# ASKAP Data Processing Using Apache Flink Streaming Platform

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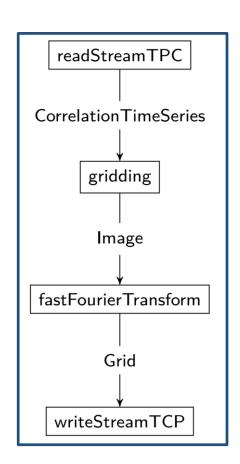
University of Zurich



Swiss SKA Days 2018 12 June, 2018

## Privacy Preserving, Peta-scale Stream Analytics for Domain-Experts

- Goal of project:
  - Data
    - High Velocity
    - High Volume
  - Perform Real Time Processing or continuously analyze incoming data without storing it. (Streaming Processing)
- ASKAP(Australian Square Kilometer Array PathFinder) Data
  - 36 12 meter-antennas
  - Every dish generates 18 TB of samples per second
  - Gets reduced to 0.6 TB/s by beam formers
  - Then correlator computes correlations between the samples reducing it to a total of 2.5 GB/s of raw data.



## **ASKAP Data Format**

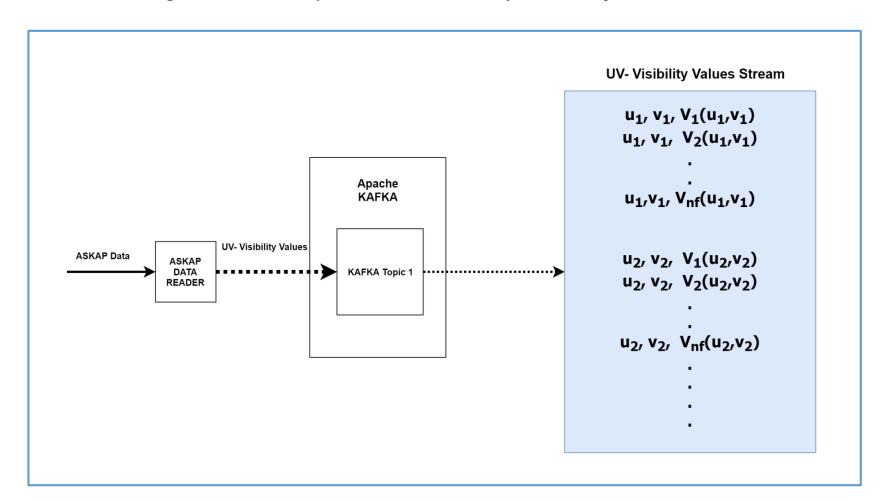
- FITS / Measurement Sets
- Each uv point consists of complex visibilities observed at multiple frequencies.

  - $U_n, V_n$ •  $V_n(u_1, v_1), V_n(u_1, v_1), V_n(u_1, v_1), \dots V_{nf}(u_n, v_n)$

```
Parameters
     (9.9827339e-08, 1.9086198e-08, 9.4936494e-09, 258.0, 2453763.5173029471, 1.0,
     array([[[[ 3.22676373, -0.
                                           , -1.24983537],
               [ 11.16298294, -0.
                                           , -1.24983537]],
[[Real, imag, weight]
              [[ 0.30660194,
                               0.34336776, -1.24983537],
* # Stokes Paramsl
                 -0.10624005,
                               -0.28632244, -1.24983537]],
              [[0.54785454, 0.15587099, -1.24983537],
               [ -0.83860892, -0.10191095, -1.24983537]]
                                                                        [[[Real, imag, weight]
                                                                        # of Frequencies
              [[-0.2699208, 0.46513709, -1.24983537],
               [-2.31419396, 0.10752642, -1.24983537]],
              [[0.03520459, -0.03444463, -1.24983537],
               [-3.06885457, -0.1433557, -1.24983537]],
              [[ 0.29430306, -0.
                                          , -1.24983537],
               [ -2.6285162 , -0.
                                          , -1.24983537]]]]], dtype=float32))
```

