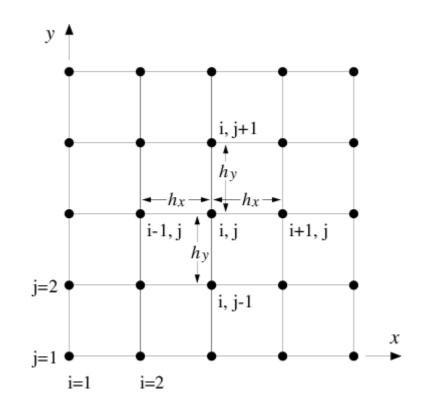
Numerical Viscosity and Diffusion in Finite Difference Eulerian Codes

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What is Numerical Diffusion?

Everyone is talking about it, but no one knows what is really is.

Numerical Experiments

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On the Measurements of Numerical Viscosity and Resistivity in Eulerian MHD Codes

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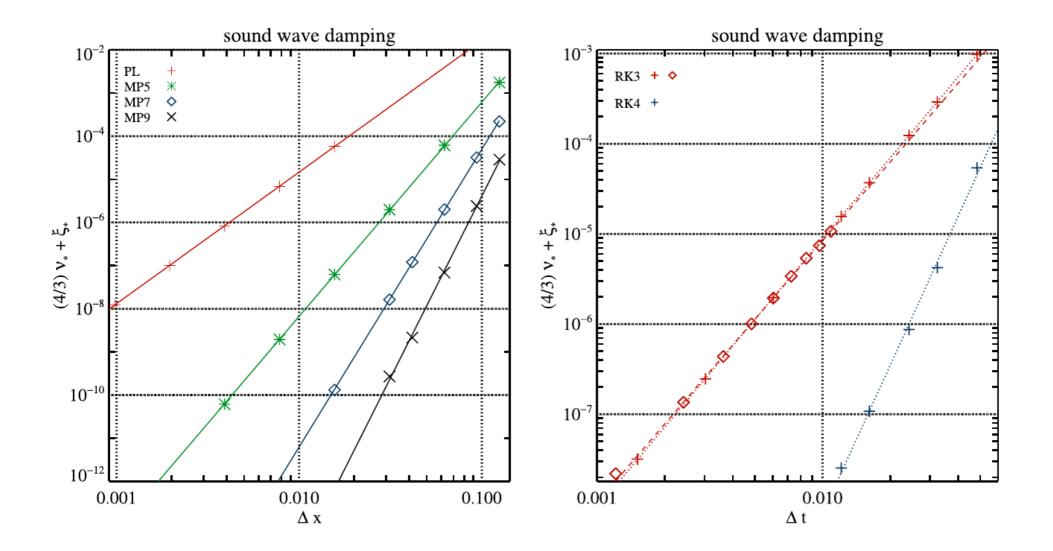
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Series	Wave	Reco	Riemann	Time	CFL	Resolution	$\mathfrak{N}_{ ext{tot}}^{\Delta x}$	r	$\mathfrak{N}_{ ext{tot}}^{\Delta t}$	q
#S1	sound	PL	HLL	RK4	0.01	641028	14.3 ± 0.7	3.049 ± 0.009		
#S2	sound	MP5	LF	RK4	0.01	8256	42.9 ± 2.3	4.957 ± 0.013		
#S3	sound	MP5	HLL	RK4	0.01	8256	43.4 ± 2.5	4.961 ± 0.014		
#S4	sound	MP5	HLLD	RK4	0.01	8256	42.7 ± 2.2	4.956 ± 0.013		
#S5	sound	MP7	HLL	RK4	0.01	864	302 ± 20	6.897 ± 0.021		
#S6	sound	MP9	HLL	RK4	0.01	832	830 ± 340	8.42 ± 0.15		
#S7	sound	MP9	HLL	RK3	0.5	8256			1.492 ± 0.013	2.985 ± 0.002
#S8	sound	MP9	HLL	RK3	0.10.9	64			2.45 ± 0.17	2.95 ± 0.01
# S 9	sound	MP9	HLL	RK4	0.5	832			71 ± 32	5.5 ± 0.2
#A1	Alfvén	MP5	LF	RK4	0.01	8256	42 ± 3	4.95 ± 0.02		
#A2	Alfvén	MP5	HLL	RK4	0.01	8256	42.6 ± 2.1	4.96 ± 0.01		
#A3	Alfvén	MP5	HLLD	RK4	0.01	8256	42 ± 3	4.95 ± 0.02		
#A4	Alfvén	MP7	HLL	RK4	0.01	8128	44 ± 53	6.19 ± 0.03		
#A5	Alfvén	MP9	HLL	RK4	0.01	864	1190 ± 190	8.57 ± 0.06		
#A6	Alfvén	MP9	HLL	RK3	0.8	16128			0.86 ± 0.08	2.949 ± 0.022
#A7	Alfvén	MP9	HLL	RK4	0.8	864			7.6 ± 2.5	5.18 ± 0.10
#A8	Alfvén	MP5	HLL	RK3	0.5	51024				
#MS1	magnetosonic	MP5	HLL	RK4	0.01	8128	40 ± 3	4.95 ± 0.02		
#MS2	magnetosonic	MP7	HLL	RK4	0.01	864	288 ± 20	6.903 ± 0.023		
#MS3	magnetosonic	MP9	HLL	RK4	0.01	832	1970 ± 160	8.82 ± 0.03		
#MS4	magnetosonic	MP9	HLL	RK3	0.10.9	64			1.77 ± 0.06	2.977 ± 0.007
#MS5	magnetosonic	MP9	HLL	RK4	0.20.9	64			4.3 ± 0.8	4.834 ± 0.013

