

A thick black L-shaped frame is positioned on the left and bottom edges of the slide, framing the central text.

COMPACT ROUTING FOR LOW EARTH ORBIT SATELLITES

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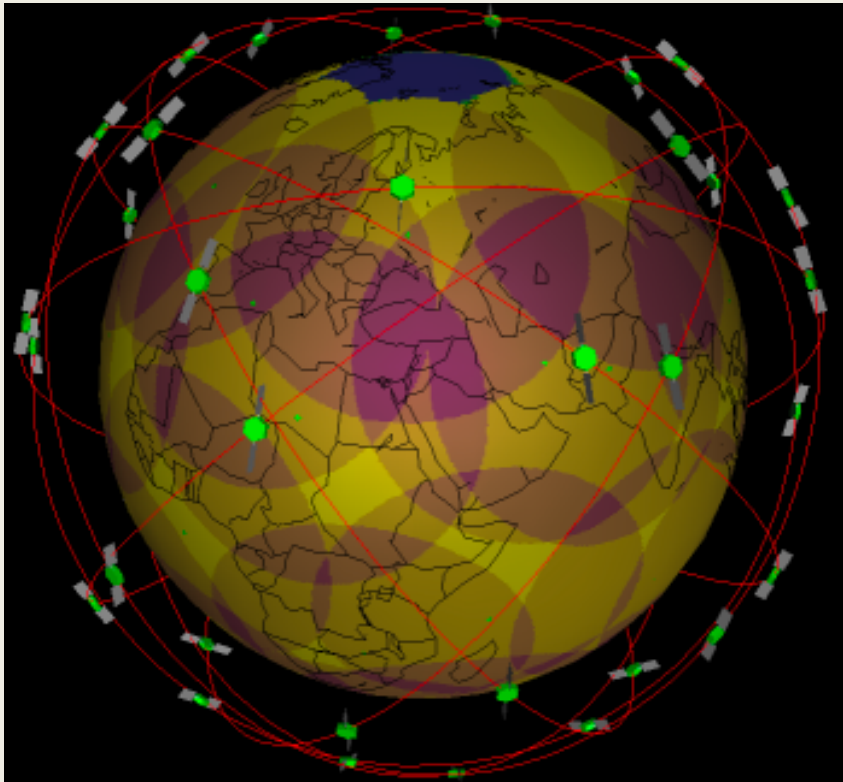
Supervisors: Cristina Basescu & Kelong Cong



INTRODUCTION

Simulator Choice (-> if implementation section)