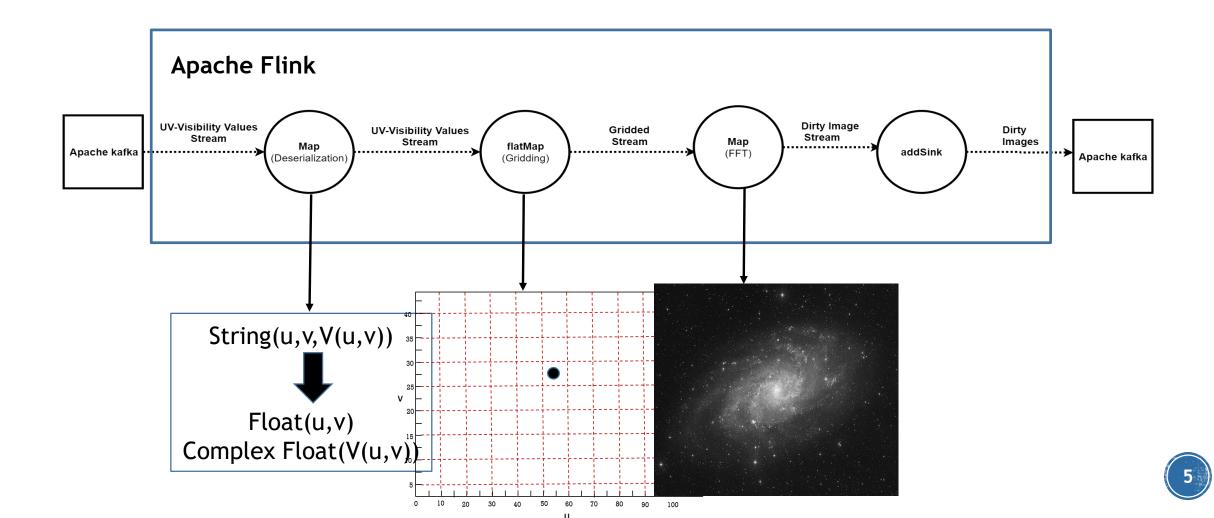
### **ASKAP Data Stream**

- Apache Kafka: Stores Stream of data safely in a replicated fault tolerant manner.
- Visibility values vector grained finely to UV Visibility Value pair.

