WHY FLOW IS KEY FOR SUCCESSFUL CARBON GEOLOGICAL STORAGE





Eleni Stavropoulou

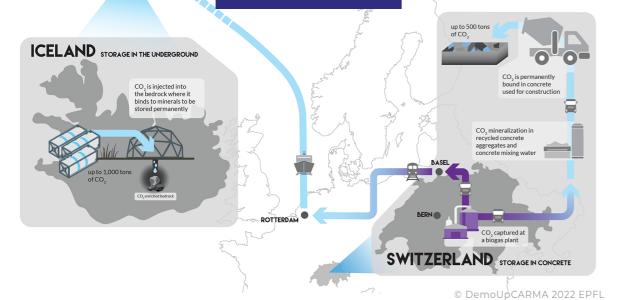
Lyesse Laloui

The Laloui Group's expertise in the hydromechanical characterization of geomaterials and microstructural analysis was again highlighted when the Swiss Government asked the Group to provide a mineralogical, petrophysical, and hydromechanical characterization of field cores from their carbon storage project in Iceland.

Known as DemoUpStorage, the project aims to demonstrate that over time, CO2 will be permanently stored within the basaltic mineralization, turning it into stone and locking the carbon away forever.

Under the direction of Dr. Eleni Stavropolou, the team has been exploring the interplay between flow and carbon mineralization using testing procedures that mimicked the pressures found within the repository, and compared hydrologic gradients before and after the injection of CO2. The results allowed the team to bring their modeling prowess to the fore by deploying a pore network model which will now be used to further enhance the calibration and resolution of the field-scale models developed throughout the DemoUpStorage project.

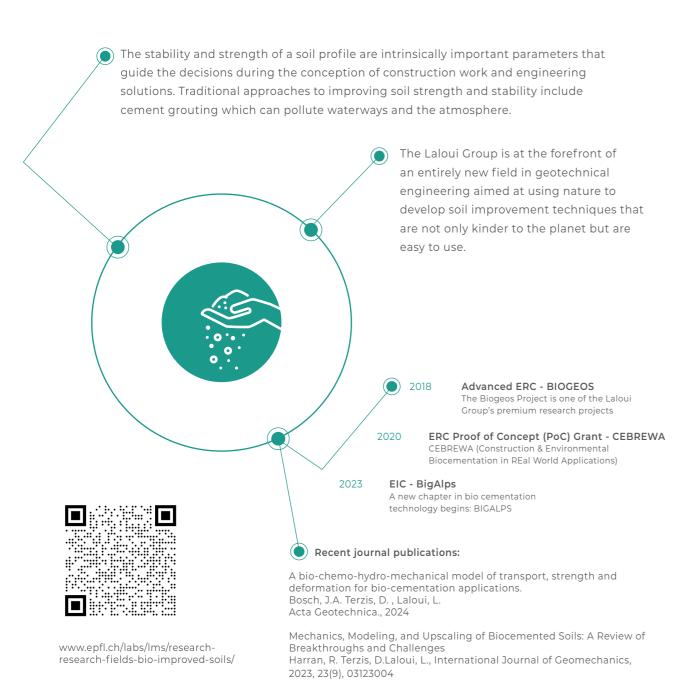






research lines bio-improved soils

BIO-INSPIRED SOIL STRENGTHENING



project **BIOGEOS**





THE BIOGEOS PROJECT IS ONE OF THE LALOUI GROUP'S PREMIUM RESEARCH **PROJECTS**

Funded by the European Research Council (ERC), the project aims to design, test, and ultimately standardize innovative and environmentally responsible solutions through bio-mediated, nature-inspired ground reinforcement.

After five years of groundbreaking research and innovation, the team reached a new milestone in 2023. completing its first extensive large-scale trials involving the preparation and injection of a bacterial solution into a reinforced concrete basin filled with sand.





Ariadni Elmaloglou Doctoral assistant



Sofie ten Bosch

Merih Büyüklü

Research Associate





Technical Manager







Ziad Sahlab



Patrick Dubey



Julien Birbaum

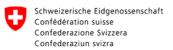
The results were impressive with a soil resistance level of up to 20 MPa, demonstrating the technology's potential to address real-world challenges.





project BigAlps





A NEW CHAPTER IN BIO CEMENTATION TECHNOLOGY BEGINS: BIGALPS

After being awarded two prestigious European Research Council grants and developing three patents for our work in bio-cementation, the Laloui Group will now begin field-scale pilot studies and the testing of market readiness with a European Innovation Council (EIC) Transition Grant for our new project, Bio-Inspired Geotechnical Applications To Launch Pan-European Solutions (BIGALPS).

Partnering with the Technical University of Cluj-Napoca (UTCN) and the French National Research Institute For Agriculture, Food, And Environment (INRAE), our team aims to revolutionize the field of soil stabilization across the engineering and construction industry within Europe and globally.