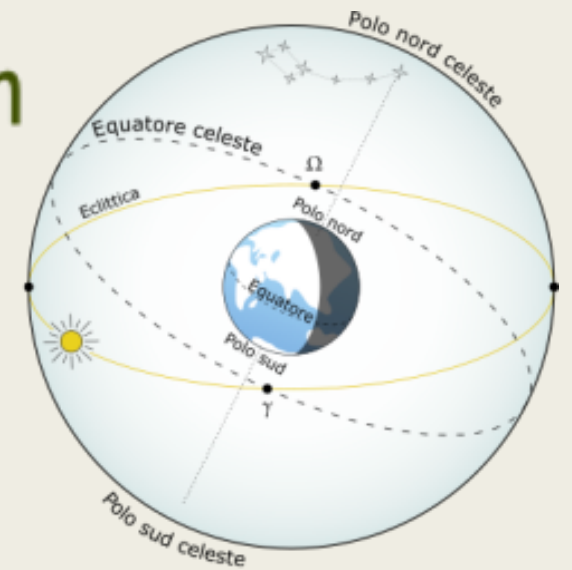
SaVi



PyEphem

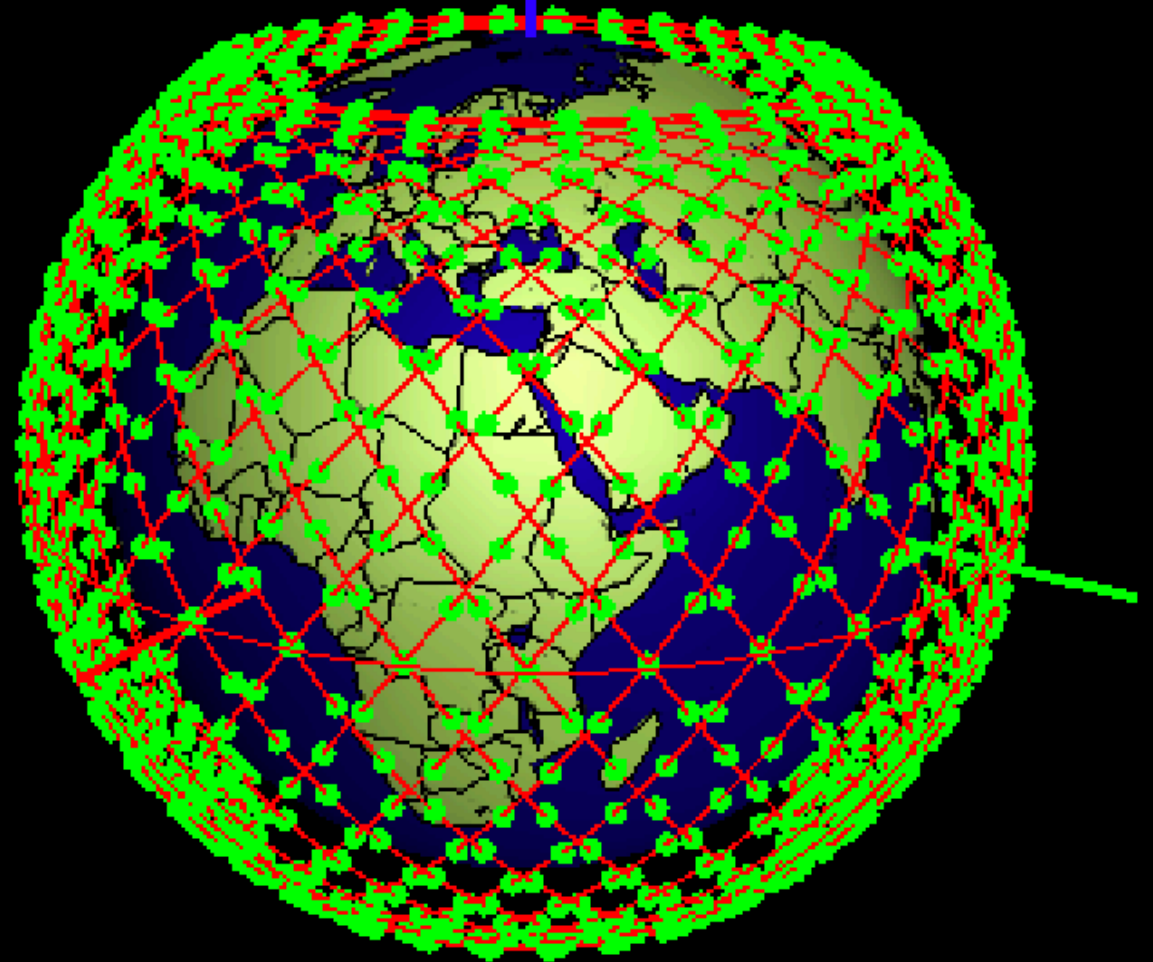


