Discrete Optimization (Spring 2017)

Assignment 3

Problem 5 can be **submitted** until March 17 12:00 noon into the right box in front of MA C1 563.

You are allowed to submit your solutions in groups of at most three students.

Problem 1

Let I be an index set and $C_i \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ be a convex set for each $i \in I$, prove that $\bigcap_{i \in I} C_i$ is a convex set (Proposition 2.1 in the lecture notes).

Problem 2

Given an "extreme point" v of a convex set K. Show that v cannot be written as a convex combination of other points in K.

Problem 3

Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times n}$ be a non-singular matrix and let $a_1, \ldots, a_n \in \mathbb{R}^n$ be the columns of A.

- i) Show that cone($\{a_1, \ldots, a_n\}$) is the polyhedron $P = \{y \in \mathbb{R}^n : A^{-1}y \ge 0\}$.
- ii) Show that cone($\{a_1, \ldots, a_k\}$) for $k \leq n$ is the set

$$P_k = \{ y \in \mathbb{R}^n : a_i^{-1} y \ge 0, i = 1, \dots, k, a_i^{-1} y = 0, i = k + 1, \dots, n \},$$

where a_i^{-1} denotes the *i*-th row of A^{-1} .

Problem 4

Prove that for a finite set $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$ the conic hull $\operatorname{cone}(X)$ is closed and convex. Use the previous exercise and Carathéodory's theorem: Let $X \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n$, then for each $x \in \operatorname{cone}(X)$ there exists a set $\widetilde{X} \subseteq X$ of cardinality at most n such that $x \in \operatorname{cone}(\widetilde{X})$. The vectors in \widetilde{X} are linearly independent.

Problem 5 (\star)

Prove the following variant of Farkas' lemma: Let $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times n}$ be a matrix and $b \in \mathbb{R}^m$ be a vector. The system $Ax \leq b$, $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$ has a solution if and only if for all $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}^m_{\geq 0}$ with $\lambda^T A = 0$ one has $\lambda^T b \geq 0$. Hint: Use the version of Farkas' lemma proven in class.