Dimitrios Terzis Scientist



Lyesse Laloui Full Professor



Merih Büyüklü Research Associate



Sofie ten Bosch Doctoral assistant



Ziad Sahlab Doctoral assistant

Having developed the technology in the first place, the role of the Laloui Group in providing the engineering design of the soil treatment and production units for each of the three pilots, is vital to ensure the success of this ambitious €1.7 million project.





research lines

energy geostructures

RENEWABLE ENERGY FOR FUTURE CITIES

By mid century, it is expected that one in seven people will live in cities, almost nine billion people. The Laloui Group recognizes that cities must be sustainable, energy-efficient, and carbon-neutral to be able to support these large populations. To do so cities must get smarter and utilize the resources existing within their infrastructure.



The Laloui Group is a pioneer in the development and exploration of such technologies, especially geo-energy structures that exploit the heat generated and stored within the Earth's crust. The temperature differential between the underground and atmospheric temperatures can be used to heat and cool commercial and residential buildings, data centers, and other infrastructure as an efficient. low-maintenance renewable energy source.

The research and innovation developed within the Group have been shared across the world, and the technology is on the verge of becoming a commonplace technology in modern urban design.



www.epfl.ch/labs/lms/researchresearch-fields-energy-ressources/

Swiss Innovation Agency project in collaboration with Amberg Engineering

Improving energy efficiency by harnessing underground ventilation systems

Recent journal publications:

Performance of complex energy geostructures Ravera, E., Rotta Loria, A.F., Laloui, L., Geomechanics for Energy and the Environment, 2024, 38, 100536

Assessing and exploiting the interaction between ventilation and geothermal systems in an underground data centre ten Bosch, S., Ravera, E., Tobler, M., Bettelini, M., Laloui, L., Tunnelling and Underground Space Technology, 2024, 144, 105563

project



Sofie ten Bosch

Schweizerische Eidgenossenschaft Confédération suisse Confederazione Svizzera Confederaziun svizra

Swiss Confederation

Innosuisse – Swiss Innovation Agency

Improving energy efficiency by harnessing underground ventilation systems

The Laloui Group continues to explore new sustainable infrastructure design and energy efficiency opportunities by completing a first-of-its-kind investigation of the potential for energy savings and optimization from underground data centers. Underground data centers are growing in size and number due to a lack of available land, growth in remote work, and highspeed streaming. In partnership with Amberg Engineering, we explored the potential influence of ventilation systems on passive geothermal energy production through numerical modeling.

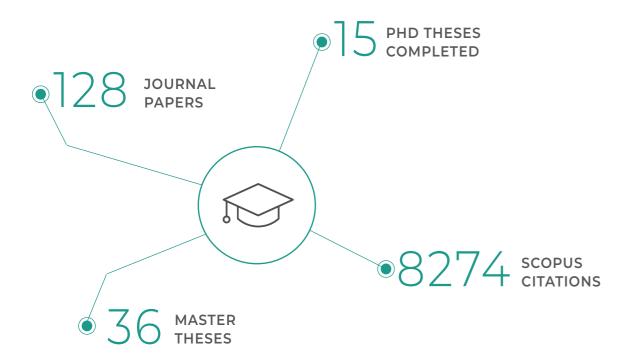
The analysis first explored the sensitivity of geothermal potential to varying ventilation conditions (airflow velocities), heat release conditions in the data center, and fluid velocities in the pipes of the geothermal activation. The impact of geothermal activation on air temperature in the underground data center cavern was also assessed, revealing geothermal activation of a section of the cavern leads to a regional decrease in air temperature.

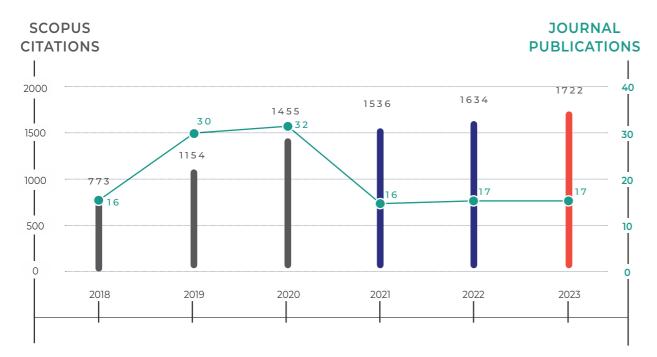
The implications suggest that by optimizing the whole system, we can improve environmental and economic benefits and ensure that data centers operate more sustainably globally.



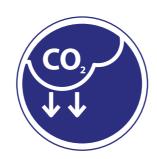
Elena Ravera

education + scientific outcomes since 2018





our research lines



CO2 STORAGE

CO2 sequestration in deep geological formations remains the only viable Carbon Capture and Storage (CCS) solution to avoid the worst impacts of climate change. The Laloui Group is exploring a variety of host reservoir types and and materials and their interactions with CO2. At the same time we are developing novel approaches to monitoring and prediciting CO2 behaviour at full scale and in real-world situations.