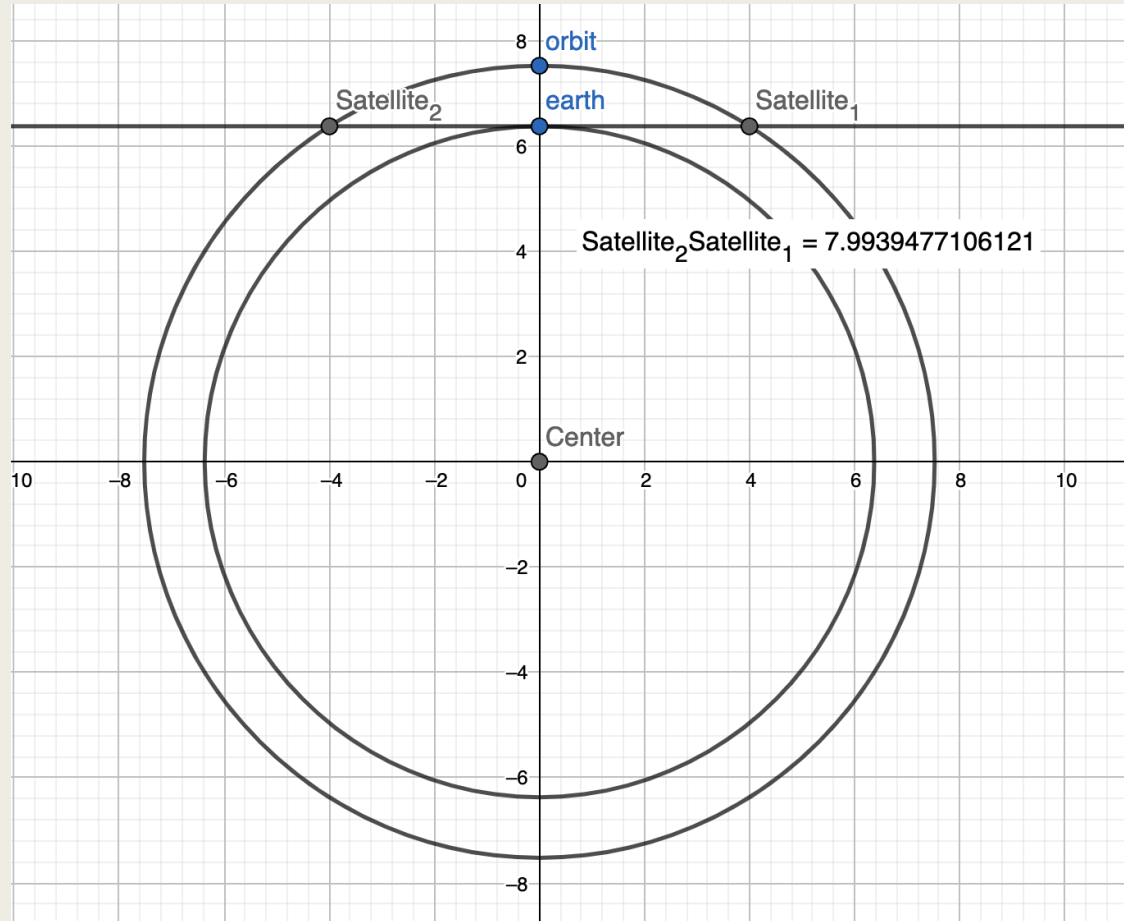
PyEphem



STARLINK CONSTELLATION

