

Spring Semester 2021

Research Project: /

Skills extraction from job ads

Nicolas Kieffer

Supervisor: Richard Davis

MOTIVATION

Imagine a recruitment platform where you could simply enter your skills and it would propose you all the jobs corresponding to these skills. To this purpose, the platform would have first to extract skills found in each job advertisement. This semester project aims at developing, validating, and comparing methods for extracting skills from job-ad data. Supervised methods are mostly used for related work with large amounts of labeled data. But in our case, we dispose of unlabeled data and the time and money spent on labeling it would be too much for too less. We need unsupervised methods that could be capable of extract skills from any new dataset.

METHODS

Different methods were tried and compared to each other in order to determine which one is the most efficient and accurate. These methods are LDA with Gensim, Top2Vec using different embedding models, LDA2Vec and Contextual Topic Identification. Finally and concretely, 6 methods have been compared: LDA with 500 topics, LDA with 1000 topics, Top2Vec with Doc2Vec, Top2Vec with Universal Sentence Encoder. Top2Vec with Universal Sentence Encoder Multilingual and Top2Vec with BERT Sentence Transformer. To compare these methods, skills have been manually extracted from 10 random job ads and a F1-score has been calculated to compare accuracy between the methods by

comparing the ground truth to the terms topics the different models returned. Some wordclouds of topics obtained with Top2Vec can be seen below.





RESULTS

	Training time	Number of topics
Doc2Vec	28 min	1335
Universal Sentence Encoder	4 min	705
Universal Sentence Encoder Multilingual	13 min	855
BERT Sentence Transformer	7 min	578

F1-score of different models:

LDA with 500 topics: 0.138
LDA with 1000 topics: 0.131
Top2Vec with Doc2Vec: 0.36
Top2Vec with USE: 0.218
Top2Vec with USEM: 0.298
Top2Vec with BERT: 0.313