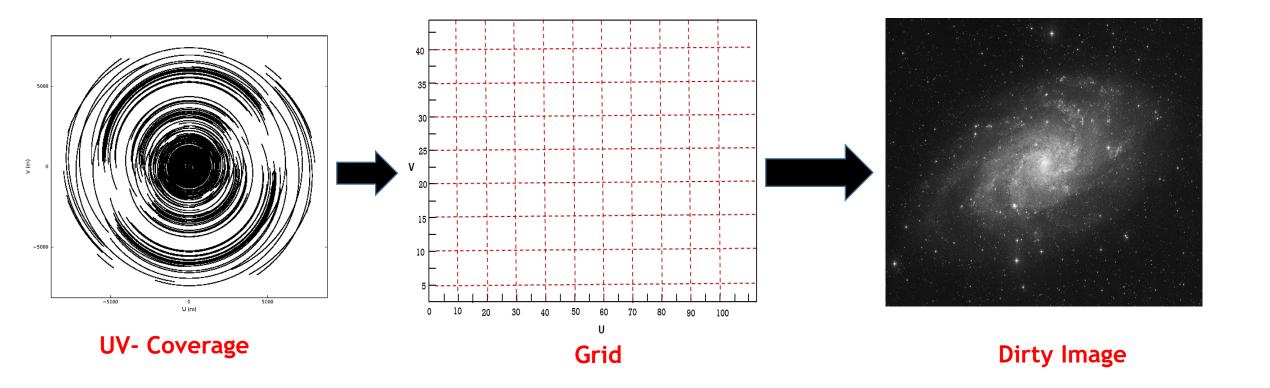


## **ASKAP Pipeline using Apache Flink**

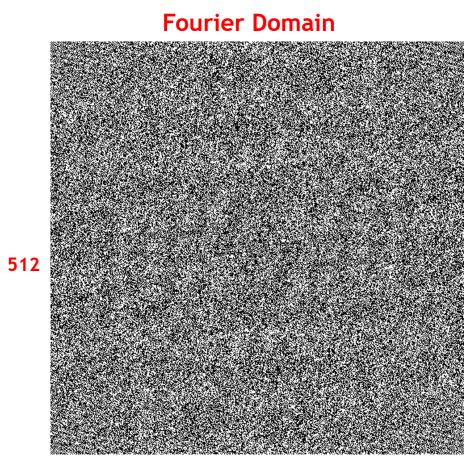
Apache Flink is a scalable Stream Processing platform.