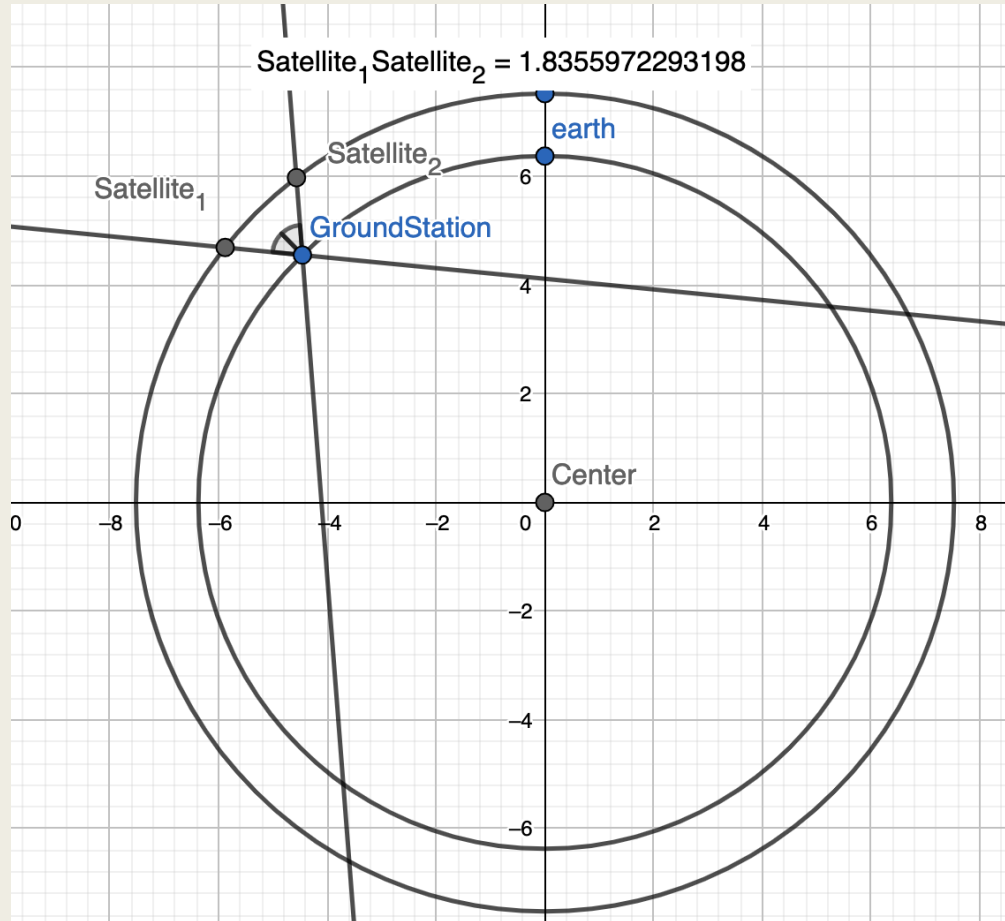
50 PLANES
32 SATS/PLANE





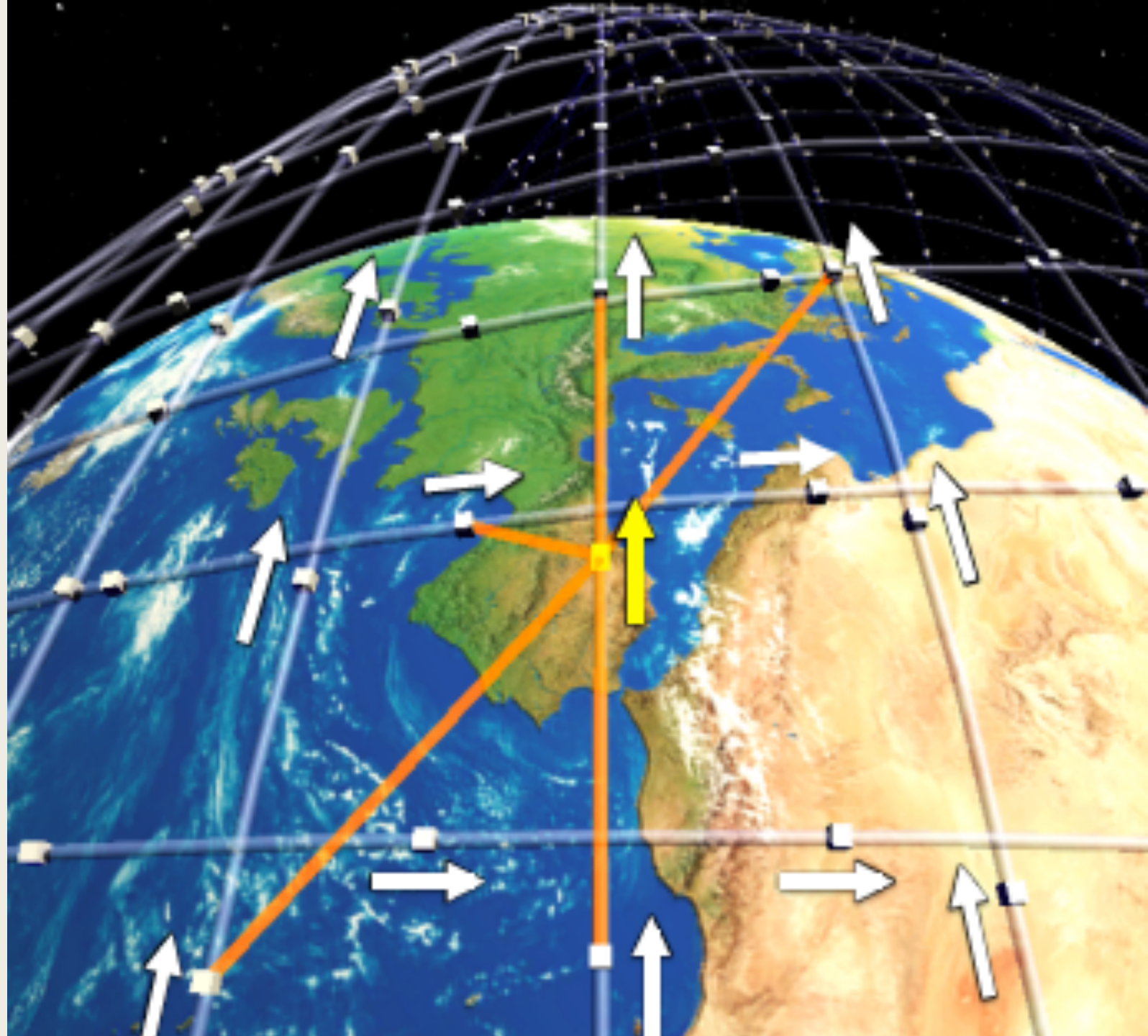