BIO-IMPROVED SOILS

The Laloui Group remains at the cutting-edge development of technolgies and solutions aimed at delivering environmentally friendly, low emissions soil stabilisation tools inspired by the natural process of biologically driven crystal mineralization. We aim to revolutionise the construction industry as we begin scaling up to real-world trials.



ENERGY GEOSTRUCTURES

Energy geostructures are an innovative technology that couples the structural role of foundations and the heating/cooling role of geothermal heat exchangers. These passive, renewable energy sources can significantly reduce energy consumption and CO2 emissions. Recognised as world leaders in their research, innovation, design and implimenation, The Laloui Group skills and services are utilised across the world.



NUCLEAR WASTE STORAGE

Nuclear energy remains an vital global energy source and disposal in deep clay geological formations is the most promising way of disposing of high-level radioactive wastes. The Loloui Group's skills and dependability in understanding the long-term behaviour of the reservoirs and barrier material is in high demand to provide safe, and long-term disposal solutions.



SHALES MECHANICS

Shales are among the most complex geomaterials in the Earth. They are characterized by a very low permeability and good self-sealing potential; these properties make shales a suitable host material for many engineering applications. For many years, the Laloui Group has worked with industry, governments, the private sector and academic institutions to develop solutions and expand our understanding of this remarkable geomaterial.

factsheet

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WHAT WE DO

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TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER



InsSituStreTech

2022 •

Geo-energy applications

In-Situ Stress estimation Technology for

enerdrape

Enadrape 2021 • Enerdrape turns underground infrastructures into renewable

energy sources.

Nesol 2020 •



Providing design and analysis of complex systems employing state of the art numerical tools and dedicated experimental procedures developed in decades of applied research in the field of geomechanics and material science.

Medusoil 2018 •



We produce and apply innovative and sustainable binder products based on biomineralization to support development projects get closer to net-zero emissions.

GEOEG 2018 •

A global engineering design and innovation company bringing the experience of a collective of engineers, scientists, inventors, and designers GECEG to provide local solutions to make buildings, districts, and cities more sustainable both above and below the ground.

THE LALOUI

GROUP

FACILITIES AND EXPERTISE

- **Energy Geostructures**
- GCCS
- Nuclear Waste Storage
- Bio-imporoved soils
- Shale behavior
- Advanced Numerical Modelling
- Experimental design and testing
- Geotechnical equipment design
- Research and Develpment
- Laboratory testing
- Consulting services to industry and academia



PROJECTS

Biogeos







Capturing CO2 from the atmosphere and storing it in geological reservoirs in Iceland



NAGRA site selection

Safely disposing of Swiss radioactive waste



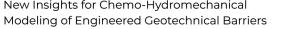
BEACON

BEACON

Bentonite Mechanical Evolution



New Insights for Chemo-Hydromechanical **Swiss National Science Foundation**



2018 **ERC ADVANCED GRANT** European **SEG 2018** Research Council INTERNATIONAL SYMPOSIUM ON ENERGY **GEOTECHNICS** 2019 **NEW BOOK** Analysis and Design of Energy Geostructures 2020 **ERC POC GRANT** ERC PROOF OF CONCEPT GRANT (POC) GRANT 202 **ISSMGE VICE PRESIDENT** INTERNATIONAL SOCIETY FOR 2022 SOIL MECHANICS AND GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING **DEMO UP STORAGE AND WASTE DISPOSAL** DOCTORATE **DEVELOPING CARBON CAPTURE HONORIS CAUSAE** AND STORAGE TECHNOLOGY HERIOT-WATT UNIVERSITY, UK **TECHNICAL UNIVERSITY OF** CLUJ-NAPOCA, ROMANIA.

A NEW CHAPTER IN BIO

CEMENTATION TECHNOLOGY

SUSECOCCUS

GEOLOGICAL CO2 STORAGE

ON THE EPFL CAMPUS

DEMONSTRATING

SEG 2018

2018



International Symposium on Energy Geotechnics: The Laloui Group hosts SEG 2018, bringing together keynote lectures, technical sessions, and discussions from the most prominent researchers and practitioners in the field. The proceedings were developed into a book, Energy Geotechnics, which has been downloaded 110 thousand times.

ERC ADVANCED GRANT



2018

The Laloui Group is awarded **EUR 2.5 million** in funding from the European Research Council to explore bio-mediated soil improvement through the Biogeos project with the objective of improving infrastructure stability while ensuring sustainable construction and land use

NEW BOOK

2019

Book: Analysis and Design of Energy Geostructures: Theoretical Essentials and Practical Application. The group, led by Prof. Laloui, develops a book that becomes the fundamental source of information on Energy Geostructures.

ERC POC GRANT

2020

ERC Proof of Concept Grant (PoC) Grant: Following the success of first 18 months of the BIOGEOS project, The European Research Council (ERC) further validating the technology-transfer vision of the BIOGEOS project and accelerating its progress towards a more sustainable construction industry.