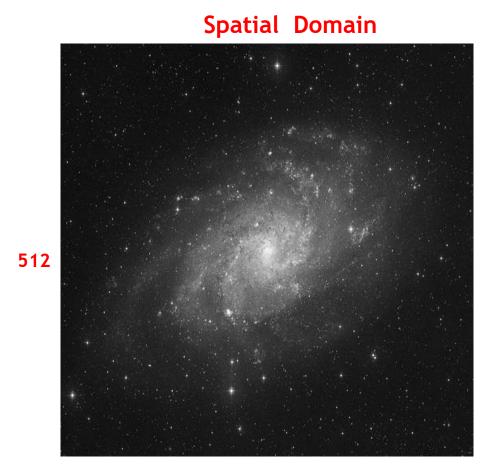


## Real Time Processing?

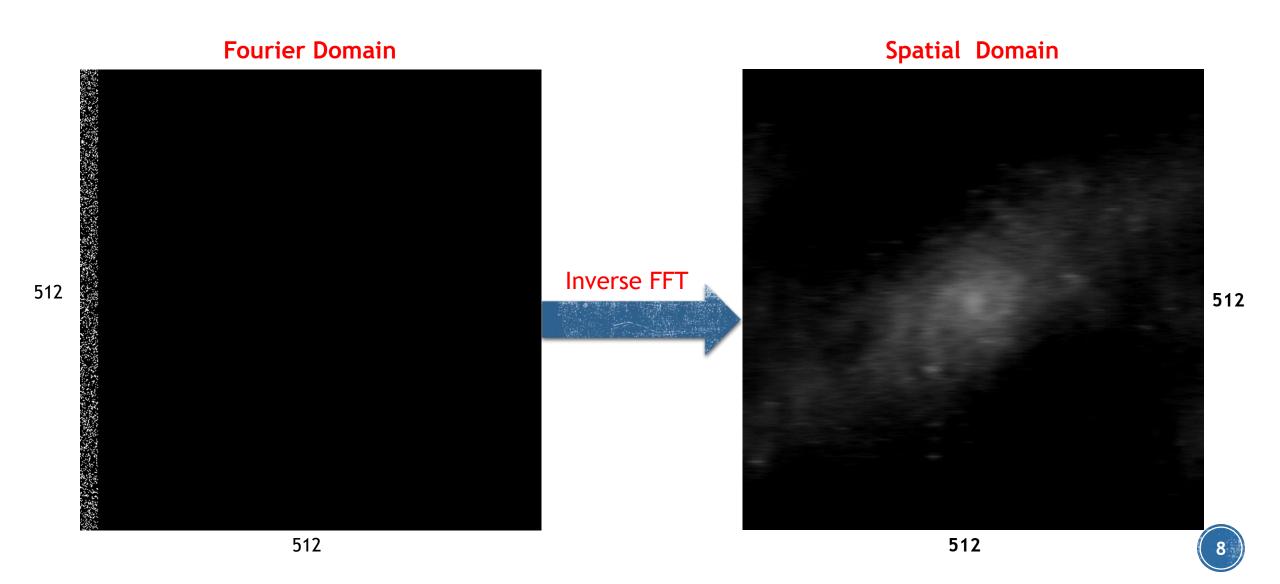


## **Test Image from Fourier to Spatial Domain**

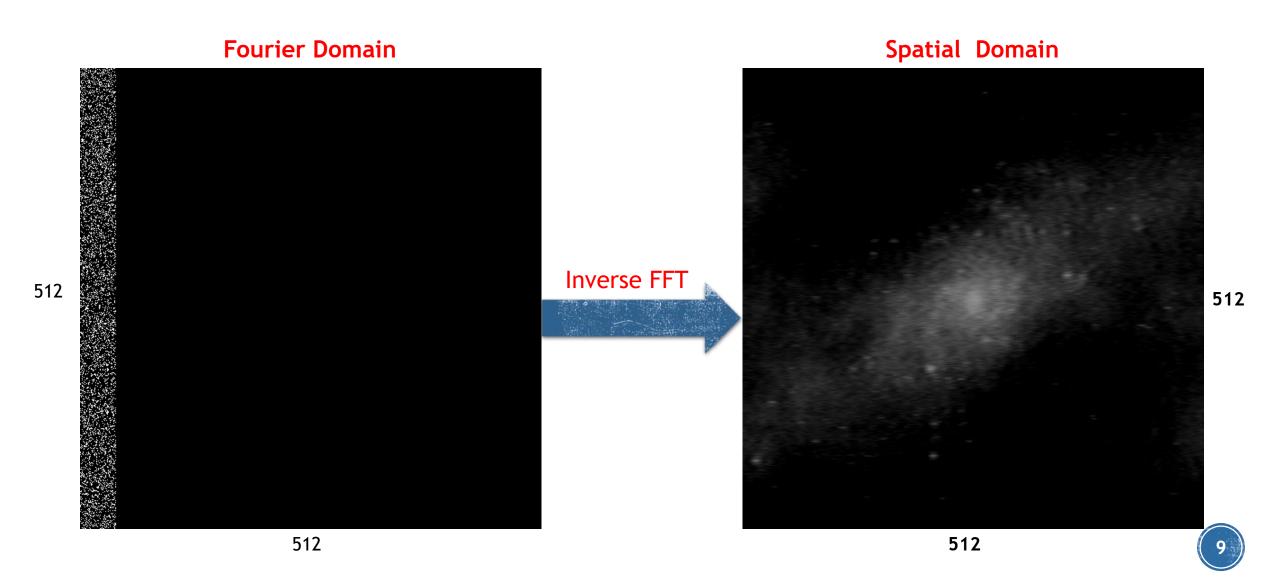




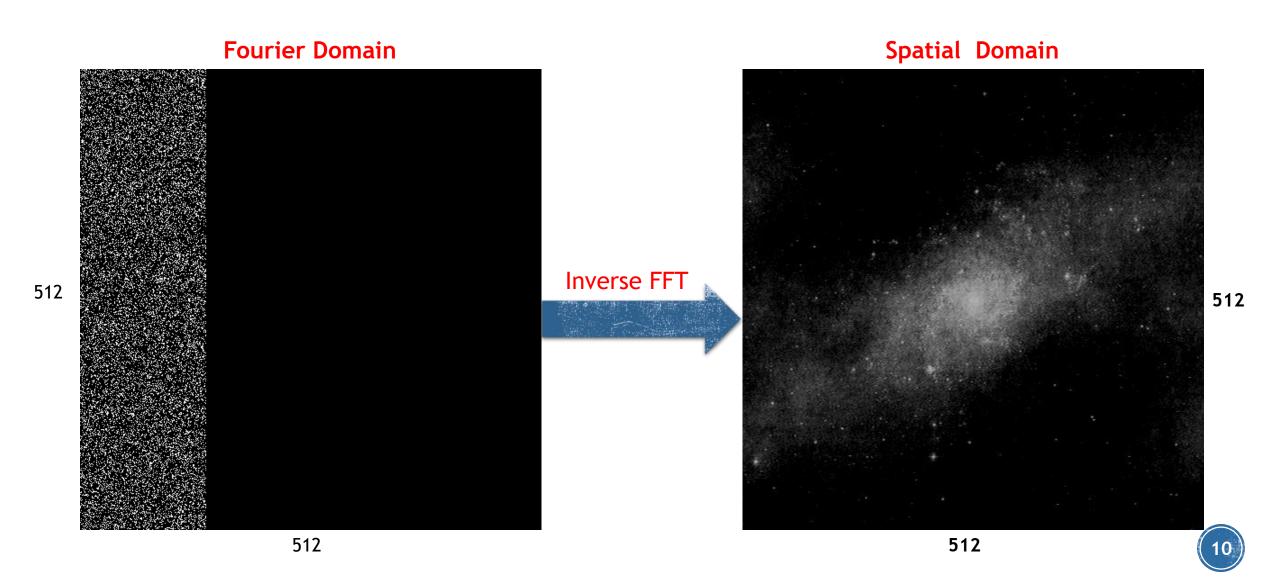
## **5k Points**



## **10k Points**

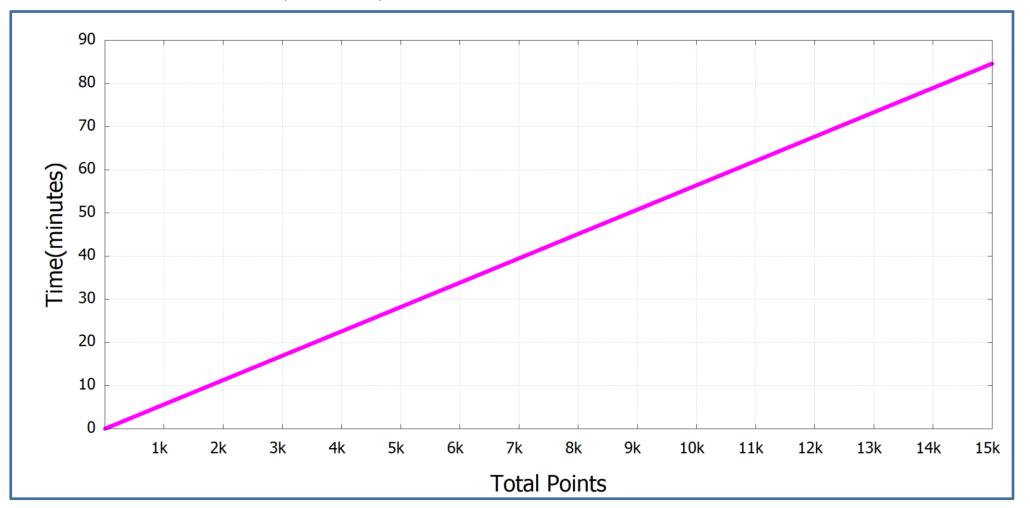


## 15k Points



#### **Cumulative Runtime for FFT**

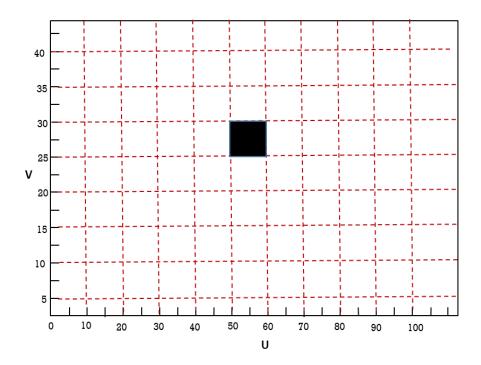
- Cumulative Time
  - By iteratively adding one point to grid
  - Then FFT on the Grid (512 x 512)



## **Incremental FFT**

#### • Idea:

- If any point is added in the grid
- Then Fourier Transform calculations should bound to that point only
- Not every point already present in the grid



#### **Incremental FFT**

$$F(x,y) = \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} f(m,n) e^{(-i2\pi)(x\frac{m}{M} + y\frac{n}{N})} \qquad \text{x,m = 0,1 ... M-1} \\ \text{y,n = 0,1 ... N-1}$$