Table 1 Wave Damping Simulations I

Wave Damping



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Analytical Approach

Numerical Methods



Radostin Simitev

July 23, 2019

Local Truncation Error

Definition 7.4. *The quantity*

$$\tau_{(h)} = \mathcal{A}_{(h)}[\hat{u}] - \mathcal{L}[\hat{u}] = \mathcal{A}_{(h)}[\hat{u}] = A_{(h)}\hat{u} - F_{(h)}.$$

discretized exact $\mathcal{L}[\hat{u}] = 0$

is called the local truncation error (local residual) of the numerical scheme $\mathcal{A}_{(h)}[]=0$.

Example 7.5. Find the local truncation error of the numerical scheme $\mathcal{A}_{(h)}[u] = \frac{u_{k-1} - 2u_k + u_{k+1}}{h^2} - f_k = 0$ for the solution of

 $u^{\prime\prime}-f=0.$

This is solved exactly.

$$\mathcal{A}_{(h)}[\hat{u}] = \frac{\hat{u}_{k-1} - 2\hat{u}_k + \hat{u}_{k+1}}{h^2} - f_k = (\hat{u}_k^{\prime\prime} + O(h^2)) - f_k,$$

but

Solution. Now

$$\mathcal{L}[\hat{u}] = \hat{u}_k^{\prime\prime} - f_k = 0,$$

so using the definition directly

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$$\tau_{(h)} = \mathcal{A}_{(h)}[\hat{u}] - \mathcal{L}[\hat{u}] = O(h^2).$$

Numerical Diffusion

PDEs: $\mathcal{L}[\hat{u}] = 0$

In the PencilCode do we have $\mathcal{A}_{(h)}[\hat{u}] = c \partial_{xx} \hat{u} + \dots$?

What is c ?

Approach:

- 1. Discretize PDEs.
- 2. Apply method of lines to get set of coupled ODEs.
- 3. Construct the Runge-Kutta intermediate steps.
- 4. Eliminate off-center values using the Taylor expansion.
- 5. Eliminate intermediate time steps using time Taylor expansion.

$$f_{i\pm 1} = f_i \pm dx f'_i + \frac{dx^2}{2} f''_i \pm \frac{dx^3}{6} f'''_i + \dots$$
$$\frac{f_{i+1} - f_{i-1}}{2dx} = f'_i + \frac{dx^2}{6} f'''_i + \dots$$

Inviscid Navier-Stokes 3d

$$\begin{split} \frac{\partial \mathbf{u}}{\partial t} &= -\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla \mathbf{u} - c_{\mathrm{s}}^{2} \nabla \ln \left(\rho \right) & \text{second order space} \\ \text{second order Runge-Kutta} \\ \frac{\partial \ln \left(\rho \right)}{\partial t} &= -\mathbf{u} \cdot \nabla \ln \left(\rho \right) - \nabla \cdot \mathbf{u} \\ \end{split}$$
Truncation errors with $\partial_{xx} u_{x}$:

$$-\frac{c_{s}^{2}dt^{2}dx^{2}\ln(\rho)_{xxx}u_{x}}{24}-\frac{c_{s}^{2}dt^{2}dx^{2}\ln(\rho)_{x}u_{x,xx}}{8}+\dots$$

Similar for $\partial_{yy} u_x$ and $\partial_{zz} u_x$.

Proper diffusion terms: $\partial_t u_x = \partial_{xx} u_x + \partial_{yy} u_x + \partial_{zz} u_x$

Conclusions

- Numerical viscosity and diffusion can be calculated analytically.
- Need to find proper interpretation of the terms.
- Next: higher order space and time discretization, MHD.