DEMO UP STORAGE + RADIOACTIVE WASTE SITE DISPOSAL

2022

The Group joins Swiss consortium Demo Up Storage to develop a first-of-its-kind exploration of Carbon Capture and Storage technology. In the same year, the group make significant contributions towards the final site selection for the disposal of Switzerland's radioactive waste.

ISSMGE EUROPE PRESIDENT



2021

Prof. Lyesse Laloui is elected vice president, Europe of ISSMGE (International Society for Soil Mechanics and Geotechnical Engineering), the pre-eminent professional body representing the interests and activities of 21 000 Engineers, Academics and Contractors all over the world that actively participate in geotechnical engineering.

SUSECOCCUS

2023

The Group joins an EPFL consortium, **SusEcoC-CUS**, which includes developing a first-of-its-kind geological CO2 storage simulator to ensure safe and reliable carbon capture and storage.

DOCTORATE HONORIS CAUSAE

2022

The Director of our Group, Prof. Laloui is recognized for his outstanding contribution to the field of geomechanics and solutions for a sustainable world with two honoris causae from Heriot-Watt University in Edinburgh, UK and the Technical University of Cluj-Napoca, Romania.

BIGALPS

2023

The Laloui Group expands its bio-cementation technology into real-world situations with a European Innovation Council (EIC) grant.

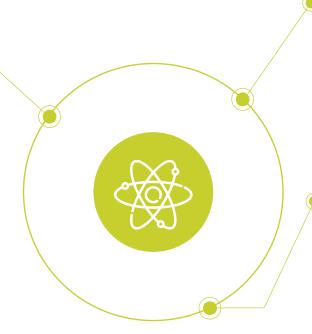


research lines

nuclear waste storage

MEETING GLOBAL ENERGY DEMAND WHILE PROTECTING THE PLANET

Our world is facing an ever-increasing energy demand crisis. Increasing global affluence, population growth, and increases in extremes of temperatures mean we are using more energy than ever before. At the same time, we must reduce our reliance on fossil fuels as an energy source and transition to renewables if we are to limit the impact of CO2 emissions on climate change.



Currently, renewables do not have the capacity to meet global energy needs, therefore we must rely on other energy sources until capacity increases. Nuclear energy is one low-emission energy source that continues to play a vital role in our energy supply and, if the waste it generates is disposed of correctly, can be the bridge to renewable energy.

The Laloui Group is working with governments, institutions, and worldwide private sector partners to ensure we develop the tools and technology required to dispose of radioactive waste in a manner that ensures the protection of our descendants and the environment for hundreds of millennia to come.

Highly hazardous nuclear waste treatment is a major environmental issue for nuclearpower-generating countries around the world

CIGEO Long-term deep disposal of radioactive waste

FF-M Taks Force

Gas Transport in Clay Materials Impacts on barrier integrity

New Insights for Chemo-Hydromechanical Modeling Of Engineered Geotechnical Barriers

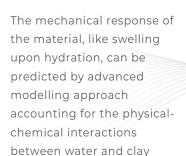
Clays (particularly active clays) are an important and valuable material due to their high-swelling and hydro-isolating properties making them particularly useful in various geotechnical applications, including deep repositories for nuclear waste and landfills.

project



New Insights for Chemo-Hydro-mechanical Modeling Of Engi-neered Geotechnical Barriers

CLAYS (PARTICULARLY ACTIVE CLAYS) ARE AN IMPORTANT AND VALUABLE MATERIAL DUE TO THEIR HIGH-SWELLING AND HYDRO-ISOLATING PROPERTIES MAKING THEM PARTICULARLY USEFUL IN VARIOUS GEOTECHNICAL APPLICATIONS, INCLUDING DEEP REPOSITORIES FOR NUCLEAR WASTE AND LANDFILLS.



particles.

Such complex multiphysical predictions require precise microstructural investigations, which are critical for understanding the active clays behavior allowing new insights into the types and amounts of water retained at various saturation levels for materials such as MX-80 bentonite.





Angelica Tuttolomondo

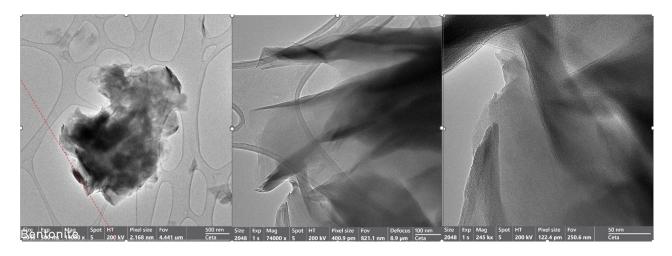


Svetlana Bahiy



23

The Laloui Group will use these insights which can be integrated into mechanical prediction models to enhance their accuracy.





www.epfl.ch/labs/Ims/researchresearch-fields-nuclear-waste-storage/

project

nagra

FE-M Taks Force

HIGHLY HAZARDOUS NUCLEAR WASTE TREATMENT IS A MAJOR **ENVIRONMENTAL ISSUE FOR NUCLEAR-POWER-GENERATING** COUNTRIES AROUND THE WORLD.