ightharpoonup For any point f(i,j) and consider  $\omega=e^{-2\pi i}$ 

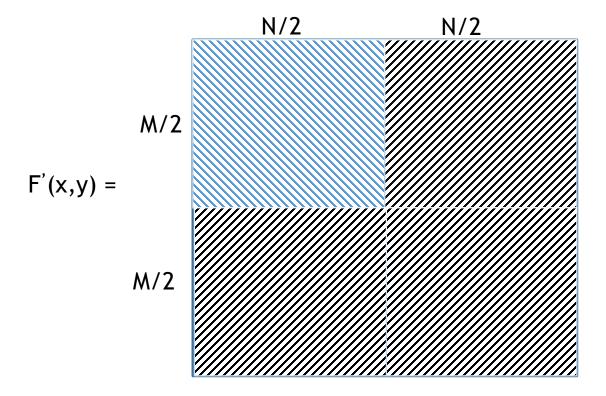
$$\textbf{F(x,y)=} \begin{bmatrix} f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{j}{N})} & \dots & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(N-1)(\frac{j}{N})} \\ f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{j}{N})} & \dots & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(N-1)(\frac{j}{N})} \\ f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{j}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{j}{N})} & \dots & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(N-1)(\frac{j}{N})} \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(M-1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(0)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(M-1)(\frac{j}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(1)(\frac{j}{N})} & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(M-1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(2)(\frac{j}{N})} & \dots & f(i,j) \cdot \omega^{(M-1)(\frac{i}{M})} \cdot \omega^{(N-1)(\frac{j}{N})} \end{bmatrix}$$

#### **Incremental FFT**

By symmetry:

if 
$$\omega_N^k = e^{\frac{-2\pi ik}{N}}; \quad \omega_N^{k+\frac{N}{2}} = -\omega_N^k$$

For any point f(i,j)