PHYSICAL
LIMITATION:
EARTH'S
CURVE

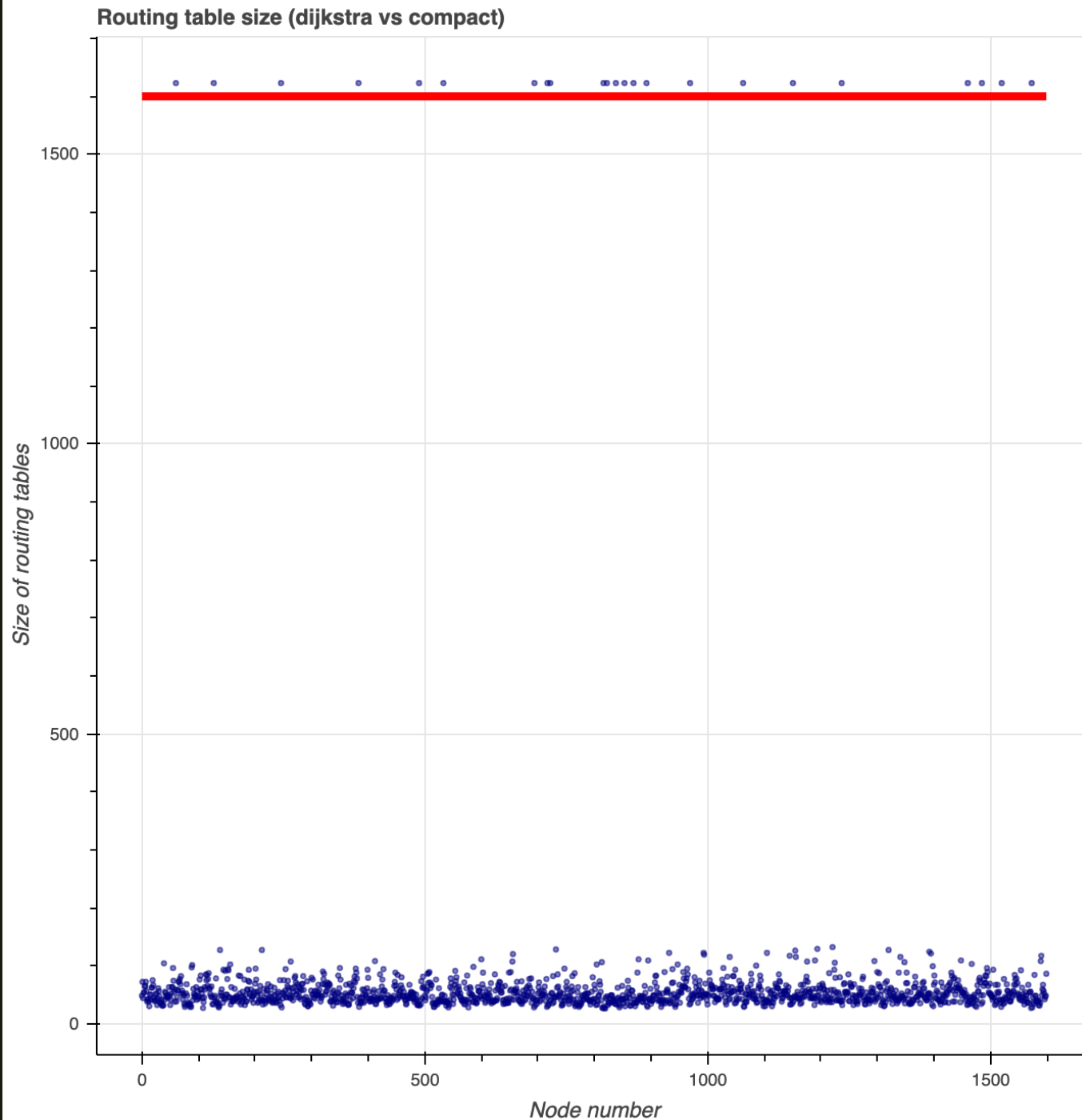