Leveraging its expertise and long-term partnerships, and in line with its environmental values, The Laloui Group is developing numerical tools for the Swiss National Cooperative for the Disposal of Radioactive Waste (NAGRA) in its proposed deep geological repository near Stadel, Canton Zurich.

To ensure the long-term viability of the disposal of radioactive material, the development of reliable numerical tools to simulate long-term repository responses is of paramount importance.



Wojnarowicz



Aldo Madaschi



The Laloui Group was asked to join the FE Modelling Task Force (TF), an international initiative developed by the National Cooperative for the Storage of Radioactive Waste (NAGRA), that aims to build a fully coupled THM model of the repository concept, including the construction history, and compare the results of the different

> teams in a benchmarking exercise. These results will be compared to an in-situ experiment at Mont Terri underground rock laboratory. Once the models align with the experiment they will be used to forecast long-term interactions and used as predictive tools.

Mont Terri URL Mont Terri URL NW 2'000 m 2'500 m 3'000 m 1'000 m 1'500 m • • $| \gamma |$ Motorway tunnel Security gallery © Nagra FE experiement

project





Gas transport in clay materials

IMPACTS ON BARRIER INTEGRITY

Our specialist knowledge of the characterization of the host rock for radioactive waste storage and disposal extends to all phases of the process. In 2020, the Laloui Group was asked to join the European Joint Programme on Radioactive Waste Management (EURAD) to improve the mechanistic understanding of gas transport in clay materials.

Switzerland, like many other European countries, foresees the need for a deep geological repository that relies on a multibarrier system to isolate the waste from the biosphere for tens of thousands of years.



Qazim Llabjani

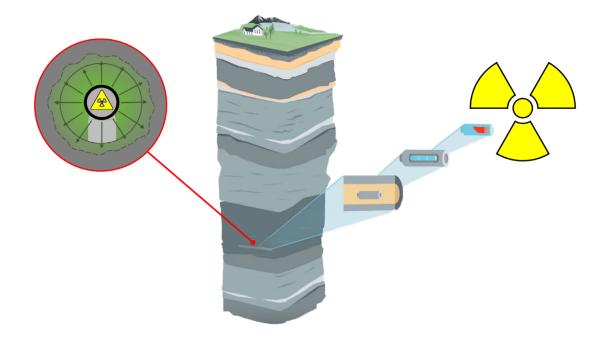


and lecturer



Uncertainties still exist about the late stage of the repository. The Laloui Group aims to change this through advanced experimental design and model-supported data analyses requiring advanced and rigorous experimental set-ups and testing protocols. This has required the specialist skills of our lab team to design and manufacture these special devices in-house.

Using gas injection tests combined with a unique distributed fiber optics monitoring system the objective is to capture, visualize, and understand those complex phenomena.



project CIGEO

LONG-TERM DEEP DISPOSAL OF **RADIOACTIVE WASTE**

Another of our many collaborations in the development of safe radioactive waste disposal is with ANDRA (The French National Agency For Radioactive Waste Management) on the very longterm deep disposal of radioactive waste where our advanced experimental and modeling procedures bring new insights to the behavior of the local Callovo-Oxfordian claystone.

The CIGEO project is the French concept for radioactive waste storage of high-level, long-life, and mediumlevel waste produced by the French nuclear industry which aims to build a 500-meter-deep repository in Eastern France in the Callovo-Oxfordian (COx) geological formation.

Leading this important work is Héloïse Fuselier, who has spent several years exploring the behavior of the host Callovo-Oxfordian Claystone geological formation and has designed and performed complex thermo-mechanical experiments on COx claystone specimens to assess the geomaterial behavior dependency on stress and temperature



Doctoral assistant

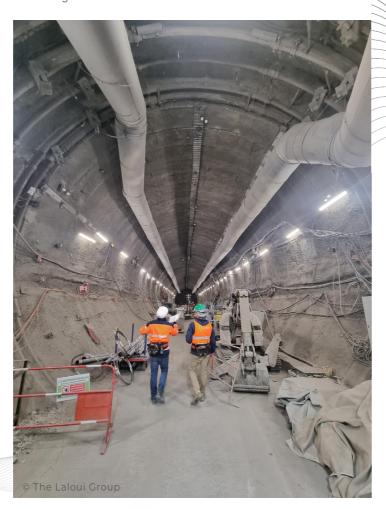


and lecturer

Researcher

Full Professor

history. Using this knowledge, she and the team have now turned their attention to developing a new constitutive model for the Callovo-Oxfordian claystone in a hardening thermo-elasto-plastic framework. This model aims to predict the claystone volumetric response and the evolution of its strength when subjected to temperature changes.



project **VAlp**

FEASIBILITY STUDY OF A HIGH-SPEED METRO IN THE VAUD ALPS

Creating a high-speed metro with innovative technology in the Vaud Alps in Switzerland. That is the ambition of this unique green rapid transport project.