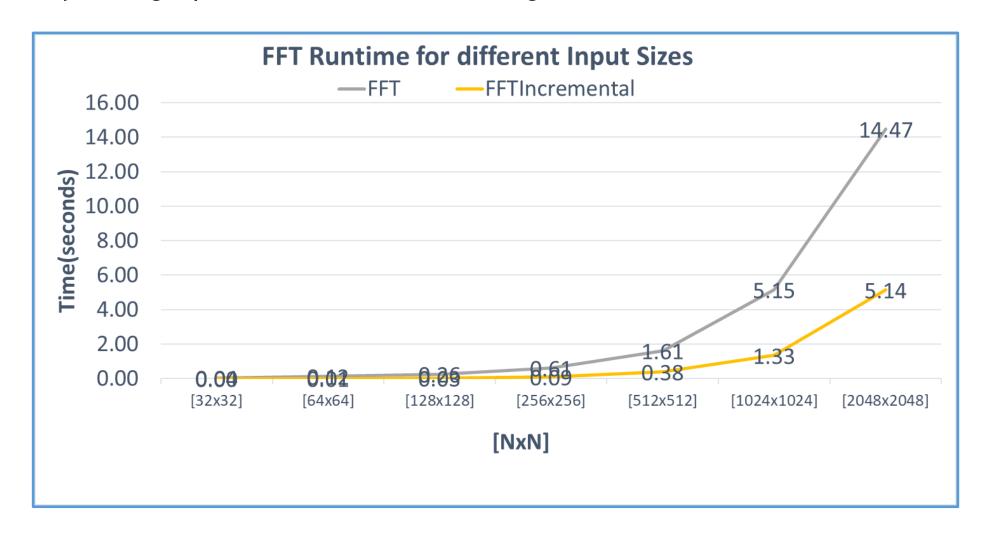


Add F'(x,y) calculated for one point to Fourier Matrix

$$F(x,y) = F(x,y) + F'(x,y)$$

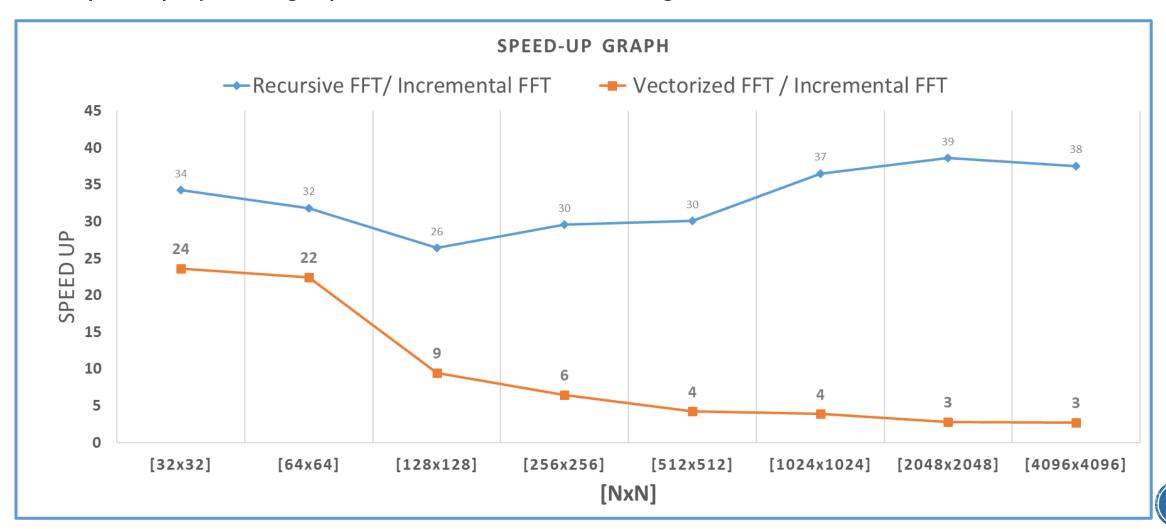
#### **FFT vs Incremental FFT Runtime**

Runtime by adding 1 point in Grid and then taking FFT



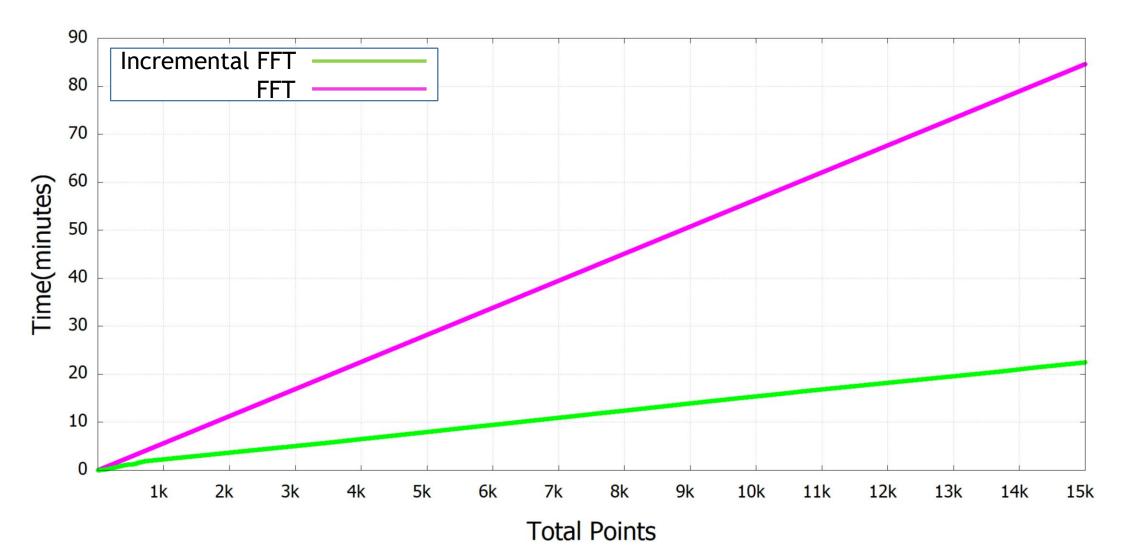
#### **Incremental FFT speedup over FFT**

Speedup by adding 1 point in Grid and then taking FFT



#### **Cumulative Runtime for FFT and Incremental FFT**

Speedup for only 1 incoming point in a stream



## **Future Work**

- Optimization and improvement of single point Incremental FFT algorithm as well as implementation
- Incremental FFT over multiple points rather than single point.
  - Specify Time Window
  - Specify number of points
- Complete the operations in the Streaming pipeline(Weighting)

Thanks ...!

Questions