In the environmental field, our planet is facing major challenges: climate change, scarcity of resources such as drinking water, pollution, human population growth or loss of biodiversity. Environmental issues are not only diverse, but also increasingly complex. Although inventing appropriate solutions to these issues involves human, economic and social dimensions, taking into account scientific and technical progress is paramount.
Environmental engineers are trained to solve problems at the crossroad between science and society arising from the complex interaction of human beings with their natural environment. Curious by nature, I focused my master in Water, Soil and Ecosystem Engineering which offers core courses on water-related topics coupled with strong technical know-how in Geographic Information Systems (GIS) and their use for spatial analysis and visualization. Led by my interest in societal issues, I chose my Master’s Project on the understanding and modeling of transmission of waterborne epidemic diseases (cholera in Bangladesh) realized at the University of Michigan in Ann Arbor, USA.

In this project, I applied concepts in hydrology, optimization and modeling together with programming and spatial analysis to produce and explore data, analyze it and communicate my findings. The possible tasks that I would be able to perform include flood risk evaluation, water management and spatial data analysis and representation which all involve modeling and programming. Possible employers are consulting-engineering companies working in the field of water management and flood mitigation, large firms needing specialists in spatial data analysis and of course Swiss or international institutions like the WHO working in diseases prevention.

Javier PEREZ - SAEZ

Magali Bassan: “I really liked the opportunity given by this Master to do internships and work on concrete projects. I had the opportunity to work in Senegal and Togo to develop water supply and sanitation. I also worked on organic waste valorization with biogas in Valais. Since the beginning of my career, I’ve always been able to combine my interest for water sanitation and helping developing countries.”

Patrick Astori: “The Master’s degree in environmental engineering teaches you how to solve concrete problems, directly related to real situations/settings. During my studies, I worked on the water barriers in Venise, on the development of photovoltaics in Valais or on the third correction of the Rhône. All these examples clearly show the broad fields covered by environmental engineers, as well as their utility.”

Matthew PARKAN

Have you ever wanted to understand why avalanches are so difficult to predict? How observing ants can help in network routing? How PET bottles can be used to disinfect water? Then the Master SIE is made for you!

During my Master in Environmental Modeling and Monitoring, I was able to exercise a diverse set of skills; from planning irrigation networks for arid regions to predicting atmospheric temperatures in Greenland using artificial intelligence. Pretty quickly, geospatial analysis became of special interest to me and I discovered how multidisciplinary it is. Indeed, most environmental studies involve maps and spatial decisions. Questions such as ‘Where is the best place to install this wind turbine?’ or ‘How does the topography of this water catchment influence the risk of flooding?’ are a common sight in the problem landscape.

Before my PhD studies, I worked at the Vaud Forest Service to create forest canopy maps and worked in a natural reserve -the Grande Caricaie- to analyze erosion dynamics.

Overall, as an environmental engineer, you will be able to implement both down to earth and high tech solutions. Most of the young environmental engineers work in the domains of transportation systems, life cycle analysis, geographic information consulting, renewable energy, natural reserve management and water/wastewater treatment, all around the world.

I hope this glimpse of activities has convinced you of the opportunities offered by the Environmental Engineering curriculum.
The program includes a compulsory 8-week internship which can be extended to 6 months and combined with the Master’s thesis.

Students are requested to deepen their training either with a 30 ECTS specialization in:
- A Chemical and environmental bioprocesses
- B Water, soil and ecosystems engineering
- C Monitoring and modeling of the environment

Or with a 30 ECTS minor included in the options. Minors recommended with this Master:
- Energy
- Engineering for sustainability (EngS)
- Integrated design, architecture and sustainability (IDEAS)
- Urban planning and territorial development (DTU)

Career prospects
Your expertise, your newly acquired scientific skills and versatility will allow you to access a wide variety of professional activities in the public or private sector, in industry or the service sector, in Switzerland or abroad. Your prospective employers are primarily design offices, engineering consultants or environmental engineering firms. You also have the opportunity to work in public administration (sanitation, energy, mobility, spatial planning, etc.), in small or large companies or in environmental protection institutions (technical cooperation...). Finally, you may also decide to satisfy your scientific curiosity by embarking on a doctoral thesis.