> The concept known as VAIp hopes to make daily commutes feasible and more attractive for those living in the Alps and working in the larger cities such as Friburg or Lausanne by tunneling through the Alps with a metro-style train system.

$clim \longleftrightarrow act$









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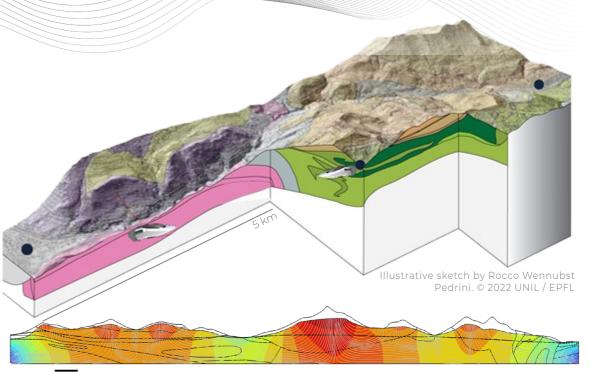
Sofie ten Bosch

Elena Ravera

In response to Switzerland's mission of green electrical selfsufficiency by 2050, the Laloui Group, in conjunction with Prof. Jaboyedoff's Risk Group at the University of Lausanne, undertook a feasibility study of the project, including investigating the local geology in 3D, refining geotechnical considerations, recommending

> tunnel design and predicting energy consumption and long-term CO2 emissions.

> The study will be used as part of a broader assessment to determine future socioeconomic and infrastructure development within Switzerland.



1000 m

(II) TECH TRANSFER

start ups launched



net-zero emissions.

We produce and apply innovative and sustainable binder products based on biomineralization to support development projects get closer to





NESOL

Providing design and analysis of complex systems employing state of the art numerical tools dedicated experimental procedures developed in decades of applied research

in the field geomechanics and material science.



enerdrape

Enerdrape turns underground infrastructures into renewable energy sources.



GECEG

A global engineering design and innovation company bringing the experience of a collective of engineers, scientists, inventors, and designers to provide local solutions

to make buildings, districts, and cities more sustainable both above and below the ground.





InSituStreTech



In-Situ Stress estimation Technology for Geoenergy applications

new start-up InSituStreTech

THE INSITUSTRETECH PROJECT IS **DEVELOPING A TOOL TO REDUCE THE** COST OF GEOLOGICAL EXPLORATION. THIS INNOVATIVE TECHNOLOGY SUITABLE FOR IN-SITU STRESS **ESTIMATION FOR CO2 GEOLOGICAL** STORAGE.

It exemplifies our multi-faceted approach when working within the group and our international collaborations. The InsituStreTech team is developing a new technology designed to test if a target reservoir is suitable for CO2 storage by assessing its horizontal in-situ stress state, which, until now, has been particularly challenging given the reservoirs are often several kilometers deep and under very high stresses and temperatures.

The team has continued to go from strength to strength achieving

Innosuisse - Swiss Innovation Agency













Alex Miska Horvath



Lyesse Laloui

important milestones,

The InsituStreTech Project is a great example of the Laloui Group's research and innovation in one of its specialty areas of geological carbon storage (CGS).

including successful development and validation of a proof of concept in laboratory conditions. This will be scaled up at the Mont-Terri underground laboratory (St-Ursanne Switzerland) to measure stress in real underground conditions. More recently, they have continued to attract funding with a grant from Venture Kick foundation, as well as the Bridge program of the Swiss National Science Foundation and Swiss Innovation Agency.





(III) ACADEMIC ACTIVITIES new journal papers

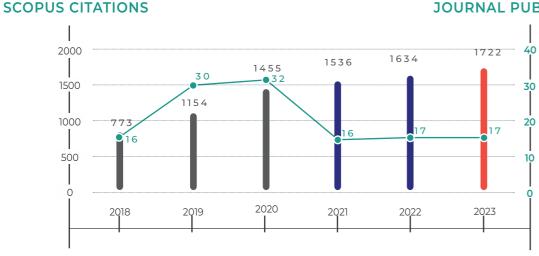
THE GROUP AGAIN HAS HAD A FANTASTIC YEAR PUBLISHING 17 JOURNAL PAPERS AND CONTRIBUTING TO SEVERAL CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS. HIGHLIGHTS INCLUDE

Pore-pressure coefficients for unsaturated soils: generalized effective stress approach.