8'000 KM



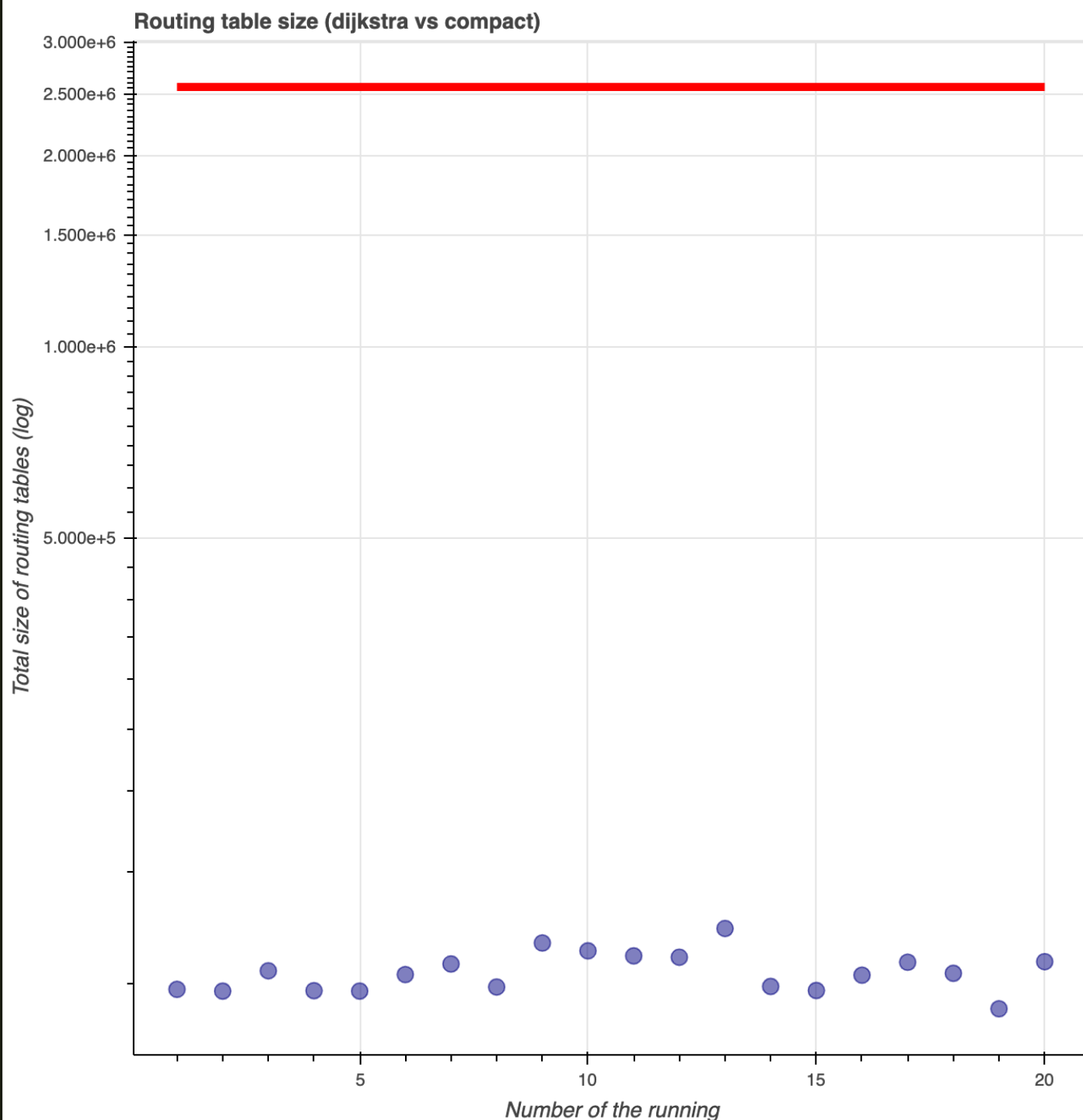
PHYSICAL
LIMITATION:
GROUND
STATIONS ?

