

# School of Life Sciences (SV) 

## GENDER MONITORING EPFL 2015-2016

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## LEAKY PIPELINE

The "Leaky Pipeline" presents an overview, at a given time, of the share of women and men at different stages of the academic trajectory. The graph below gathers data from SV School for the years 2010 and 2015.

The percentages of women and men among Bachelor and Master students have hardly changed and are around $50 \%$. The percentage of female PhD students has meanwhile increased from 46\% in 2010 to 54\% in 2015.

The percentages of scientific collaborators (excluding assistants) in SV have slightly changed between 2010 and 2015. Women account for $41 \%$ in 2010 and $38 \%$ in 2015. In 2010 and in 2015, there aren't any MER woman in SV. This staff category displays a very low headcount (2 FTE in 2005, 5 FTE in 2015).

Among PATT in SV, the percentage of women is $33 \%$ in 2010 and in 2015.

At PA level, the percentage of women has increased from $13 \%$ in 2010 to $28 \%$ in 2015. The percentage of women among PO has increased from 12\% in 2010 to 13\% in 2015.

Leaky Pipeline, EPFL, School of Life Sciences, 2010 and 2015


## BACHELOR STUDENTS

Students, number and \%, School of Life Sciences, Bachelor, 2005-2015


Percentage per nationality and residence, School of Life Sciences, Ba-
chelor, 2005-2015


The number of Bachelor students in SV has increased from 260 in 2005 to 519 in 2015. The increase has been higher on the female students' side (factor 2.4) than on the male students' side (factor 1.7). The percentage of female Bachelor students in SV has increased from 42\% in 2005 to $50 \%$ in 2015

The majority of female and male students in SV are of Swiss origin (= Swiss nationals or schooled in Switzerland). The Bachelor students' population in SV has become increasingly internationalized. Among women the percentage of Swiss students is $55 \%$ in 2015 against $81 \%$ in 2005. The percentage of Swiss male Bachelor students is $66 \%$ in 2015 against 91\% in 2005.

The proportion of women among Swiss students has increased from $38 \%$ in 2005 to $45 \%$ in 2015. As for foreign students, the share of women has evolved from $64 \%$ in 2005 to $56 \%$ in 2015.

The number of Master students has increased from 53 in 2006 to 231 in 2015. During this period, the percentage of female Master students has fluctuated between $45 \%$ and $51 \%$, with an average rate of $48 \%$.

Between 2006 and 2015 the male and female Master students' population in SV has become increasingly internationalized. In 2015, 53\% of female students and $48 \%$ of male students are coming from countries other than Switzerland.

The proportion of women among Swiss Master students in SV has fluctuated between $42 \%$ and $51 \%$ and among foreign Master students between $43 \%$ and $63 \%$.

Students, number and \%, School of Life Sciences, Master, 2005-2015


Percentage per nationality and residence, School of Life Sciences, Master, 2005-2015


## PhD STUDENTS

Students, number and \%, School of Life Sciences, Doctorate, 2005-2015


Percentage per nationality and residence, School of Life Sciences, Doctorate, 2005-2015


The number of PhD students has increased from 100 in 2005 to 259 in 2015. The number of female PhD students has increased more during this period than the number of male PhD students. The percentage of female PhD students has risen from 39\% in 2005 to 54\% in 2015.

The majority of PhD students are coming from countries other than Switzerland (= of foreign nationality and schooled abroad). Among female PhD students, the share of citizens from countries other than Switzerland is $67 \%$ in 2005 and $74 \%$ in 2015. Among male PhD students this percentage evolves from 67\% in 2005 to 63\% in 2015.

Among Swiss PhD students (= Swiss nationals or schooled in Switzerland), the proportion of women fluctuates between $30 \%$ and $48 \%$. Among foreign PhD students, the proportion of women fluctuates between $39 \%$ and $57 \%$.

## SCIENTIFIC COLLABORATORS

The headcount of scientific collaborators (excluding assistants) has increased from 36.5 FTE in 2005 to 232.5 FTE in 2015. The percentage of women fluctuates between $33 \%$ and $47 \%$ during this period, with an average rate of $40 \%$. It is at $38 \%$ in 2015.

The headcount of MER in SV is very small. It consisted of 1.9 FTE in 2008 and 5 FTE in 2015. Except for 2008 and 2009, there are no women among MER.

Scientific collaborators, number and \%, School of Life Sciences, 20052015


Senior scientists (MER), number and \%, School of Life Sciences, 20052015


Tenure Track Assistant Professors, School of Life Sciences, FTE and \%, 2005-2015


Associate Professors and Full Professors, School of Life Sciences, FTE and \%, 2005-2015


Percentage of women in professorial positions, School of Life Sciences,


The headcount of PATT comprises between 9 and 13 FTE during the period from 2005 to 2015. The percentage of FTE among PATT ranges between $8 \%$ and $42 \%$ and is on average $30 \%$.

The headcount of PO and PA has increased from 11.7 FTE in 2005 to 33.3 FTE in 2015. The percentage of women professors has risen from $7 \%$ in 2006 to $20 \%$ in 2015.

The headcount of adjunct professors and of Swiss National Science Foundation-funded professors are very low and do not exceed 4 FTE for the former and 2.9 FTE for the latter.

The headcount of PO has increased from 6.7 FTE in 2005 to 18.8 FTE in 2015. The percentage of women among PO fluctuates. The percentage is at a higher level between 2011 and 2015 compared to the period 2005 to 2010 .

The headcount of PA has increased from 5 FTE in 2005 to 14.5 FTE in 2015. The percentage of women among PA fluctuates but reaches with $28 \%$ in 2015 an increasing rate compared to the $20 \%$ of 2005.

## ABBREVIATIONS AND TECHNICAL NOTES

## Data

Data has been provided by the Budget and Planning Manager, attached to the Vice Presidency for Resources and Infrastructure. Most data are available online at vppl.epfl.ch/figures

## Students

Data on students are established approximately seven weeks after the start of the fall semester.
BSc - Bachelor of Science
MSc - Master of Science
PhD - EPFL PhD students
Place of education - refers to the distinction from the Federal Office of Statistics between Swiss students and citizens of another nationality who have been schooled in Switzerland, and foreign students who have been schooled abroad
CH + residents - Swiss students and foreign citizens living in Switzerland and who have been schooled in Switzerland
Non-resident - Foreign students who have been educated abroad

## Staff

Staff data are established at the end of the calendar year, on December 31.
FTE - Full time equivalent
PO - Full professors
PA - Associate professors
PATT - Tenure Track Assistant Professors
PB FN - Swiss National Science Foundation-funded Professors.
PT - Adjunct professors
MER - Senior scientists
Scientific collaborators - Persons hired by EPFL after a PhD or equivalent professional experience, assuming training and research missions.
Technical staff - employees of a unit responsible of technical tasks.
Administrative staff - employees of a unit responsible of administrative tasks

## Schools and sections

SV - School of Life Sciences