Tuttolomondo, A., Ferrari, A., Laloui, L. Canadian Geotechnical Journal, 2023, 60(11), pp. 1726–1742

Thermo-hydro-mechanical behavior of energy barrettes: Field experiments and numerical simulations Rotta Loria, A.F., Ravera, E., Laloui, L. Geomechanics for Energy and the Environment, 2023, 34, 100451





keynote lectures

THE GROUP WAS WELL REPRESENTED AT SEVERAL MAJOR CONFERENCES IN 2023. SOME KEY HIGHLIGHTS INLCUDE:

Keynote lectures: Prof. Lyesse Laloui



17th Asian Regional Conference on Soil Mechanics and Geotechnical Engineering 2023. "Energy geotechnology: a new era for geotechnical engineering practice"



International Conference on Advances in Structural and Geotechnical Engineering (ICASGE'23). "Smart exploitation of the renewable energy situated under our cities"

European Conference on Geotechnical Engineering (17DECG). "Exploiting the renewable energy resources of our cities' underground"



9th International Congress on Environmental Geotechnic (9ICEG).

"Carbon Dioxide Injection into Deep Aquifers: A Geomechanical Perspective"

25-28 June 2023

academic activities PhD thesis

INFLUENCE OF PORE-SCALE HETEROGENEITY ON THE PRECIPITATION PATTERNS IN MICROBIALLY INDUCED CALCITE PRECIPITATION (MICP) - ARIADNI ELMALOGLOU

As part of the Biogeos project, the group looked to expand our understanding of Microbially Induced Calcite Precipitation (MICP) or biocementation, particularly the effect of the available pore network of various base materials on the MICP process. Already a world leader in our understanding of biocementation, the project aimed to expand on this through a research project by PhD candidate Ariadni Elmaloglou under the supervision of Prof. Laloui and Dr. Terzis.

> Biocementation is an environmentally friendly and sustainable alternative to traditional soil stabilization techniques based on harnesses microbial activity that facilitates the formation of calcium carbonate precipitates that fill the pores and can improve the mechanical properties of the soil.

While significant steps toward the characterization and application of MICP have already taken place, we know less about the effect of the available pore network of various base materials on the MICP process, which is fundamental to understanding and addressing precipitation inhomogeneities. Using a multi-scale approach, Elmalogou conducted meter-long microfluidics and timelapse microscopy experiments incorporating an image processing algorithm specially developed for the experiment. These novel techniques and technologies revealed the spatiotemporal evolution of MICP over distance and the change in permeability that occurred between heterogeneous porous media of the same porosity.

The results revealed that despite a similar bacterial distribution across the whole chip. the chemical reaction efficiency was higher in the heterogeneous than the homogeneous porous medium due to a combination of higher numbers and sizes of crystals, as well as a higher precipitation rate in the heterogeneous than the homogeneous porous medium.

Exploring further through a second experiment, Elmaloglou showed the effect of pore network heterogeneity on calcite deposition during MICP, resulting in distinctive precipitation patterns in porous media subjected to the same MICP treatment due to their intrinsic structure.



RELATED JOURNAL PAPERS:

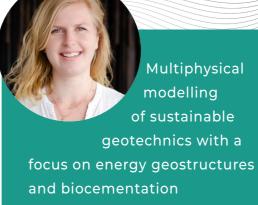
Microfluidic study in a meter-long reactive path reveals how the medium's structural heterogeneity shapes MICP-induced biocementation. Elmaloglou, A., Terzis, D., De Anna, P., Laloui, L., Scientific Reports, 2022, 12(1), 19553

Microfluidic-Based Study on the Activation and Evolution of Calcite Bio-Mineralization for Geotechnical Applications, Elmaloglou, A., Terzis, D., De Anna, P., Laloui, L., Mahé, S., Miele, F., Geotechnical Special Publication, 2020, 2020-February(GSP 320), pp. 74-82

academic activities new PhD projects

SOFIE TEN BOSCH

2023 saw Sofie commence her PhD with the group after spending the previous two years with us as a Scientific Assistant, contributing to several key projects, including VAIps, BIGALPS, and ventilation systems interactions with energy geostructures. Supervised by Prof. Lyesse Laloui and co supervised by Dr. Dimitros Terzis, she will exploit her expertise in multiphysical modeling to examine the potential to use modeling to explore the innovative and sustainability focussed topics of energy geostructures and microbially induced calcite precipitation.



ZIAD SAHLAB

Ziad completed his Master's in Civil Engineering at EPFL before joining our group in 2023.

Ziad will use geomechanical modeling to explore biocemented soils and their potential applications for geohazard mitigation and exploring ways to upscale this sustainable, lowemissions technology for the BIGALPS project. He will be joining our Bio-improved Soil team under Prof. Lyesse Laloui and Dr Dimitrios Terzis's supervision.



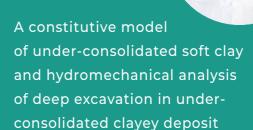
PhD guest



New insights in the analysis and prediction of the mechanical behavior of compacted expansive clays as engineered barriers

ALESSANDRO PARZIALE

Alessandro joins us from the Politecnico di Torino where he obtained his Master's Degree in Civil Engineering, Geotechnical Engineering. Alessandro is contributing to our Swiss National Science Foundation work on "New insights in the analysis and prediction of the mechanical behavior of compacted expansive clays as engineered barriers." Under the supervision of Prof. Laloui and Dr. Tuttolomomdo, Alessandro is hoping to build on our existing knowledge of materials such as clays and how they can be used as barriers against fluids and gases in geotechnical engineering.