NETWORK
LIMITATION:
5 LINKS



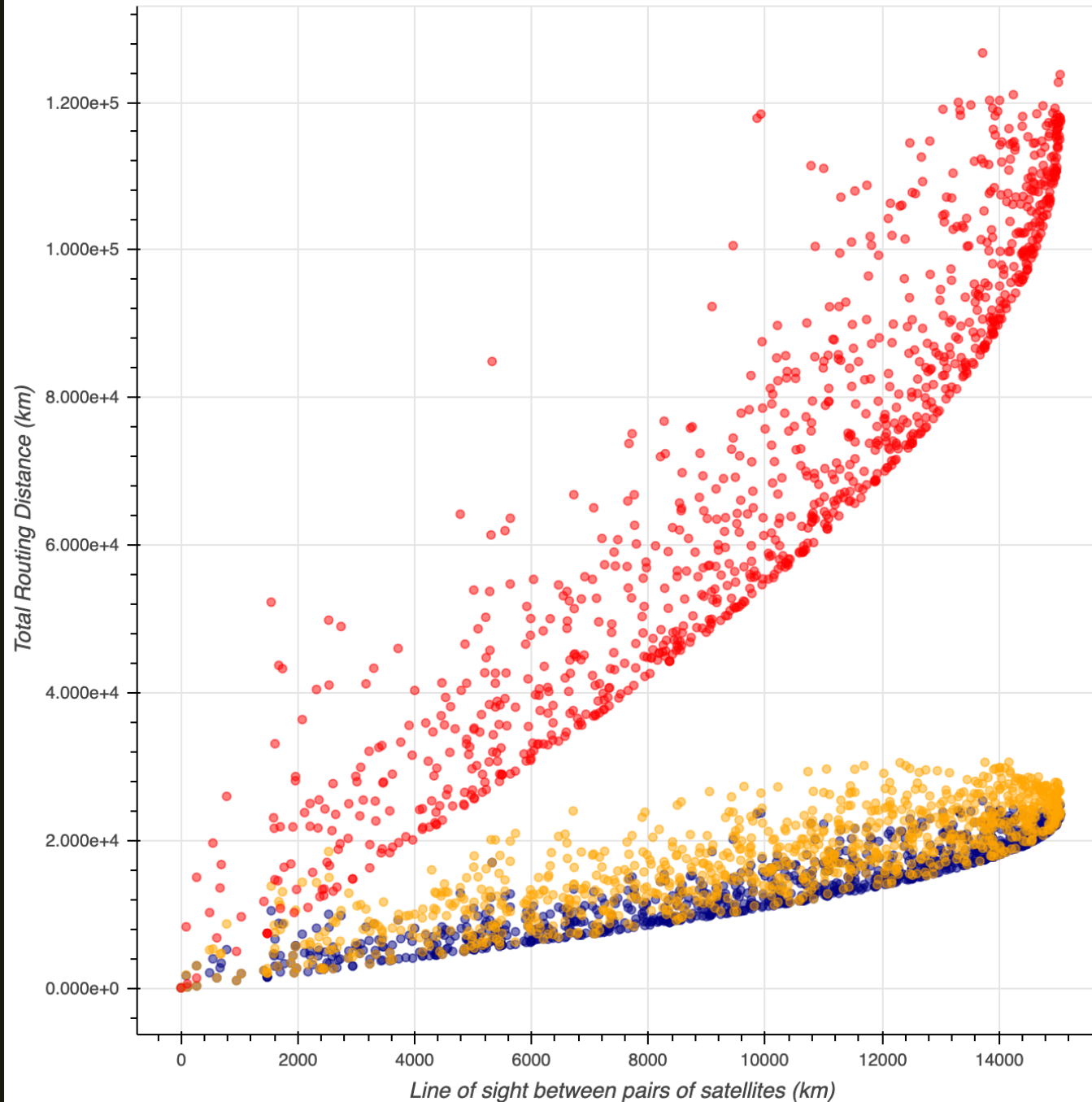


ROUTING
TABLE PER
NODE:
15X
SMALLER



TOTAL
ROUTING
TABLE SIZE

Algorithms depending on the line of sight



ROUTING
DISTANCE
FOR 1000
PAIRS

Limitations

- Simulations on the entire network hard to determine
 - *Links configuration for constellation with multiple altitudes required -> FUTURE WORK, MULT. STAGES*
- Relies on the assumption the closest node will be the best (from Harvey's paper) -> FUTURE WORK
- Light speed in vacuum: 40% higher than in air:
 - *Obvious lack of performances if difference Compact/Dijkstra is high*
- Ground stations -> FUTURE WORK