

1 ► Constrained least squares problem

Let $\mathbf{y} \in \mathbb{R}^N$, $A \in \mathbb{R}^{N \times r}$, $r \leq N$, $\text{rank } A = r$. Consider the constrained minimization problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^N} \frac{1}{2} \|\mathbf{x} - \mathbf{y}\|_2^2, \quad A^T \mathbf{x} = 0, \quad 1 - \|\mathbf{x}\|_2^2 \geq 0.$$

- Write down the KKT conditions.
- Assume $\|\mathbf{y}\|_2 < 1$. Show that the inequality constraint is inactive at a global solution \mathbf{x}^* and deduce that

$$\mathbf{x}^* = (I - A(A^T A)^{-1} A^T) \mathbf{y}.$$

*Prof. D. Kressner
M. Steinlechner*

2 ► Constrained optimization

Note: This is an old exam question (without part (a)).

Consider the set

$$\Omega = \{\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid g(\mathbf{x}) \geq 0\} \quad \text{where} \quad g(\mathbf{x}) = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ 1 - x_1 - x_2 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Solve the constrained optimization problem

$$\min_{\mathbf{x} \in \Omega} f(\mathbf{x}) \quad \text{where} \quad f(\mathbf{x}) = (x_1 - 3/2)^2 + (x_2 - 2)^2 \quad (1)$$

by following these steps:

- Plot the constraint set defined by $g(\mathbf{x})$ in the (x_1, x_2) plane and add contour lines of the cost function. Can you already guess the optimal solution?
- Write down the KKT conditions for problem (1).
- Show that LICQ holds for all $\mathbf{x} \in \Omega$.
- Find all KKT points for which at most one constraint is active.
- Find all $\mathbf{x} \in \Omega$ at which at least two constraints are active.
- Select the solution of the problem from the points in (d) and (e).