XINGBANG LU

Lu Xing-bang from Tongji University in Shanghai, China, joined the Laloui Group as a visiting PhD student in 2023. He explored under-consolidated soft clay formed by sedimentation or filling which widely distributed in eastern coastal China, leading to challenging civil engineering construction and maintenance issues. As a result, Xing-bang explored the hydromechanical behaviors and constitutive modeling of under-consolidated soft clay to benefit foundation pit construction and underground space development in coastal areas. Having spent 2023 with us and using our facilities and skills to further his research, Xing-bang returned to China in early 2024 to finish his PhD dissertation. We wish him all the best in his future endeavors.

(IV) MEDIA & EVENTS

symposium: Perspectives in Geotechnical Engineering

The Group hosted a very successful symposium this year featuring some of the world's leading experts in geotechnical engineering to discuss the role of sustainable urban planning, current trends and technologies, current projects, and the future trajectory of the sector.

The symposium was also an opportunity to celebrate the honorary lecture of Professor Laurent Vulliet later that evening, who, after many years

with the Laloui Group, including being the former director of the Laboratory of Soil Mechanics (LMS), is retiring. We thank him for all his contributions and wish him the very best in his future endeavors.

Lectures:

Geo-Sustainability and Geo-energy development at EPFL, Prof. Lyesse Laloui (EPFL) Underground Strategy Switzerland, Dr. Anne Eckhardt (Federal Geological Commission, Risicare GmbH)

Project Cargo Sous Terrain - Geotechnical explorations and models, Florian Fischer (Cargo Souterrain)

> **Underground Architecture,** Prof. Dominique Perrault (Perrault Architecture)

> Energy Geotechnics: Fluids, Prof. J. Carlos Santamarina (Georgia Institute of Technology) Artificial Intelligence in Geotechnical Engineering, Prof. Alexandre Alahi (EPFL)





The Laloui Group welcomed Dr. Yuhei Kurimotoa as our new academic guest at the end of 2023. Upon his arrival, we asked him about his first impressions of the Laloui Group.

What's your field of expertise?

Geotechnical Engineering, especially now architecture engineering in Japan.

Why did you choose to come to the Laloui Group?

I've been researching environmentally friendly soil and ways to reduce CO2 emissions not only in Japan but abroad, so when I told my former supervisor that I wanted to expand my research in this area, he immediately recommended Prof. Laloui and introduced me straight away and here I

Dr. Yuhei **Kurimoto**

Institute of Technology, Shimizu Corporation, Japan.

So, you've been here almost a month, what are your early impressions of the Laloui Group and Switzerland?

Public transport and food are expensive compared to back home in Japan, and I miss the food, but everyone so far has been very kind and welcoming and making me feel comfortable here, and I can't wait to meet the rest of the team.

Congratulations to our apprentice Natacha Romanens, who successfully completed her federal certificate of competence (CFC) as a physics laboratory assistant.

For four years, Natacha Romanens has worked with the Laloui Group in our state-of-theart laboratory where she learned to test soil samples and cores for our researchers as well as clients such as engineering firms who are often interested in learning about the ground on which their future building, railroad, or bridge will stand. We are all proud of her achievements and wish



her the very best in her future career path. When we asked her what would be her advice for anyone interested in becoming a physics laboratory assistant? She responded, "It's a job that suits curious people. It's diverse, you gain a lot of skills, particularly perseverance. When a test doesn't work as it should, you can't give up, you have to keep trying because customers expect results!"

meet our team

PHD CANDIDATES



Svetlana Babiy Doctoral assistant



Ariadni Elmaloglou Doctoral assistant



Héloïse Fuselier Doctoral assistant

MANAGEMENT



Qazim Llabjani Doctoral assistant



Alessandro Parziale Doctoral assistant



Ziad Sahlab Doctoral assistant

SENIOR SCIENTISTS



Alessio Ferrari Researcher and lecturer



Dimitrios Terzis Group leader and lecturer

RESEARCH ASSOCIATE



Merih Büyüklü



Sofie Ten-Bosch Doctoral assistant



Matthias Wojnarowicz



Jose Bosch Scientist



Elena Ravera Scientist



Eleni Stavropoulou

SCIENTIFIC ASSISTANT



Alex Horvath Scientific assistant



Sergio Vespo Visiting PhD student, Polytechnic University of Turin



Xingbang Lu Visiting PhD Student, Tongji University, Shanghai



Aldo Madaschi Scientist



Angelica Tuttolomondo

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Dr. Yuhei Kurimoto Nagoya Institute of Technology, Japan

VI OUR PARTNERS

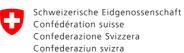


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PROJECT

The Laloui Group

GRAPHIC DESIGN & CONTENT

Wioletta Kucharska, Brendan Smith

PRINTING

Repro – Print Center EPFL, 2024

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